



Neosho Police Department

David McCracken Chief of Police

2010

I present for your review the 2010 report of activity of the Neosho Police Department. This report is our yearly effort to provide you with an overview of the department's activities. If you would like any additional information about the operation of our department, or Neosho's crime rate and trends, I would be happy to provide such information.

This has been a difficult year city wide. The Police Department has seen its staff reduced by 50% and continued to experience the same calls for service and workload. We have gone from a pro-active to a reactive department who had to adjust our methods of operation as well as our work schedule to maintain the proper service to our citizen.

Our goal was and continues to be to provide a feeling of safety and security for all our citizens and provide the best service possible within the limits of our resources.

A Brief History

When I was appointed Police Chief in **1994** the department was staffed with 18 police officers and two and one half clerks. Today we find our department staffed with 12 police officers and one clerk. The population has increased and the calls for service continue to increase each year. We have Increase the number of calls for service an officer handles per month from 85.7 to 142.1.

To illustrate this, according to the uniform crime reporting standards¹, the national average for the Midwest is 3.0 officers per thousand populations. Prior to 2010 we were staffed at 2.3 officers per thousand after the layoffs we find ourselves at 1.24 per one thousand, which is approximately 50% per cent reduction in law enforcement officers for our community. This does not include the day time population for Neosho which is estimated at 15,812². This puts our ratio at 0.89 officers per one thousand people during normal business days.

The Department is now managed by a Chief of Police and four Sergeants who serve as first line supervisor on the four twelve hour shifts staffed by two patrol officers. This is assuming we have no one on vacation, sick, training or off for other reasons. Before we had staffed the patrol shifts with a minimum of four officers on each shift. Now we staff the street with three Officers this includes the supervisor.

In addition we had two Detectives working investigations resulting from our crime reports and drug cases. We now have no detectives and all investigations are done by the officers working the streets.

¹ Uniform Crime Reporting Statistics table for 2009 (Police and Uniformed Services)

² Population estimate provided by the U.S. Census Bureau for 2009 11,255, Day time population at 15,812

Some of the changes we have done to cope with reduced staff

1. Discontinued the investigate of non-injury accidents (per State Law)
2. Discontinued the investigation private property accidents
3. Closed records store front to half days
4. Discontinued the criminal investigations unit
5. Assigned most major investigations to Newton County Sheriff's Detectives
6. Eliminated follow up investigations of non felony crimes
7. Instituted a self reporting procedure for certain calls
8. Limited extradition on warrants to Jasper & Newton County only
9. Eliminated animal control response for other than safety issues
10. Discontinued career path training for our Officers
11. Discontinued some record services
12. Discontinued Special Response Team
13. Discontinued long term drug investigations

Required elements:

- Provide the most basic of police protection services as required by law
- Respond to all calls for assistance from the community as rapidly as possible and providing the best quality service possible.
- Maintain proficiency in providing services such as criminal investigation, report writing, and maintaining order.
- **Understanding failure to reduce services will cause officers to be unable to perform these basic elements.**

Some results and effects of reduced staffing

To measure the effects of the layoffs is not as simple as adding up the numbers.

In many ways, 2010 was going to be ground breaking in reducing crime in Neosho. We were on pace to have the lowest overall crime since the department began reporting in 1994 to the city leadership.

Since improving working conditions, number of police personnel and training, the department has held a steady downward decline in crime. Since 2000, the department has not had back to back years of increase in major criminal activity.

Since the staff reductions, the department has seen disturbing trends in rise in criminal activity. For instance since the layoffs, our agency has seen a 140% increase in the average number of vehicle stolen per month, 30% increase in burglaries, and a 66% increase in stealing from vehicle.

While the overall averages on our totals are only slightly higher than last year, it should be noted that previously we were significantly lower in nearly all major categories. It is our belief that we were on a path to the lowest crime rate in 16 years.

We have seen a change in the type and frequency of crime with property crimes becoming a big concern at this time. I believe this is directly due to our inability to patrol the streets and provide a presence in the residential areas as we did before.

It remains to be seen where these rates will go in the coming year. I will say our ability to solve a large percentage of these crimes will serve as a deterrent.

Summary

The Police department has made the commitment that we would continue to provide the same quality service as we did with a full staff. While we may not be able to do the quantity of work as in the past, the quality will be the very best possible.

Our department values have not changed and commitment was and still is to:

Preserve: life and property from criminal and negligent elements within the community, and

Promote: a higher quality of living and a safe place to conduct business, and

Provide: a feeling of security, safety, and education for all members of our community.

These values can only be done by providing the basic services in a professional manner. We have established our priorities so that we are able to respond to calls and provide a good response times based on the nature of the call. While the response times are no doubt longer overall we still maintain excellent response times to those types of calls requiring immediate attention in the preservation of life and property.

Thank you for your continued support!

Neosho Police Department Crime Statistics Reporting

Title: 2010 Year End Crime Statistics Report
 Reporting Period: January 2010 - December 2010 Date Prepared: 1/18/2010

Police Demographic Information

Reported City of Neosho Population: 11,255
(Data obtained from Census / City-Data.com)

Total Number of Sworn Positions: 14
 Total Number of Non-Sworn Members: 1
 Total Number of Police Personnel: 15

Sworn Officer To Neosho Population Ratio: 1.24
 Police Calls for Service for Calendar Year: 15302
 Average Calls for Service Per Patrol Officer: 1912.75

City of Neosho Crime Index

Enter Previous Year Below Enter Current Year Below

		2009	2010	% Difference
Crimes Against Persons	Murder	-	-	-
	Rape	26.51	26.65	1%
	Robbery	44.18	35.54	-24%
	Assault	1,502.16	1,252.78	-20%
Property Crimes	Burglary	494.83	595.29	17%
	Stolen Vehicles	97.20	177.70	45%
	Arson	61.85	-	-
	Larceny	4,011.66	4,211.46	5%
	Property Damage	1,334.28	915.15	-46%
Totals		7,572.67	7,214.57	-5%

City of Neosho Crime Index Summary

2009 Total Crimes Against Persons Index was: 1,572.85
2010 Total Crimes Against Persson Index is: 1,314.97

2009 Total Property Crimes was: 5,999.82
2010 Total Property Crimes is: 5,899.60

Overall violent crimes was: -20% Lower Than the 2009 Year.
 Overall property crimes was: -2% Lower Than the 2009 Year.
 Overall Crime Reported to Police was -5% Lower Than the 2009 Year.

Prepared by: _____ Date: _____
Chief of Police

Neosho Police Department Police Personnel Report

Sworn Police Personnel

DSN	Position	Rank	Name	Neosho Exp.	Other Agency Exp	Total Police Experience
101	C	Chief Of Police	David McCracken	16	22	38
102			Not Filled			
103	S	Sergeant I	David Kennedy	12	6	18
104	S	Sergeant I	Jason Baird	14		14
105	S	Sergeant I	Peter Russell	10		10
106	S	Sergeant I	Bobby Brown	9	0.3	9.3
107	S	Corporal I	Ericson Mathew	4		4
108		Corporal	Laid Off Position			
109		Corporal	Laid Off Position			
110		Corporal	Laid Off Position			
111	P	Patrolman II	Reece Himmelsbach	3		3
112	P	Patrolman III	Rusty Schlessman	9	5	14
113		Patrolman	Laid Off Position			
115		Patrolman	Laid Off Position			
116	P	Patrolman II	Juan Salazar	2		2
117	P	Patrolman III	Robert Sharp			
118		Patrolman	Laid Off Position	5		5
119	P	Patrolman III	Brandon Beshears	5	16	21
120		Patrolman	Laid Off Position			
121	P	Patrolman II	Bradley Fienen	1.5	6	7.5
122	P	Patrolman III	Johnny Humphries	5		5
123		Patrolman	Laid Off Position			
124		Patrolman	Laid Off Position			
125		Patrolman	Laid Off Position			
126			Unused Number			
127	P	Patrolman I	Trent Gold	1	1.25	2.25
131		Detective	Laid Off Position			
132		Detective	Laid Off Position			

Non-Sworn Police Personnel

DSN	Position	Rank	Name	Longevity
135		Animal Control	Laid Off Position	
160		Administrative Asst.	Laid Off Position	
161	A	Records Clerk	Melissa Lewis	3
162		Records Clerk	Laid Off Position	

Legend: Position Description

C = Command
S = Supervisor
P = Patrol
A = Administrative
D = Detective

Position	Avg. Neosho Exp.	Avg. Other Agency	Overall Police Experience
Command (Qty. 1)	16.00	22	38
Supervisor (Qty. 5)	9.80	3.15	11.06
Patrol Personnel (Qty. 8)	3.79	7.06	7.82
Detective Division (Qty. 0)	-	-	-
Administrative (Qty. 1)	3.00	N/A	N/A
All Sworn Personnel (Qty. 14)	6.89	8.08	10.93

Previous Years Crime Reporting Statistics

Miscellaneous Reporting

Criteria	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Total
Calls for Service	1657	1712	1911	1672	1869	1880	1641	1643	1510	1527	1436	1325	19783
UTTS	302	338	286	306	303	328	256	244	206	209	201	225	3204
Warnings	346	337	305	233	273	245	204	189	171	112	161	155	2731
Accidents	28	20	26	22	31	22	18	26	29	33	24	24	303
DWI	9	15	6	18	5	16	13	5	3	10	11	10	121
DWS	7	7	7	9	6	8	11	3	6	2	9	1	76

Criminal Offenses Known to the Police

	Criminal Homicide	Manslaughter by Negligence	Foricble Rape	Robbery	Assault	Burglary	Larceny - Theft Total	Motor Vehicle Theft	Arson	Totals
January	0	0	0	1	7	2	30	3	0	43
February	0	0	0	0	12	5	43	0	0	60
March	0	0	0	0	19	3	50	1	0	73
April	0	0	0	1	11	10	33	2	1	58
May	0	0	0	0	15	3	38	1	1	58
June	0	0	0	0	18	4	33	0	1	56
July	0	0	0	0	17	2	39	1	2	61
August	0	0	1	0	18	1	48	2	1	71
September	0	0	1	0	19	10	38	0	0	68
October	0	0	1	1	14	3	38	0	0	57
November	0	0	0	1	13	7	33	0	1	55
December	0	0	0	1	7	6	31	1	0	46
Totals	0	0	3	5	170	56	454	11	7	699

Criminal Investigations Cleared

	Criminal Homicide	Manslaughter by Negligence	Foricble Rape	Robbery	Assault	Burglary	Larceny - Theft Total	Motor Vehicle Theft	Arson	Totals
January	0	0	0	1	7	0	21	0	0	29
February	0	0	0	0	12	1	23	0	0	36
March	0	0	0	0	19	2	29	1	0	51
April	0	0	0	1	11	0	18	0	0	30
May	0	0	0	0	15	1	22	1	0	39
June	0	0	0	0	18	1	15	0	0	34
July	0	0	0	0	17	0	15	0	0	32
August	0	0	1	0	18	0	23	1	0	43
September	0	0	1	0	19	4	12	1	1	38
October	0	0	1	1	15	2	20	0	0	39
November	0	0	0	1	13	2	15	0	0	31
December	0	0	0	0	6	0	15	0	0	21
Totals	0	0	3	4	170	13	228	4	1	422

NEOSHO POLICE DEPARTMENT Part 1 Reported Offenses

Criminal Offenses Known to the Police

	Criminal Homicide	Manslaughter by Negligence	Forcible Rape	Robbery	Assault	Burglary	Larceny - Theft Total	Motor Vehicle Theft	Arson	Totals
January	0	0	0	0	14	6	25	1	0	46
February	0	0	0	0	9	2	28	0	0	39
March	0	0	0	1	11	6	40	0	0	58
April	0	0	0	0	20	3	32	3	0	58
May	0	0	0	0	4	7	44	2	0	57
June	0	0	1	0	14	5	54	0	0	74
July	0	0	0	0	14	6	43	1	0	64
August	0	0	1	0	11	6	42	2	0	62
September	0	0	0	1	7	5	45	5	0	63
October	0	0	0	0	10	8	44	3	0	65
November	0	0	0	0	13	5	41	1	0	60
December	0	0	1	2	14	8	36	2	0	63
Totals	0	0	3	4	141	67	474	20	0	709

Criminal Investigations Cleared

	Criminal Homicide	Manslaughter by Negligence	Forcible Rape	Robbery	Assault	Burglary	Larceny - Theft Total	Motor Vehicle Theft	Arson	Totals
January	0	0	0	0	10	0	10	0	0	20
February	0	0	0	0	9	0	11	0	0	20
March	0	0	0	0	10	1	19	0	0	30
April	0	0	0	0	17	0	31	0	0	48
May	0	0	0	0	5	1	22	0	0	28
June	0	0	1	0	13	1	21	0	0	36
July	0	0	0	0	12	0	16	1	0	29
August	0	0	0	0	11	2	15	0	0	28
September	0	0	0	0	5	2	14	1	0	22
October	0	0	0	0	9	1	22	0	0	32
November	0	0	0	0	9	1	21	0	0	31
December	0	0	0	1	11	4	22	0	0	38
Totals	0	0	1	1	121	13	224	2	0	362

Property Stolen Classification

Number of Actual Offenses

	Robbery							Burglary						Grand Totals
	Highway	Commerical House	Gas Station	Convenience Store	Residence	Bank	Miscellaneous	Residence Night (6p.m. - 6a.m.)	Residence Day (6a.m. - 6p.m.)	Residence - Unknown	Non-Residence (6p.m. - 6a.m.)	Non-Residence (6a.m. - 6p.m.)	Unknown	
January	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	4
February	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	2
March	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	1	2	6
April	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	3
May	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	5	7
June	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	2	5
July	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	3	6
August	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	0	2	6
September	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	2	6
October	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	3	0	3	8
November	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	4	5
December	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	3	2	0	1	9
Totals	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	5	2	17	10	2	28	67

Total Property Loss Per Classification (In whole dollar value)

	Robbery							Burglary						Grand Totals
	Highway	Commerical House	Gas Station	Convenience Store	Residence	Bank	Miscellaneous	Residence Night (6p.m. - 6a.m.)	Residence Day (6a.m. - 6p.m.)	Residence - Unknown	Non-Residence (6p.m. - 6a.m.)	Non-Residence (6a.m. - 6p.m.)	Unknown	
January	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$200.00	\$200.00
February	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$3,000.00	\$3,000.00
March	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$245.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$30.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$1,385.00	\$1,660.00
April	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$1,908.00	\$0.00	\$189.00	\$0.00	\$2,097.00
May	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$17,672.00	\$17,672.00
June	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$1,738.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$3,999.00	\$5,737.00
July	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$387.00	\$95.00	\$0.00	\$1,221.00	\$1,703.00
August	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$16.00	\$804.00	\$17.00	\$0.00	\$20,444.00	\$21,281.00
September	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$700.00	\$0.00	\$206,412.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$56.00	\$207,168.00
October	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$42.00	\$1,100.00	\$0.00	\$11,957.00	\$13,099.00
November	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$1,860.00	\$1,860.00
December	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$105.00	\$410.00	\$0.00	\$1,200.00	\$27,323.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$29,038.00
Totals	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$350.00	\$1,110.00	\$16.00	\$212,521.00	\$28,535.00	\$189.00	\$61,794.00	\$304,515.00

Analysis of Larceny and Motor Vehicle Theft

Number of Actual Offenses

	Larceny - By Category									Grand Totals
	Pocket Picking	Purse Snatching	Shoplifting	From Motor Vehicle	Motor Vehicle Parts	Bicycles	From Building	Coin-Operated Machines	All Others	
January	0	0	9	6	0	0	5	0	5	25
February	0	0	4	6	0	0	6	0	12	28
March	0	0	15	5	0	0	4	0	15	39
April	1	0	10	9	0	2	4	0	5	31
May	0	0	19	5	1	0	4	0	15	44
June	1	0	12	19	0	1	6	1	13	53
July	0	0	9	16	0	1	6	0	9	41
August	0	1	13	10	0	2	6	0	10	42
September	0	0	13	15	0	0	6	0	11	45
October	0	0	20	10	0	1	10	0	2	43
November	0	0	18	8	0	0	6	0	9	41
December	0	0	18	5	1	0	5	0	7	36
Totals	2	1	160	114	2	7	68	1	113	468

Total Property Loss Per Classification (In whole dollar value)

	Larceny - By Category									Grand Totals
	Pocket Picking	Purse Snatching	Shoplifting	From Motor Vehicle	Motor Vehicle Parts	Bicycles	From Building	Coin-Operated Machines	All Others	
January	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$923.00	\$1,561.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$7,389.00	\$0.00	\$33,593.00	\$43,466.00
February	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$407.00	\$19,789.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$1,415.00	\$0.00	\$1,516.00	\$23,127.00
March	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$729.00	\$523.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$592.00	\$0.00	\$3,668.00	\$5,512.00
April	\$200.00	\$0.00	\$485.00	\$2,733.00	\$0.00	\$75.00	\$2,586.00	\$0.00	\$4,244.00	\$10,323.00
May	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$1,990.00	\$561.00	\$20.00	\$0.00	\$195.00	\$0.00	\$5,608.00	\$8,374.00
June	\$21.00	\$0.00	\$1,108.00	\$6,485.00	\$0.00	\$50.00	\$3,606.00	\$15.00	\$5,477.00	\$16,762.00
July	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$1,441.00	\$1,628.00	\$0.00	\$50.00	\$18,508.00	\$0.00	\$71,482.00	\$93,109.00
August	\$0.00	\$158.00	\$393.00	\$2,824.00	\$0.00	\$170.00	\$822.00	\$0.00	\$5,995.00	\$10,362.00
September	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$520.00	\$8,126.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$2,290.00	\$0.00	\$9,541.00	\$20,477.00
October	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$1,433.00	\$1,009.00	\$0.00	\$90.00	\$1,668.00	\$0.00	\$1,645.00	\$5,845.00
November	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$413.00	\$1,323.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$2,550.00	\$0.00	\$1,995.00	\$6,281.00
December	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$2,628.00	\$1,027.00	\$450.00	\$0.00	\$449.00	\$0.00	\$14,734.00	\$19,288.00
Totals	\$221.00	\$158.00	\$12,470.00	\$47,589.00	\$470.00	\$435.00	\$42,070.00	\$15.00	\$159,498.00	\$262,926.00

Monetary Loss by Porperty Type

	Monetary value of property stolen											Grand Totals
	Currency, Notes, Etc	Jerelery and Previous Metals	Clothing and Furs	Locally Stolen Motor Vehicle	Office Equipment	Television, Radios, Stereos etc.	Firearms	Household Goods	Consumable Goods	Livestock	Miscellaneous	
January	\$20,502.00	\$0.00	\$256.00	\$3,250.00	\$50.00	\$1,517.00	\$0.00	\$7,315.00	\$94.00	\$0.00	\$13,932.00	\$46,916.00
February	\$2,636.00	\$0.00	\$690.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$15,282.00	\$0.00	\$300.00	\$2,705.00	\$0.00	\$4,514.00	\$26,127.00
March	\$1,389.00	\$200.00	\$184.00	\$0.00	\$150.00	\$418.00	\$0.00	\$2.00	\$266.00	\$0.00	\$4,563.00	\$7,172.00
April	\$618.00	\$900.00	\$906.00	\$37,000.00	\$0.00	\$2,540.00	\$2,000.00	\$3,193.00	\$744.00	\$0.00	\$1,519.00	\$49,420.00
May	\$785.00	\$870.00	\$221.00	\$4,000.00	\$0.00	\$6,062.00	\$0.00	\$15.00	\$566.00	\$0.00	\$17,527.00	\$30,046.00
June	\$3,506.00	\$239.00	\$660.00	\$6,500.00	\$500.00	\$4,002.00	\$0.00	\$1,560.00	\$1,900.00	\$0.00	\$10,132.00	\$28,999.00
July	\$8,894.00	\$90.00	\$510.00	\$3,000.00	\$0.00	\$1,257.00	\$0.00	\$758.00	\$60,023.00	\$0.00	\$23,280.00	\$97,812.00
August	\$4,003.00	\$0.00	\$404.00	\$0.00	\$123.00	\$3,794.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$237.00	\$0.00	\$23,082.00	\$31,643.00
September	\$208,818.00	\$2,783.00	\$711.00	\$9,300.00	\$0.00	\$2,450.00	\$400.00	\$5.00	\$335.00	\$0.00	\$12,143.00	\$236,945.00
October	\$689.00	\$518.00	\$474.00	\$14,700.00	\$1,131.00	\$2,095.00	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$354.00	\$0.00	\$13,483.00	\$33,644.00
November	\$1,575.00	\$1,705.00	\$327.00	\$1,200.00	\$0.00	\$605.00	\$0.00	\$312.00	\$200.00	\$0.00	\$3,417.00	\$9,341.00
December	\$597.00	\$0.00	\$554.00	\$2,000.00	\$1,390.00	\$6,747.00	\$0.00	\$329.00	\$112.00	\$0.00	\$38,597.00	\$50,326.00
Totals	\$254,012.00	\$7,305.00	\$5,897.00	\$80,950.00	\$3,344.00	\$46,769.00	\$2,500.00	\$13,889.00	\$67,536.00	\$0.00	\$166,189.00	\$648,391.00

	Stolen Motor Vehicles			
	Stolen & Recovered Locally	Stollen Locally-Recovered by Another Jurisdiction	Total Locally Stolen Vehicle Recovered	Stolen In Other Jurisdiction & Recovered Locally
January	0	0	0	0
February	0	0	0	0
March	0	0	0	0
April	2	1	3	0
May	0	0	0	0
June	0	0	0	0
July	0	1	1	0
August	0	0	0	0
September	1	2	3	0
October	1	0	1	0
November	0	0	0	0
December	0	0	0	0
Totals	4	4	8	0

UCR Part II Reported Offenses

Total Number of Actual Offenses

	Forgery & Counterfeiting	Fraud	Embezzlement	Receiving Stolen Property	Vandalism	Weapons, Carrying, Possess, etc.	Prostitution and Sex Offenses	Commercialized Vice	Drug Abuse Violations	Gambling Total	Offenses Against the Family	Driving Under the Influence	Liquor Laws	Drunkenness	Disorderly conduct	Vagrancy	All other Offenses	Grand Totals
January	3	3	0	0	6	0	0	2	16	0	2	5	2	0	14	0	13	66
February	2	4	0	0	4	0	0	4	13	0	3	7	0	0	14	0	14	65
March	7	1	0	0	7	0	0	0	18	0	3	5	2	0	17	0	19	79
April	0	1	2	0	16	0	0	0	12	0	0	7	2	0	18	0	18	76
May	1	2	0	0	11	0	0	0	13	0	3	7	2	0	19	0	11	69
June	8	4	0	0	11	0	0	3	13	0	2	4	1	0	19	0	12	77
July	6	6	0	1	12	0	0	3	2	0	0	12	1	0	19	0	12	74
August	3	3	1	0	8	0	0	0	3	0	1	6	0	0	13	0	9	47
September	0	1	0	1	8	0	0	1	6	0	2	8	0	0	15	0	13	55
October	3	5	0	1	7	0	0	2	5	0	3	8	1	0	4	0	11	50
November	5	3	0	0	7	0	0	0	5	0	1	7	0	0	6	0	8	42
December	0	0	0	0	6	1	0	1	3	0	0	4	1	0	11	0	12	39
Totals	38	33	3	3	103	1	0	16	109	0	20	80	12	0	169	0	152	739

Total Number of Cleared Investigations

	Forgery & Counterfeiting	Fraud	Embezzlement	Stolen Property	Vandalism	Weapons, Carrying, Possess, etc.	Prostitution and Sex Offenses	Commercialized Vice	Drug Abuse Violations	Gambling Total	Offenses Against the Family	Driving Under the Influence	Liquor Laws	Drunkenness	Disorderly conduct	Vagrancy	All other Offenses	Grand Totals
January	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	16	0	1	5	2	0	9	0	7	43
February	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	3	13	0	3	7	0	0	11	0	10	50
March	4	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	18	0	3	5	2	0	12	0	9	56
April	0	0	1	0	6	0	0	0	12	0	0	6	2	0	7	0	10	44
May	0	1	0	0	4	0	0	0	13	0	2	7	2	0	8	0	11	48
June	6	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	13	0	0	4	1	0	12	0	6	44
July	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	2	0	0	10	1	0	15	0	7	40
August	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	6	0	0	8	0	5	24
September	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	5	0	1	8	0	0	9	0	12	37
October	1	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	5	0	0	9	1	0	3	0	8	31
November	2	2	0	0	4	0	0	0	5	0	1	7	0	0	2	0	5	28
December	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	3	0	0	4	1	0	6	0	8	24
Totals	14	13	1	2	24	0	0	6	108	0	11	78	12	0	102	0	98	469

Miscellaneous Police Reporting Statistics

	Total Reports	Death Investigations	Stealing From Vehicle	Adult Arrests	Cases to City Court	Cases to County PA	Warrants Served City	Warrants Outside Agency	Juvenile Referrals (Arrests)	Accidents	DWR/S	Citations	Warnings	Domestic Violence	Total Calls For Service	ACO Calls For Service	ACO Calls For Service	ACO Income	ACO Donation
January	209	2	6	84	150	23	19	21	8	24	17	169	118	15	1278	66	0	\$0.00	\$0.00
February	200	3	5	73	151	26	12	35	21	30	14	159	113	20	1126	60	0	\$0.00	\$0.00
March	235	6	4	98	200	33	9	22	11	31	19	197	114	18	1328	72	4	\$0.00	\$0.00
April	249	5	8	117	253	20	18	27	10	35	19	272	156	23	1515	75	0	\$500.00	\$0.00
May	235	3	4	94	223	20	19	21	10	34	31	268	109	16	1412	83	0	\$2,060.00	\$0.00
June	268	3	21	101	263	36	25	21	5	31	21	229	135	23	1470	65	0	\$0.00	\$0.00
July	250	5	15	90	230	16	17	35	2	30	13	181	146	23	1474	31	0	\$0.00	\$0.00
August	185	4	9	72	133	10	12	38	9	25	5	115	56	22	1066	21	0	\$0.00	\$0.00
September	194	0	16	82	153	15	18	34	29	13	9	153	77	14	1127	31	0	\$0.00	\$0.00
October	186	3	10	86	205	17	21	26	17	10	12	224	64	10	1218	36	0	\$0.00	\$0.00
November	186	5	9	80	172	8	15	35	19	17	18	247	57	12	1175	34	0	\$0.00	\$0.00
December	157	0	5	91	202	14	14	48	7	17	15	197	58	17	1113	26	0	\$0.00	\$0.00
Totals	2554	39	112	1068	2335	238	199	363	148	297	193	2411	1203	213	15302	600	4	\$2,560.00	\$0.00

Neosho Police Drug Violations

	Total Methamphetamine Related Cases	Search Warrants	Manufacture	Distribution Controlled Substance	Possession Controlled Substance	Possession Controlled Substance	Possession Controlled Substance (Felony)	Possession Drug Paraphernalia (Misd)	Possession Drug Paraphernalia (Felony)	Possession Drug Paraphernalia (Misd)	Totals
January	2	1	0	4	2	5	1	3			16
February	3	1	1	0	0	2	0	1			5
March	2	2	0	3	1	6	1	4			17
April	6	1	0	2	0	8	1	6			18
May	2	0	0	0	0	3	0	6			9
June	7	5	0	0	1	8	0	5			19
July	6	0	0	0	0	2	0	3			5
August	3	0	0	0	0	4	0	2			6
September	2	1	0	2	0	3	0	4			10
October	4	0	0	0	1	6	0	4			11
November	3	0	1	3	1	3	0	3			11
December	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	2			4
Totals	41	11	2	14	6	52	3	43			131

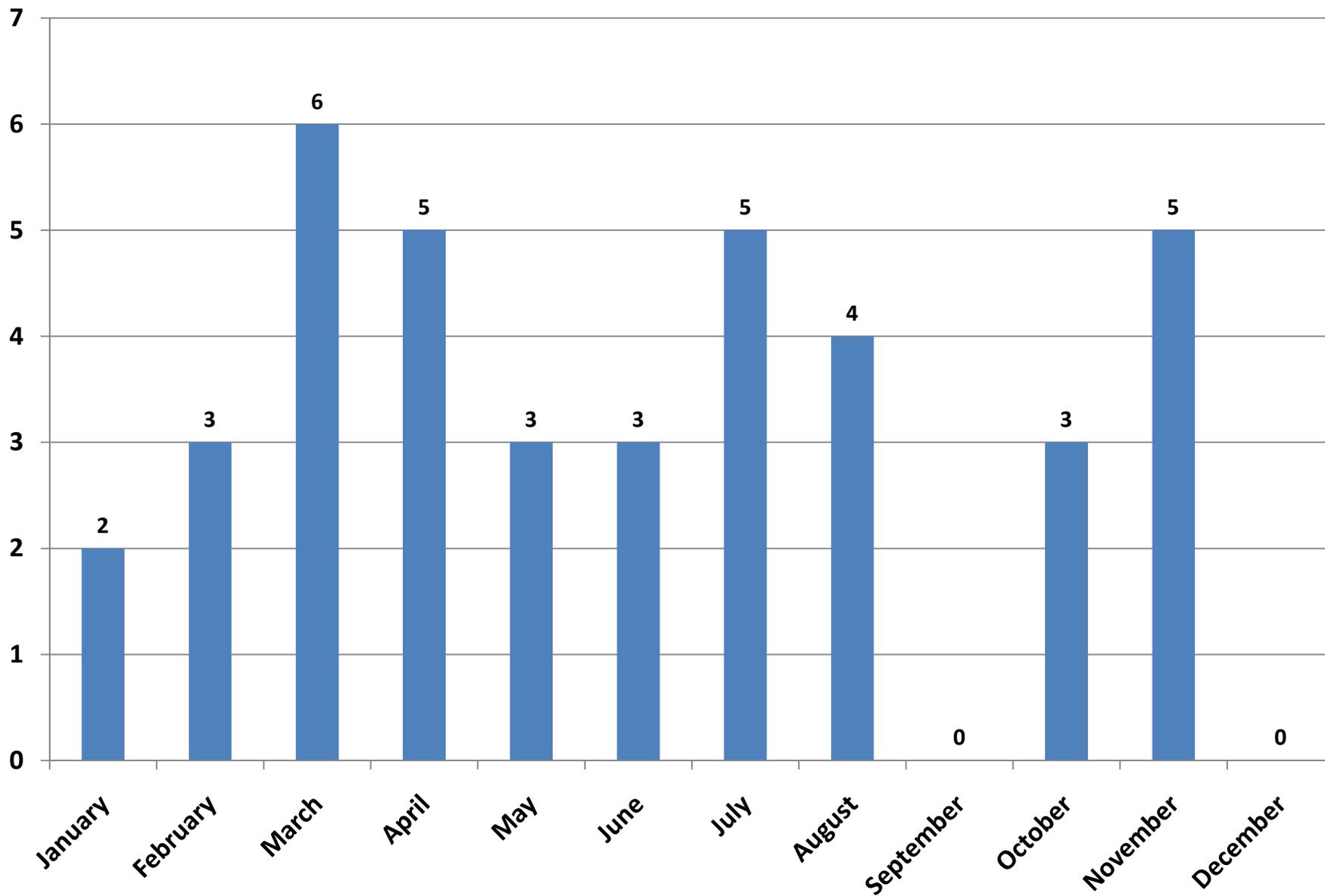
Percentage of Closed Cases

UNIFORMED CRIME REPORTING PART 1 CRIMES			
	Reported	Solved	% Solved
Homicide	0	0	-
Manslaughter	0	0	-
Rape	3	1	33%
Robbery	4	1	25%
Assault	141	121	86%
Burglary	67	13	19%
Larceny	474	224	47%
Stolen Vehicle	20	2	10%
Arson	0	0	-
Total Part 1	709	362	51%

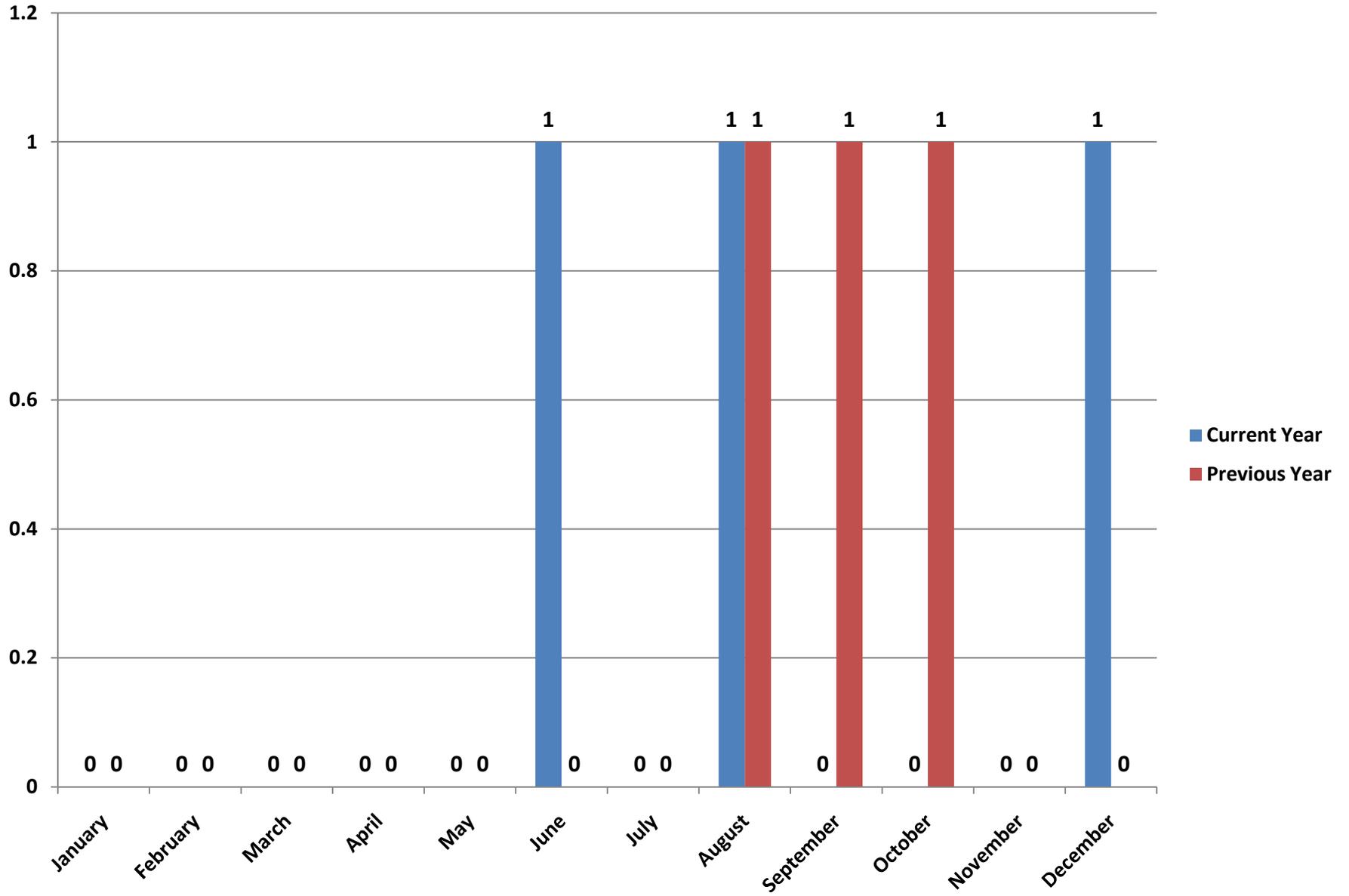
UNIFORMED CRIME REPORTING PART 2 CRIMES			
	Reported	Solved	% Solved
Forgery	38	14	37%
Fraud	33	13	39%
Embezzlement	3	1	33%
Receiving Stolen Property	3	2	67%
Vandalism (Property Damage)	103	24	23%
Weapons Offenses	1	0	0%
Vice (Including Prostitution)	0	0	-
Sex Offenses	16	6	38%
Drug Abuse Violations	109	108	99%
Gambling	0	0	-
Offenses Against Family	20	11	55%
Driving While Intoxicated	80	78	98%
Liquor Laws	12	12	100%
Drunkenness	0	0	-
Disorderly Conduct	169	102	60%
Vagrancy	0	0	-
All Other Offenses	152	98	64%
Total Part 2	739	469	63%

	Reported	Solved	% Solved
Total of All Offenses	1448	831	57%

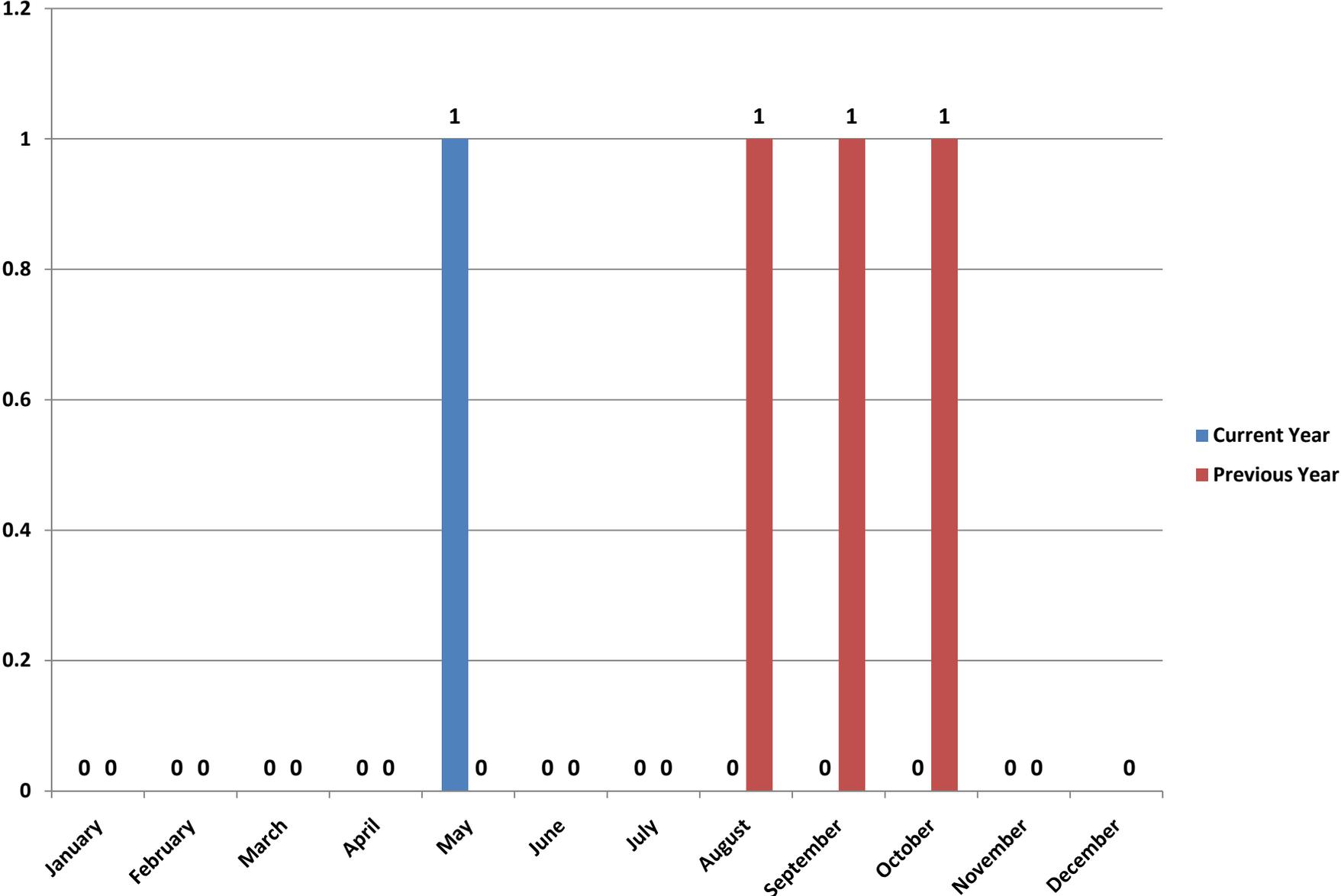
Death Investigations



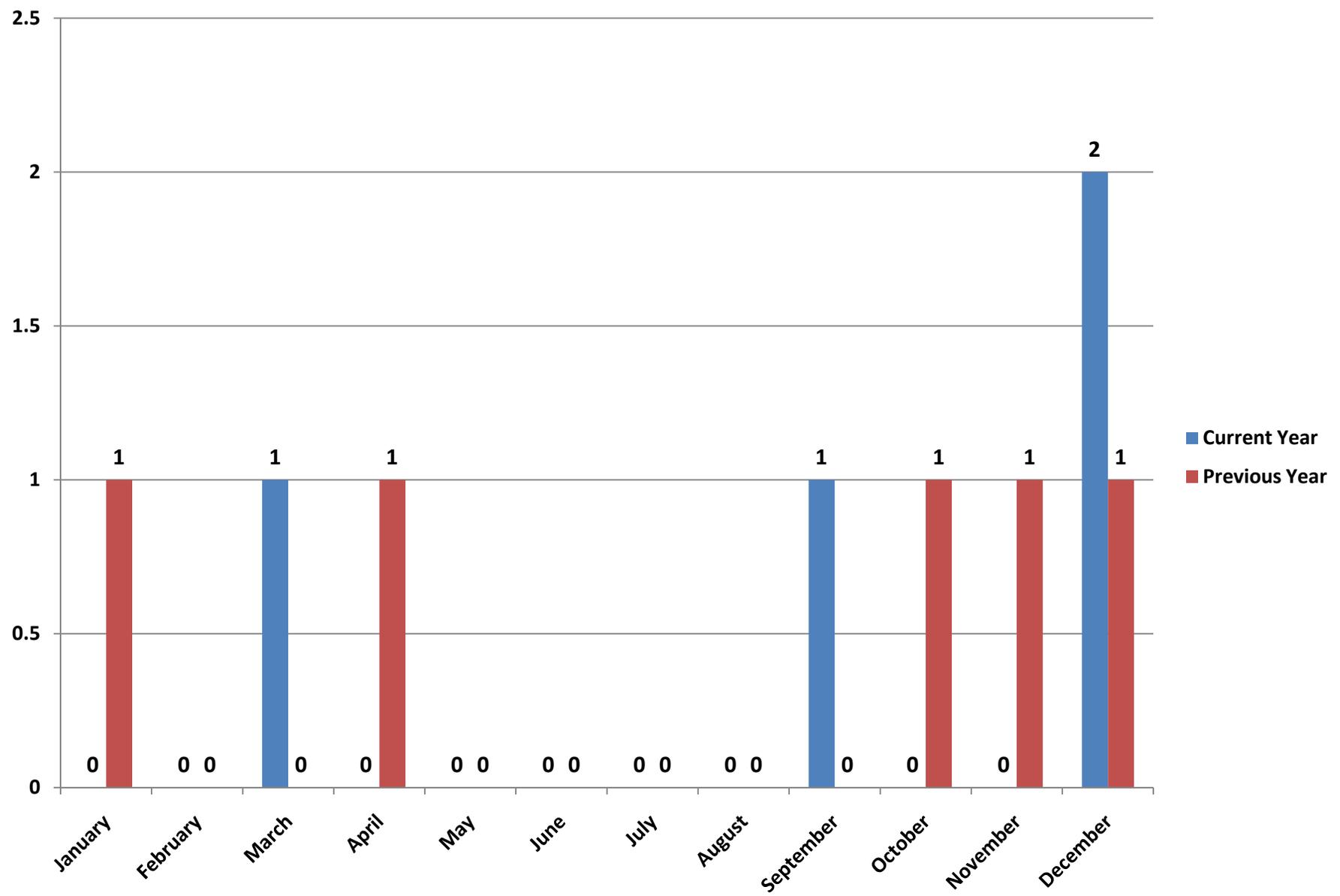
Rape Investigations



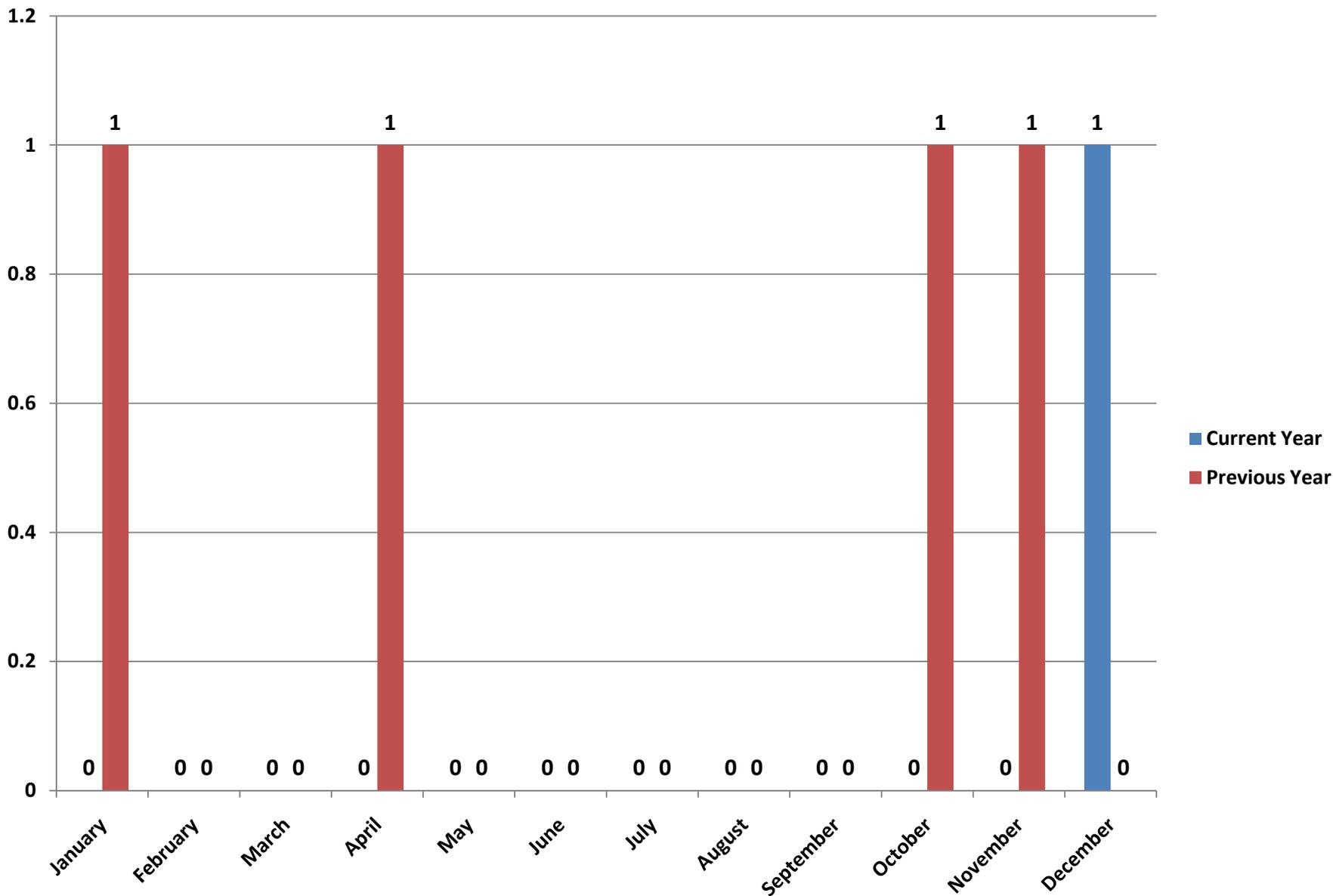
Rape Investigations Solved



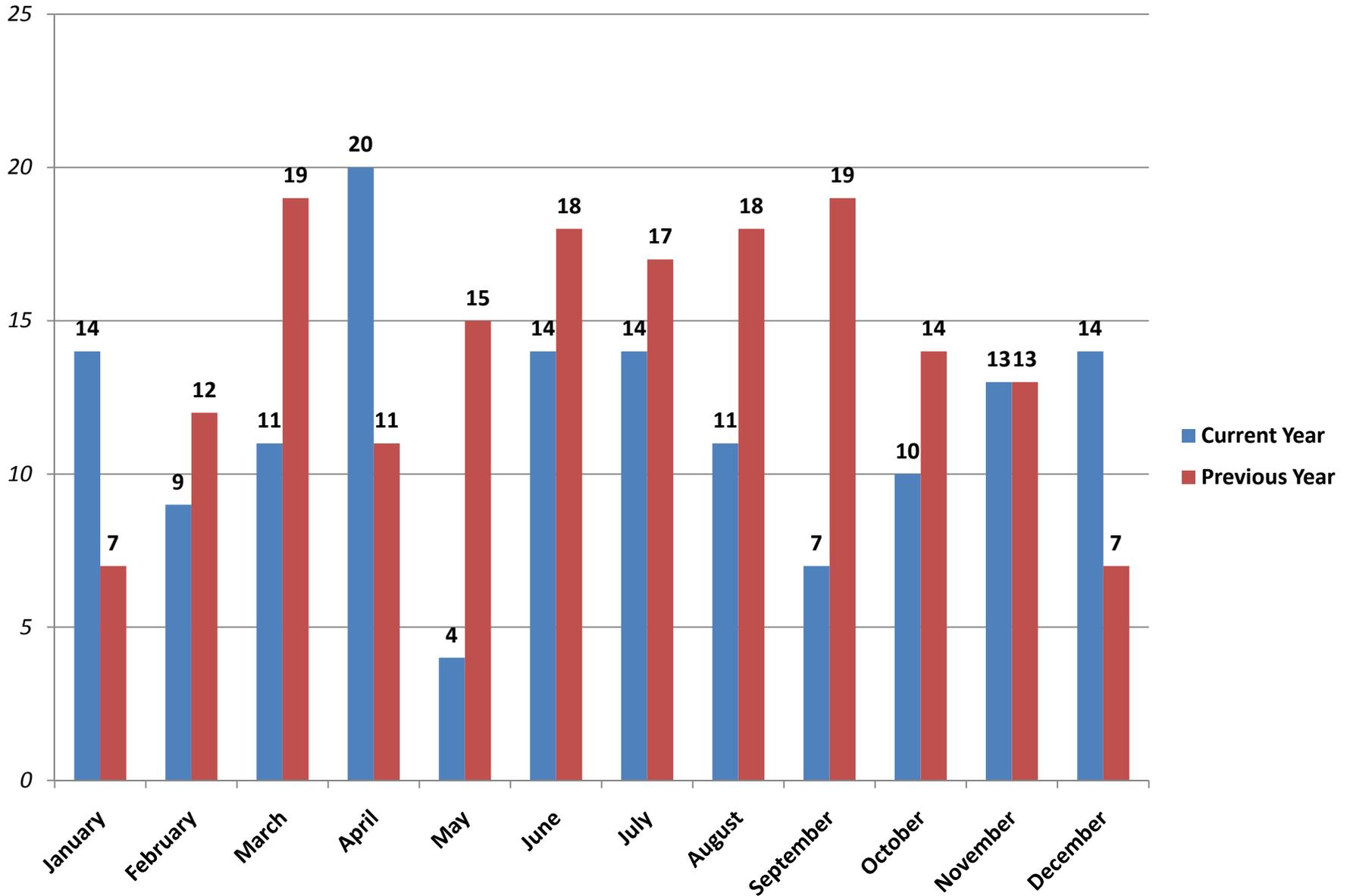
Robbery Invesitgations



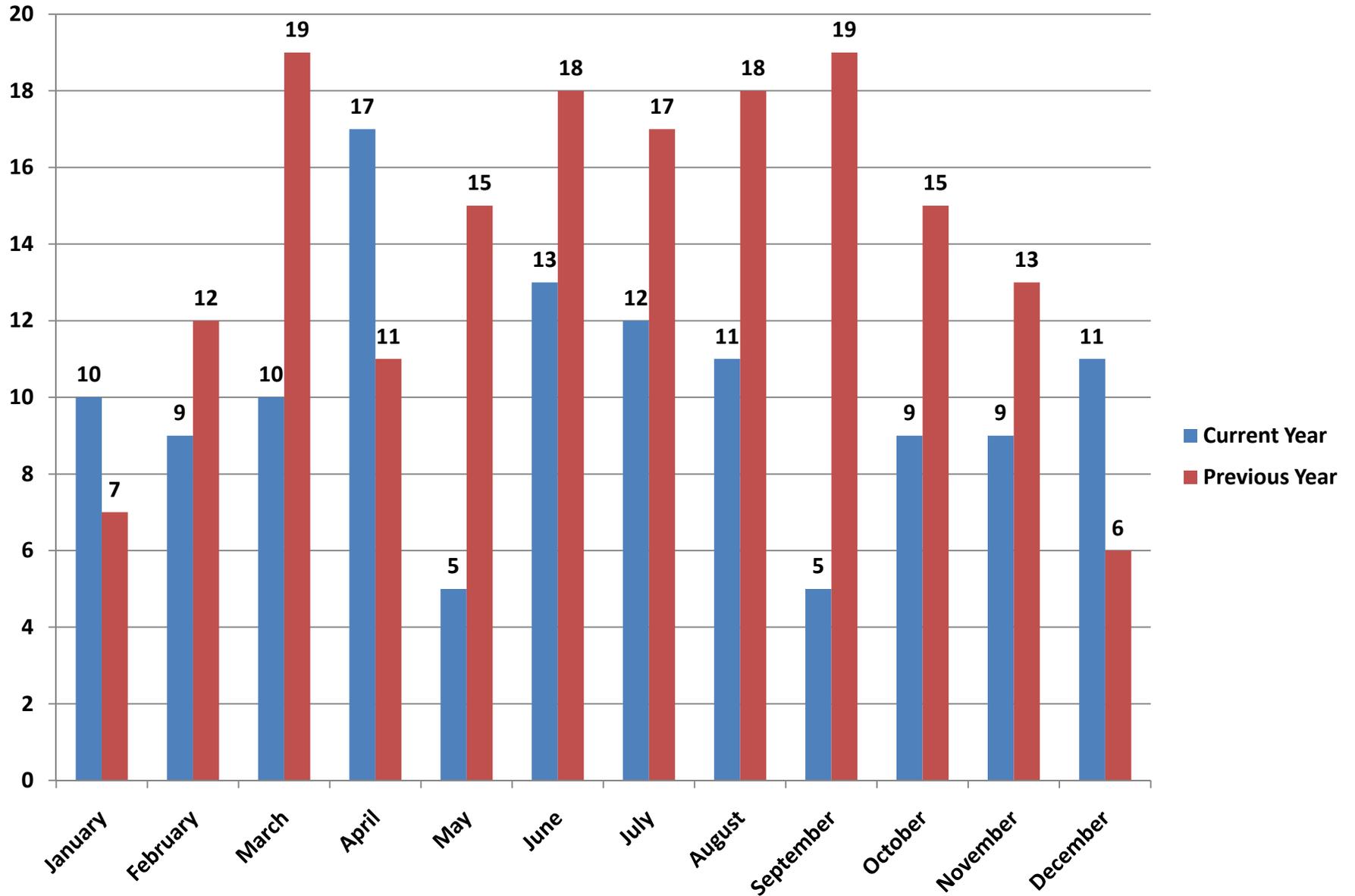
Robbery Investigations Solved



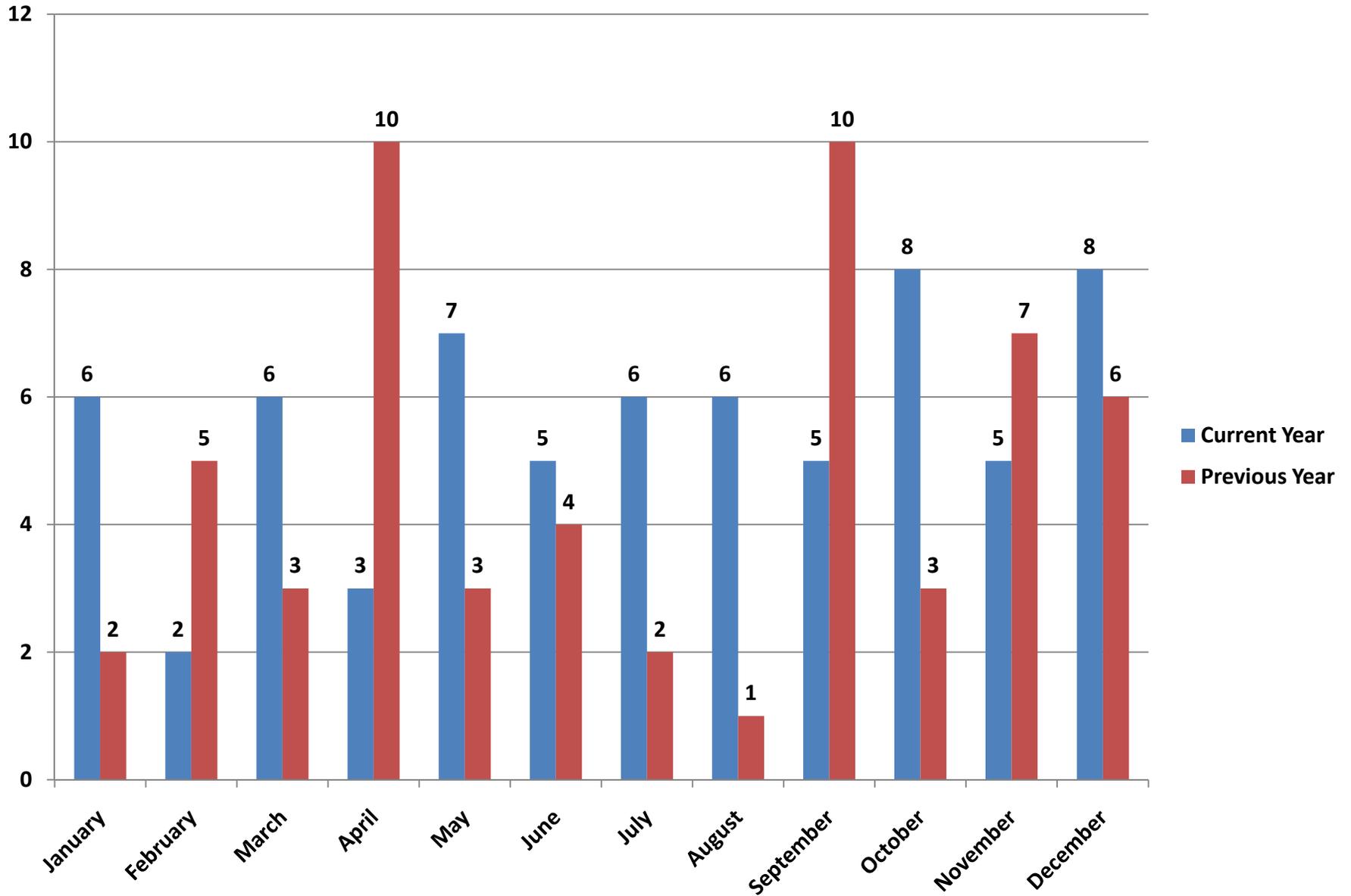
Assault Investigations



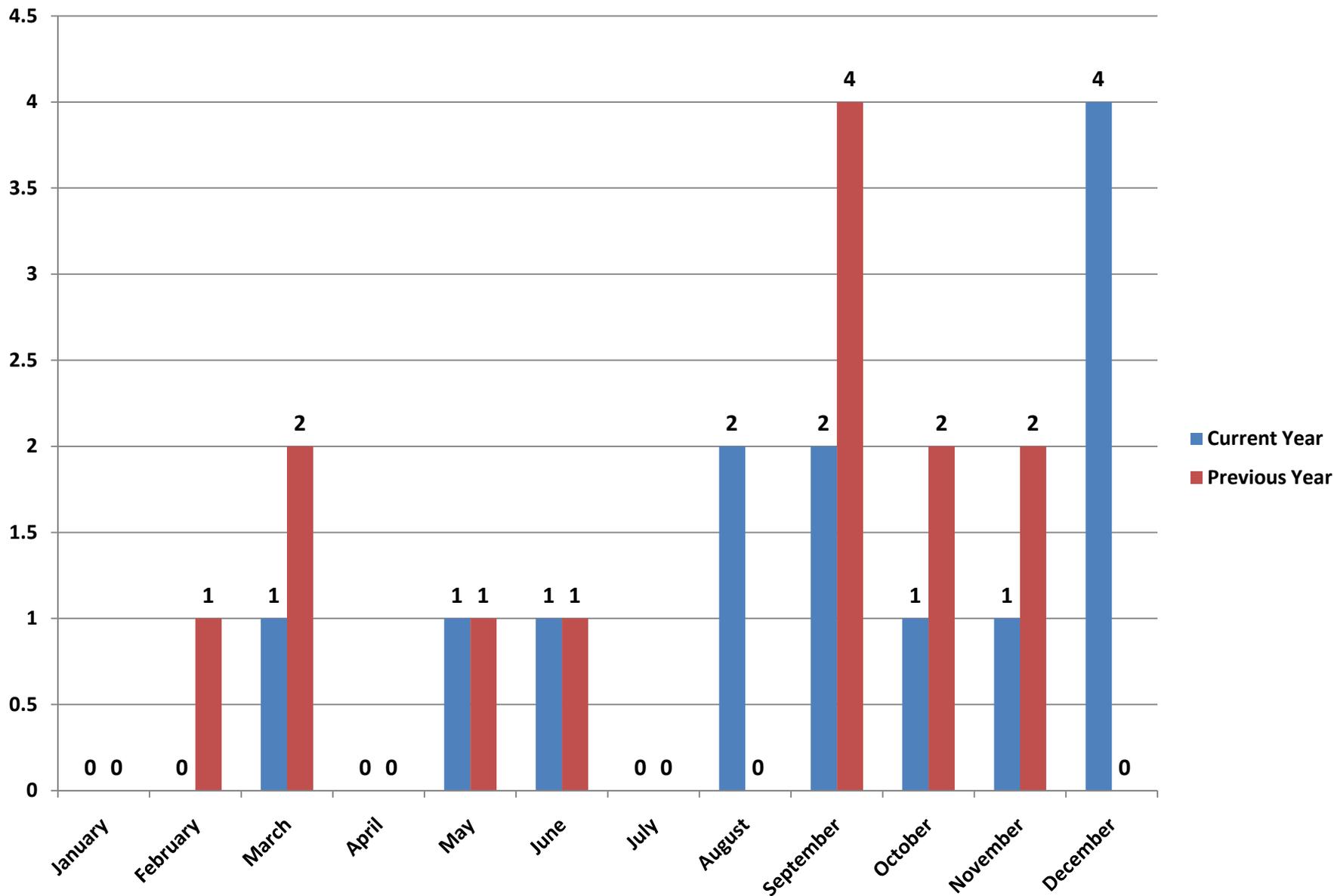
Assault Investigations Solved



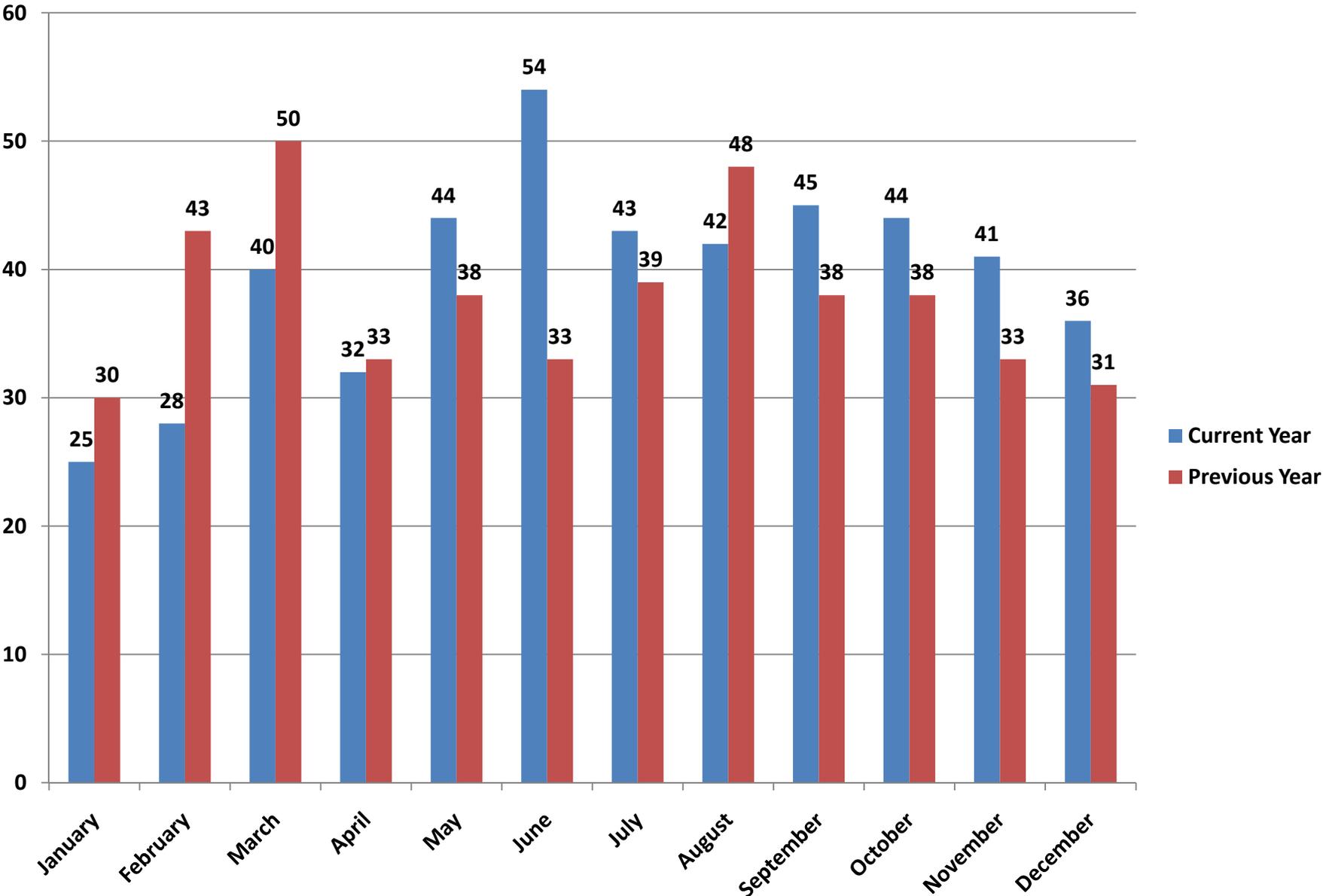
Burglary Investigations



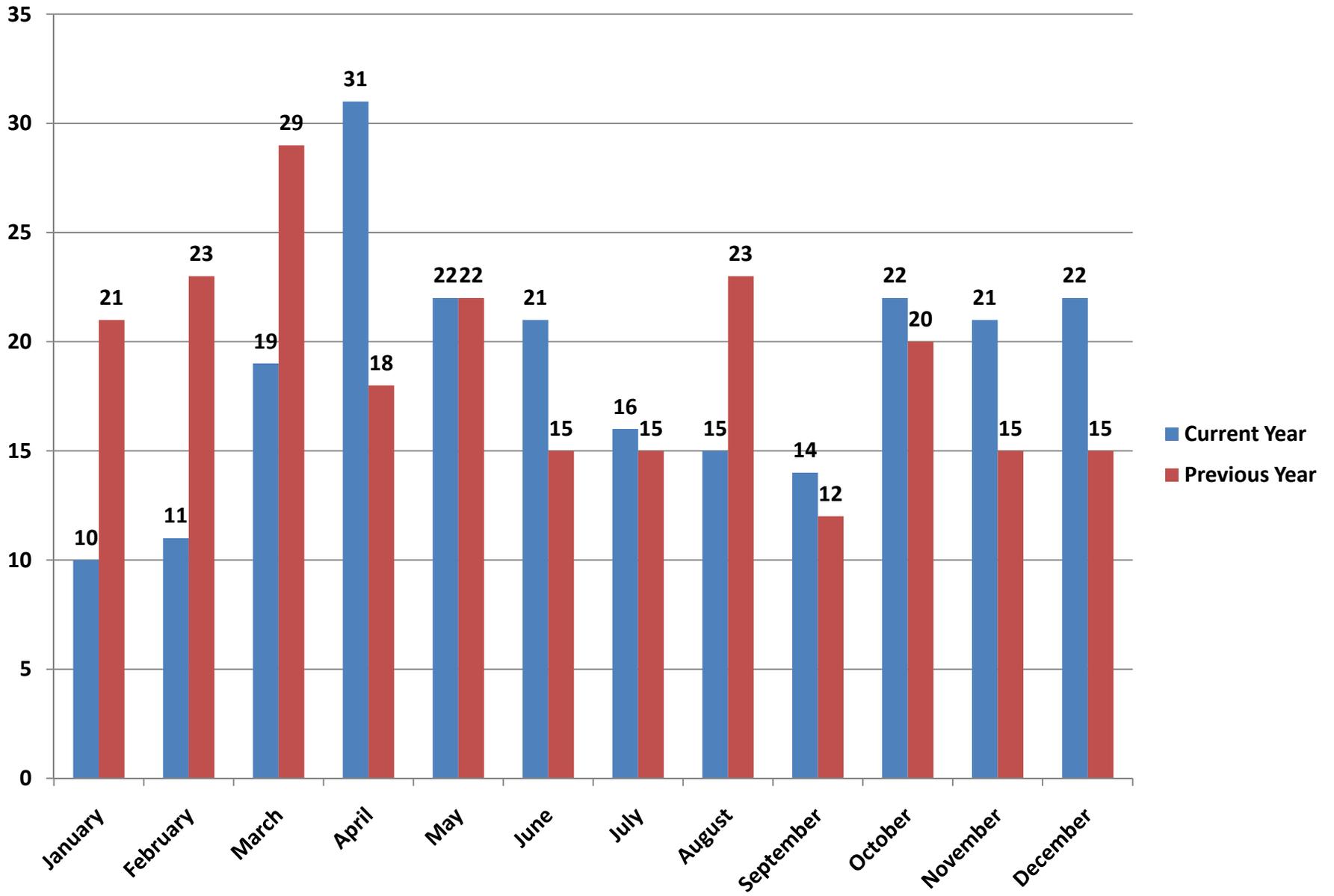
Burglary Investigations Solved



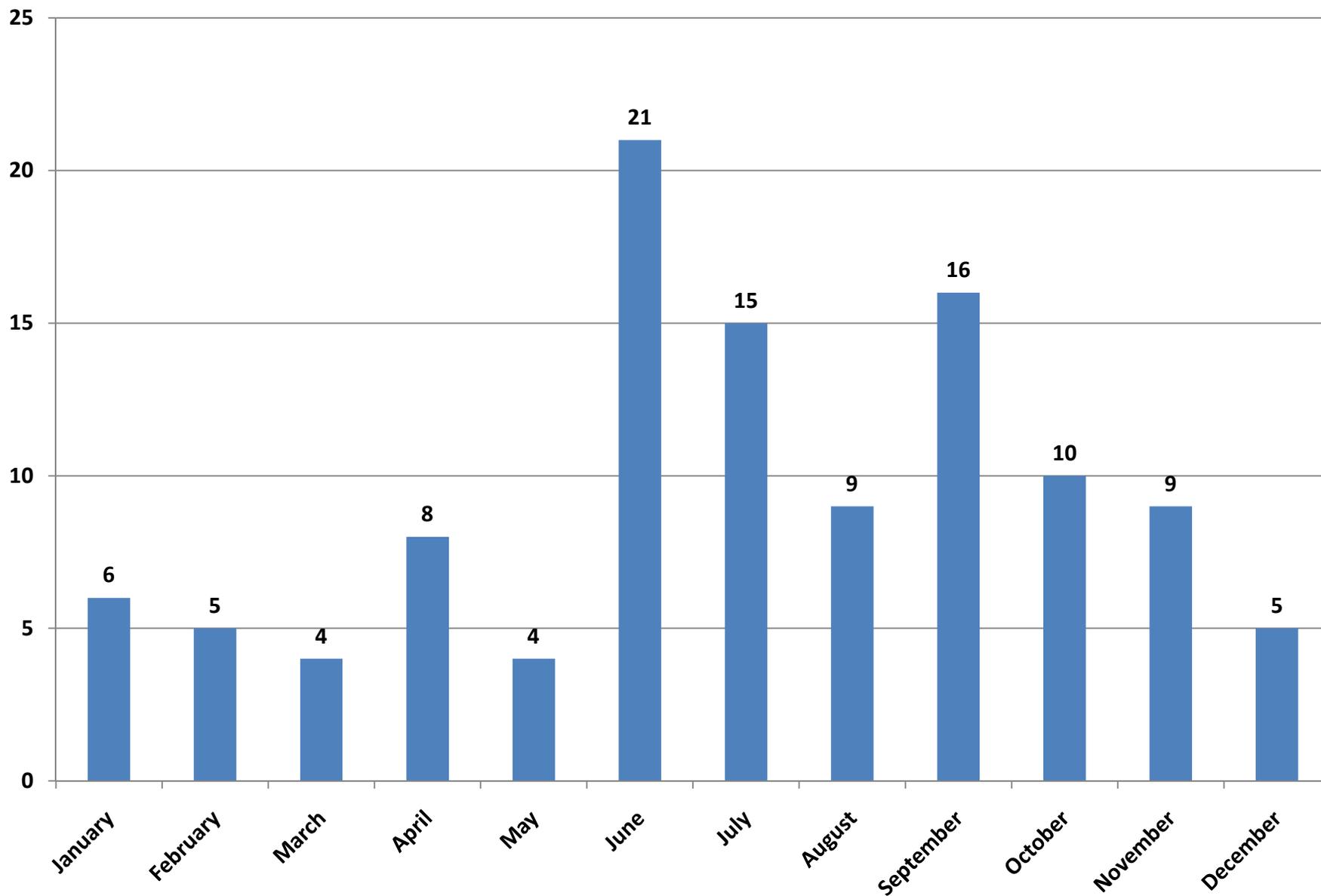
Stealing Investigations



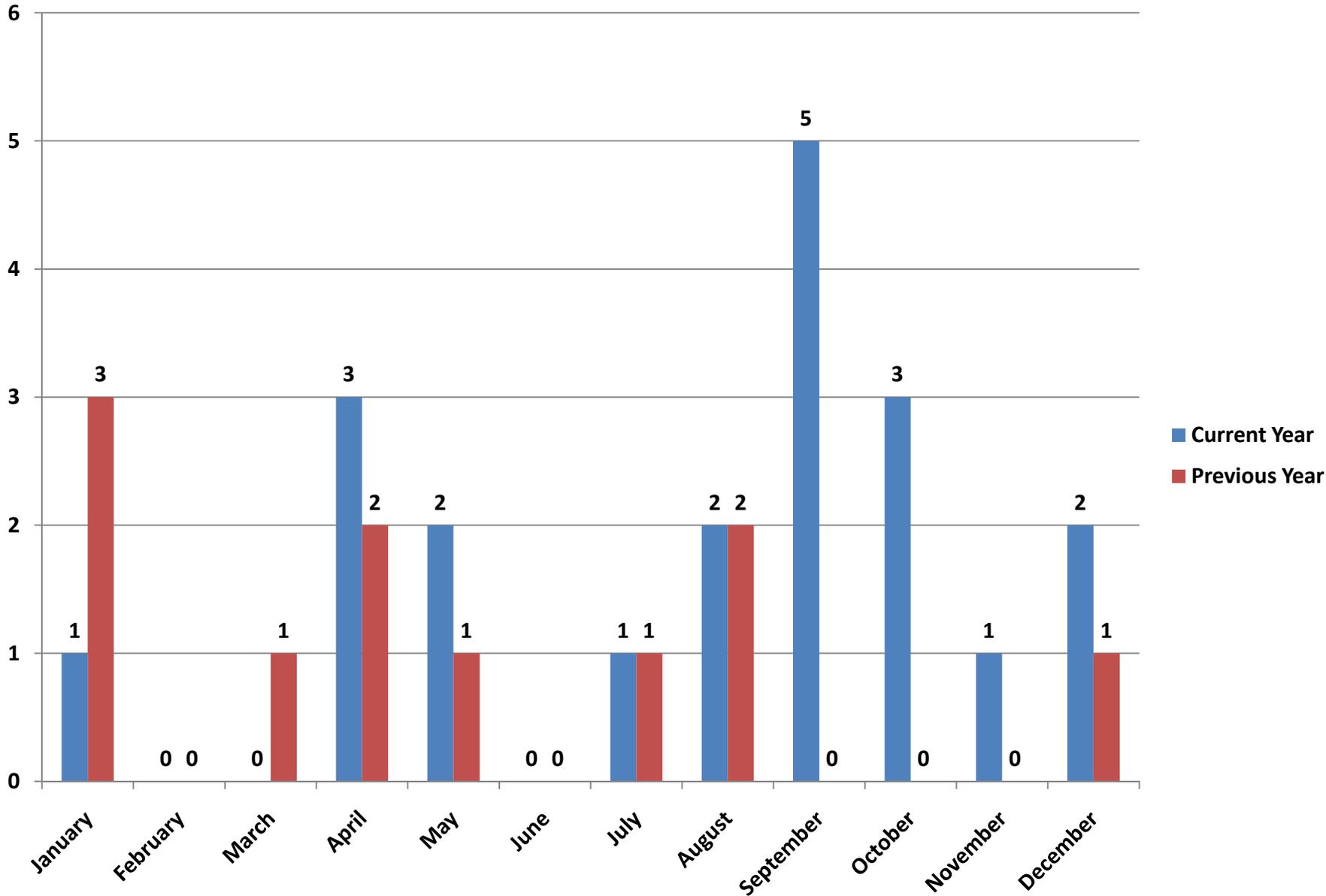
Stealing Investigations Solved



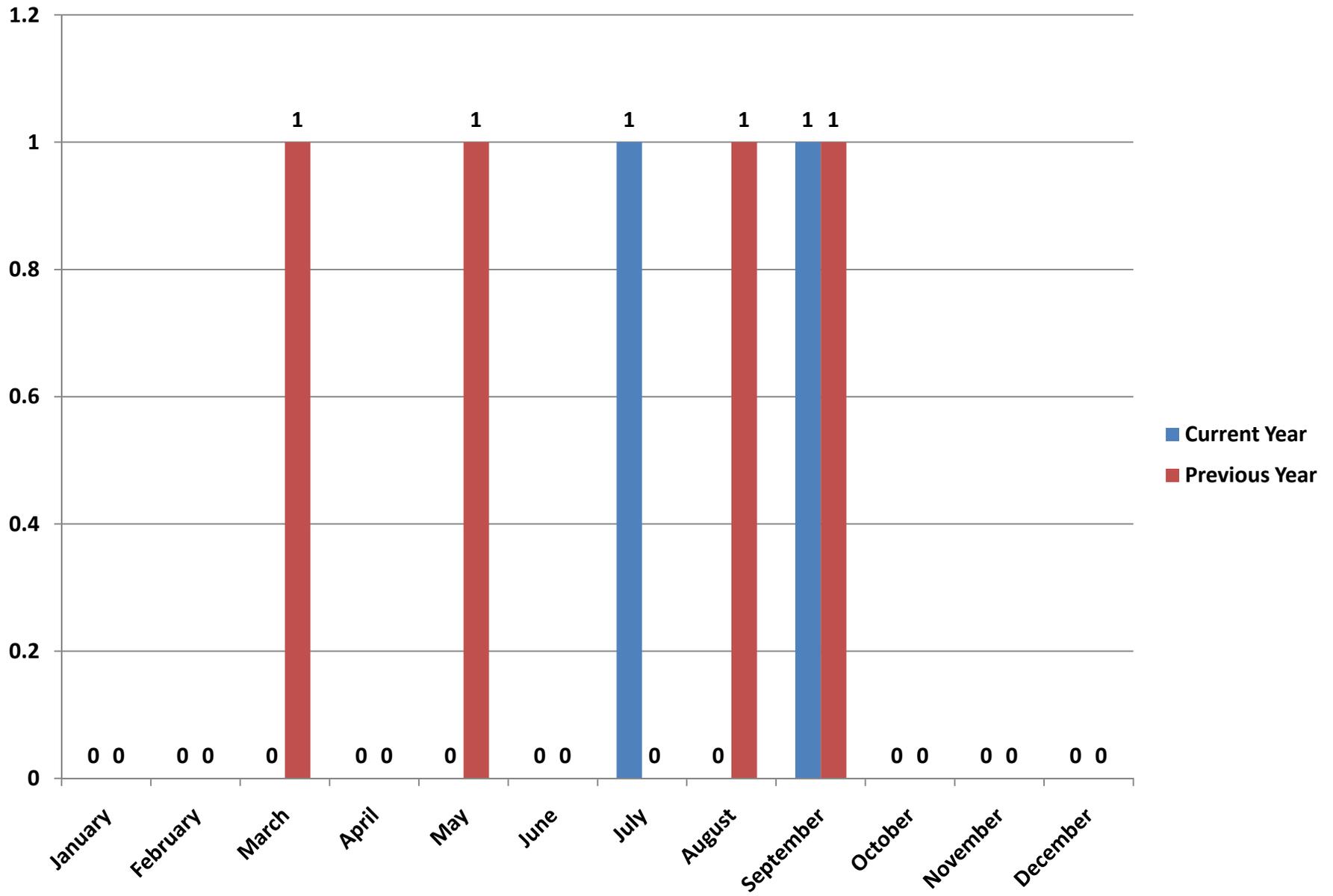
Stealing From Vehicle



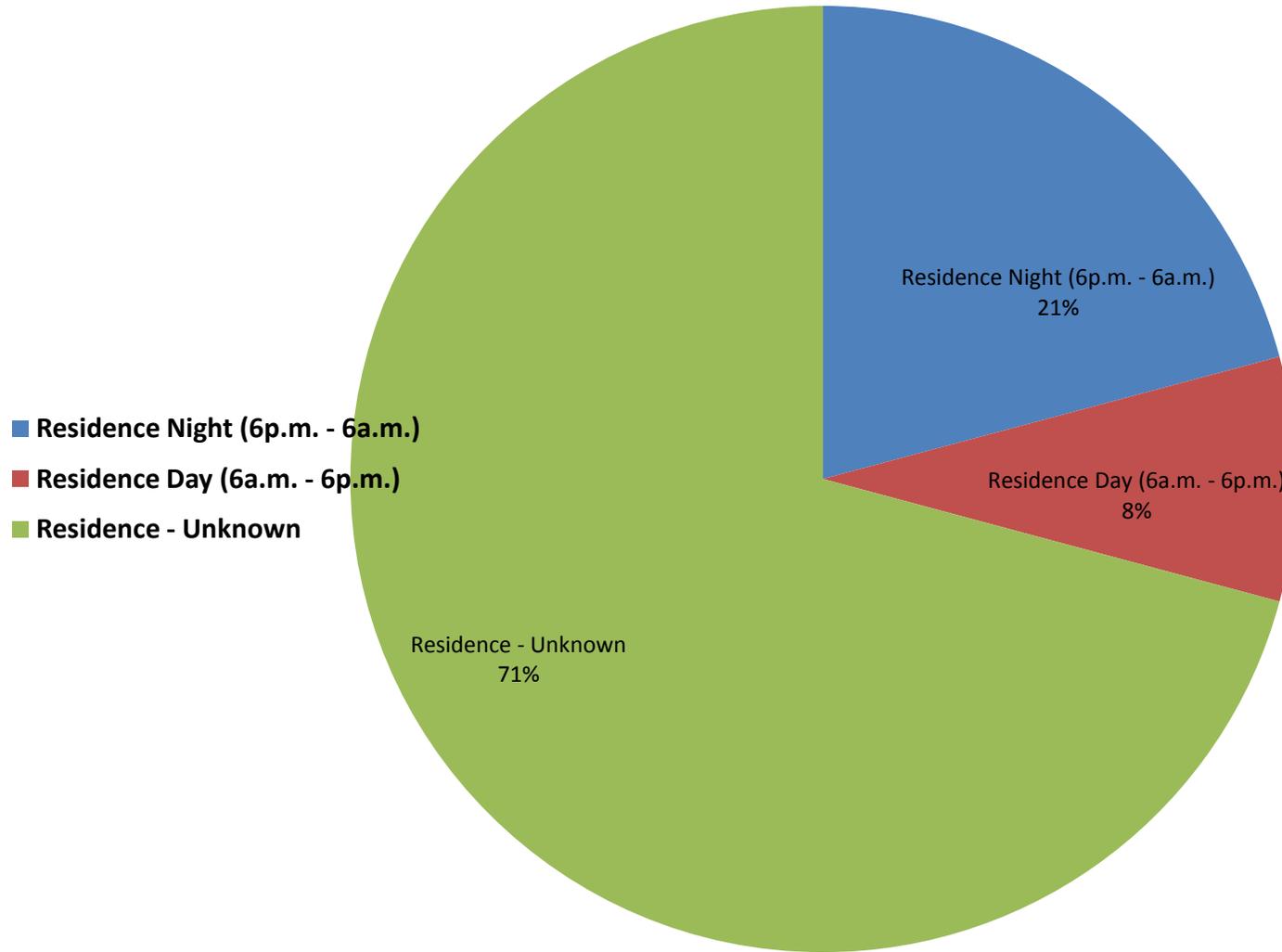
Motor Vehicle Theft Investigation



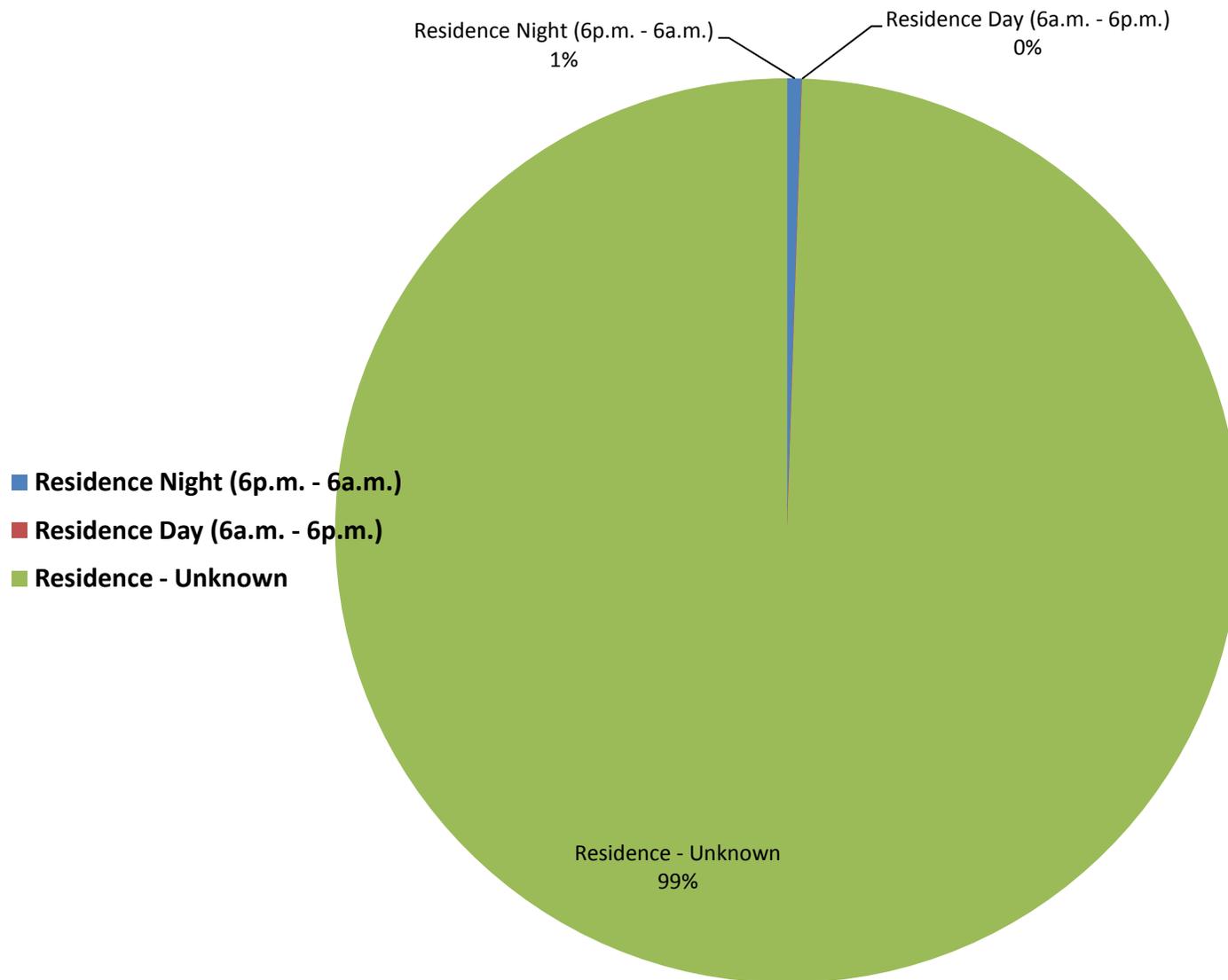
Motor Vehicle Theft Investigation Solved



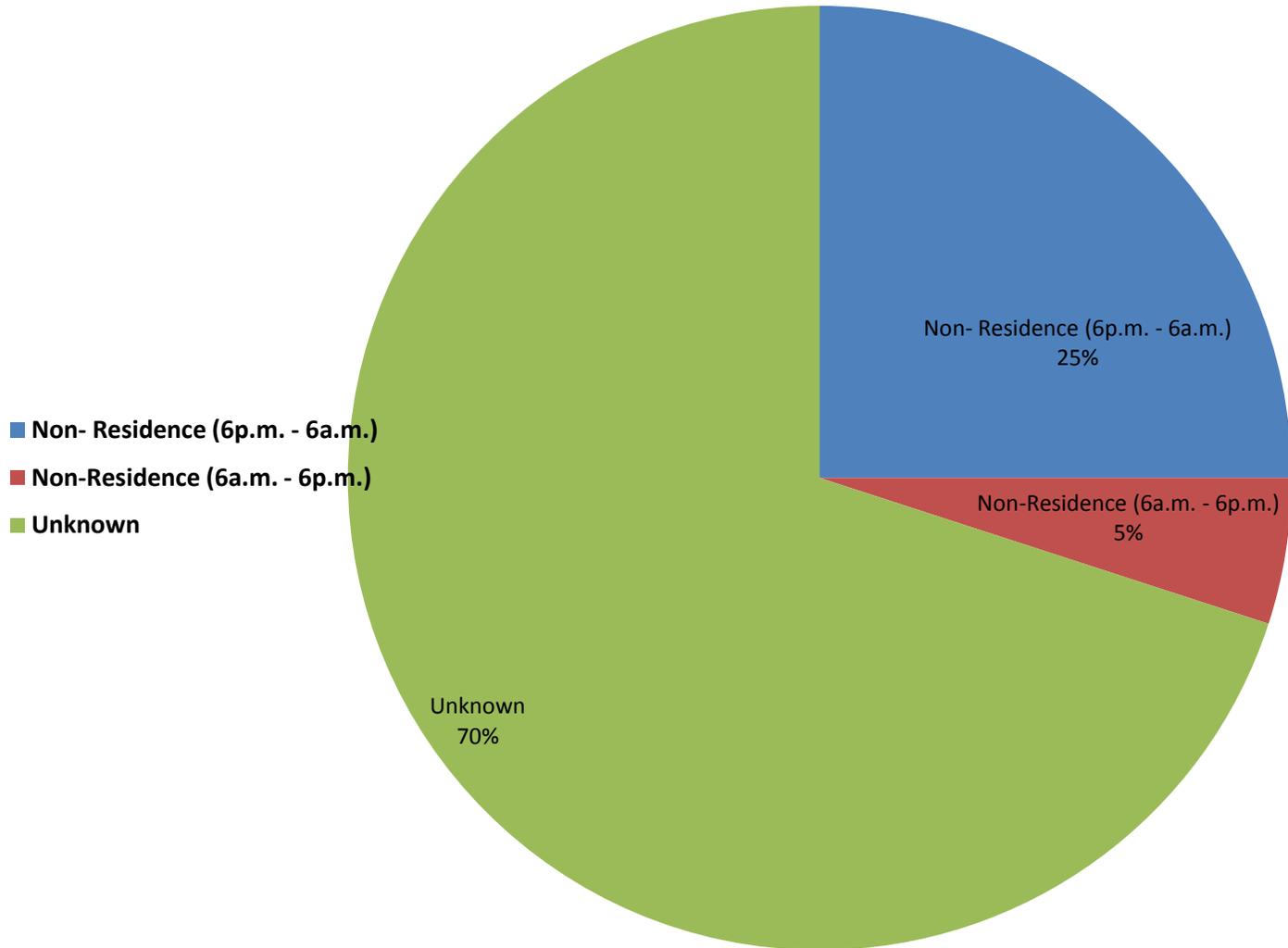
Residential Burglary by Time Period



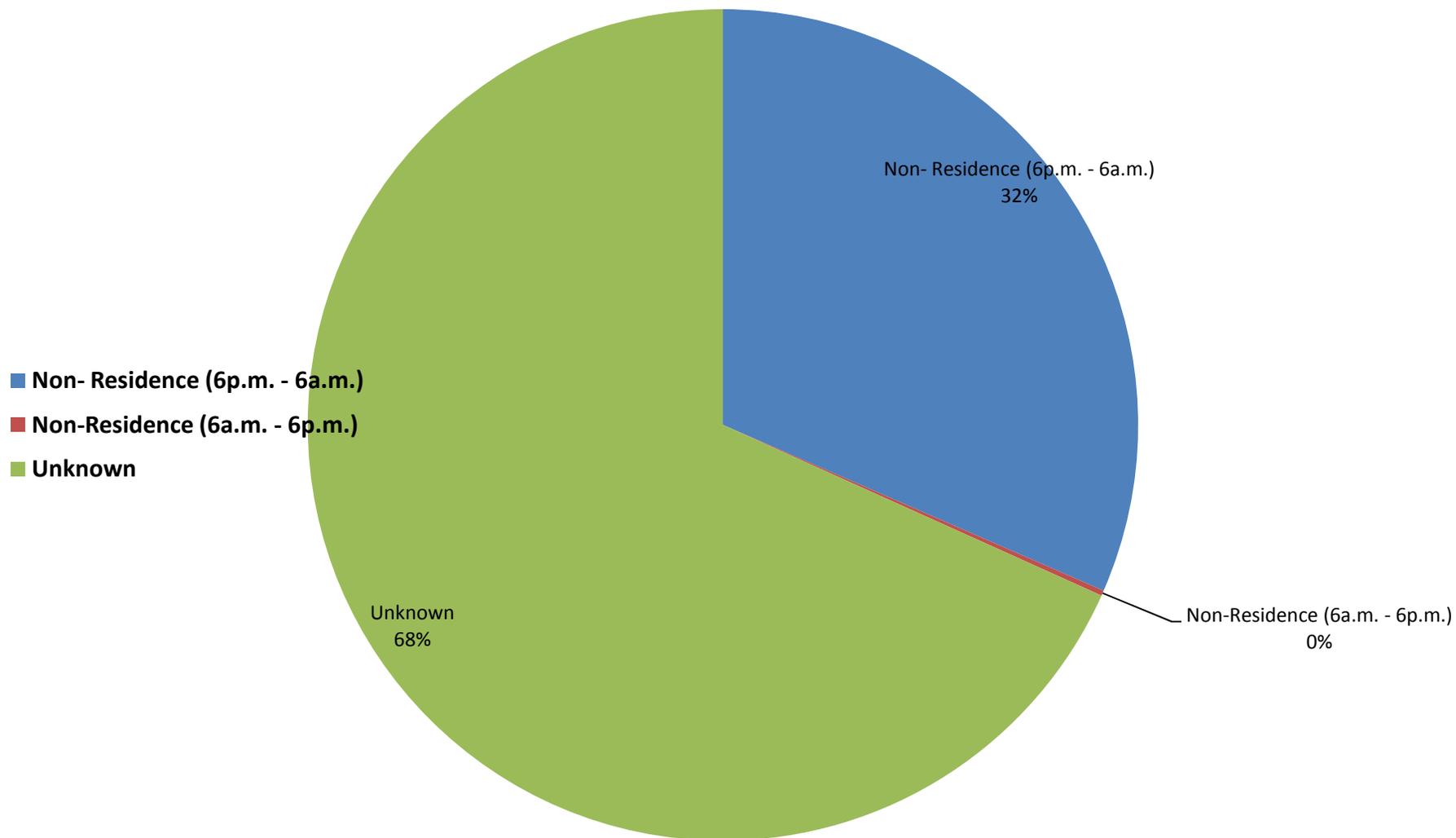
Residential Burglary Property Loss by Time Period



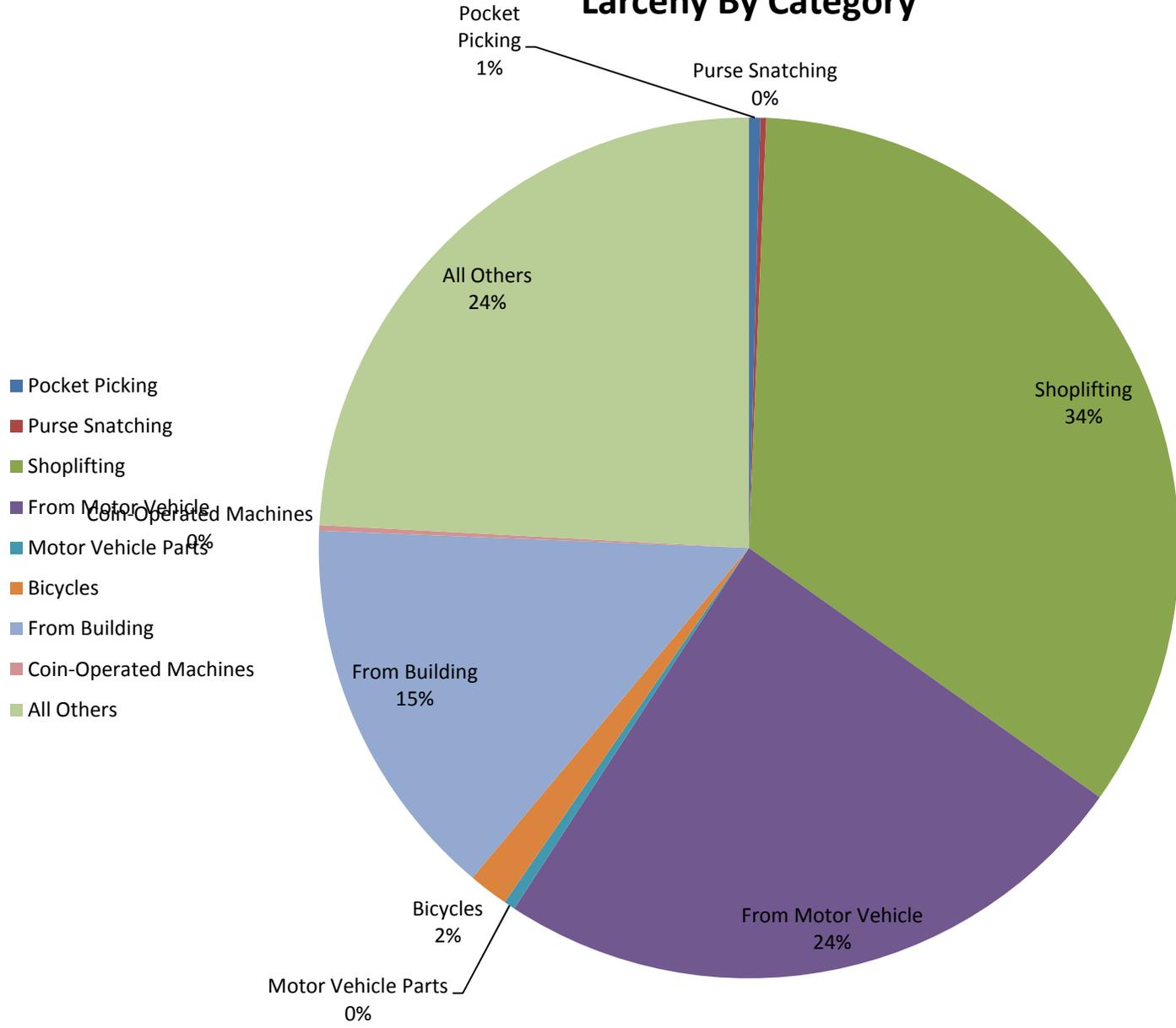
Non-Residential Burglary by Time Period



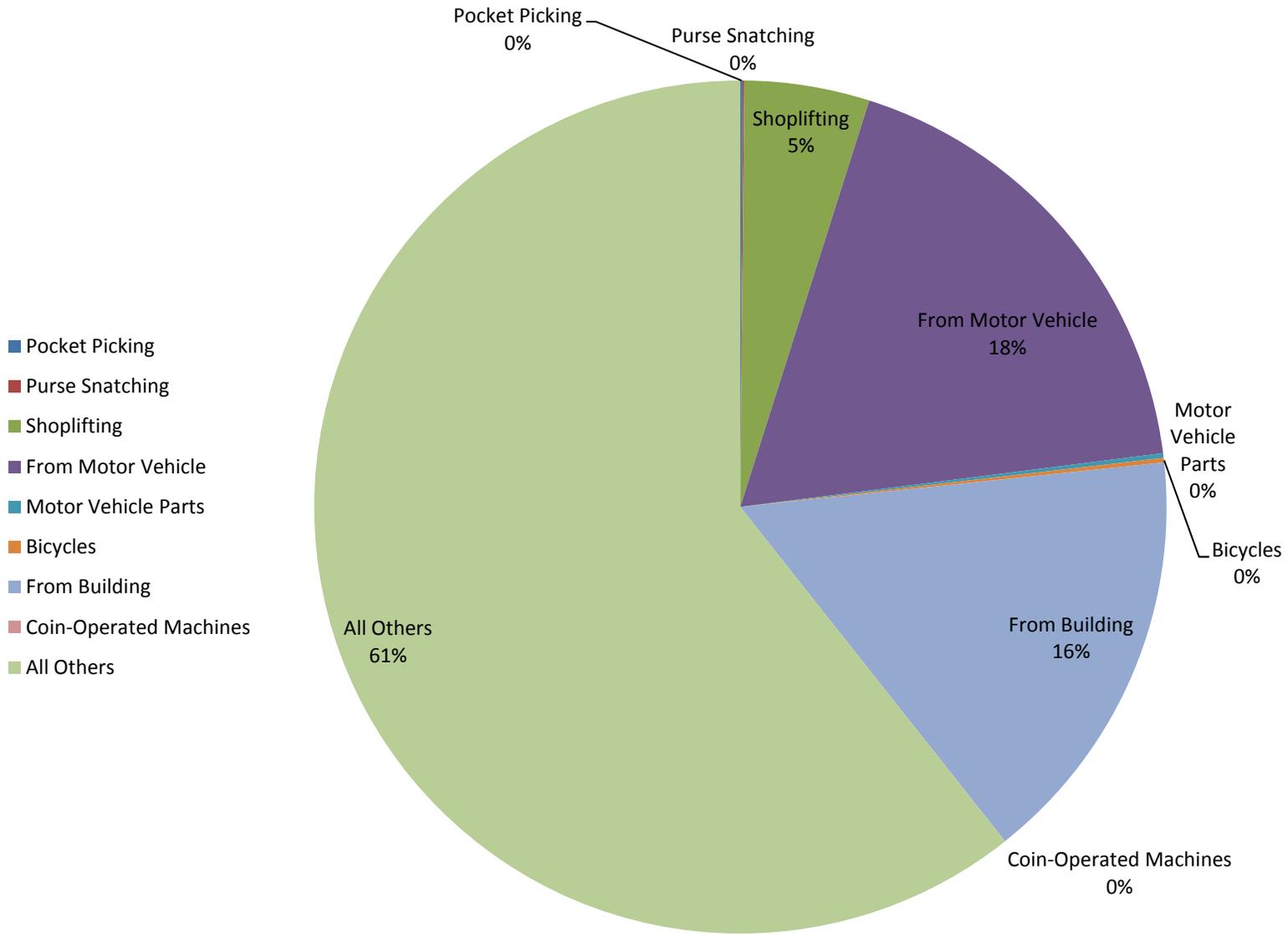
Non-Residential Burglary Property Loss by Time Period



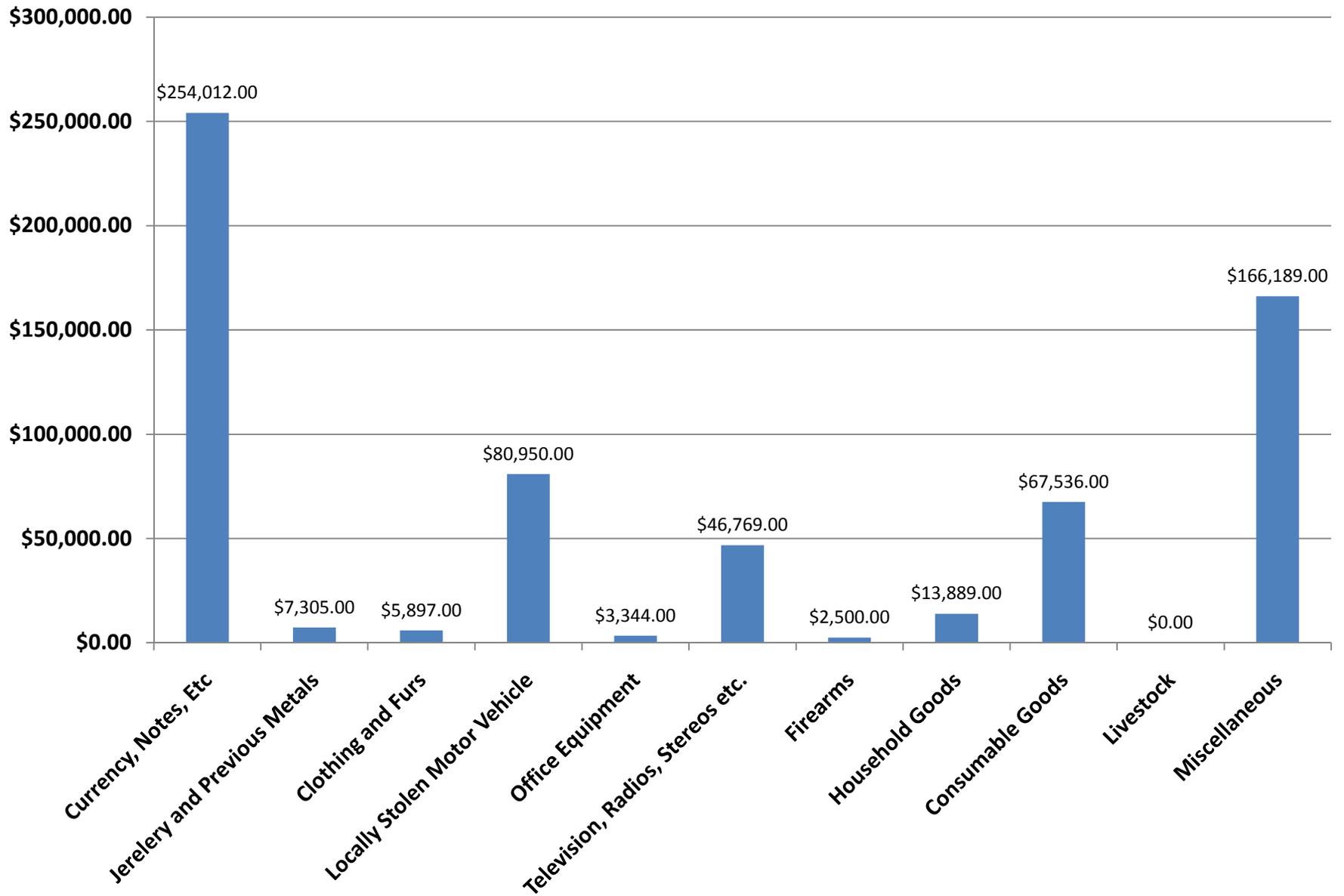
Larceny By Category



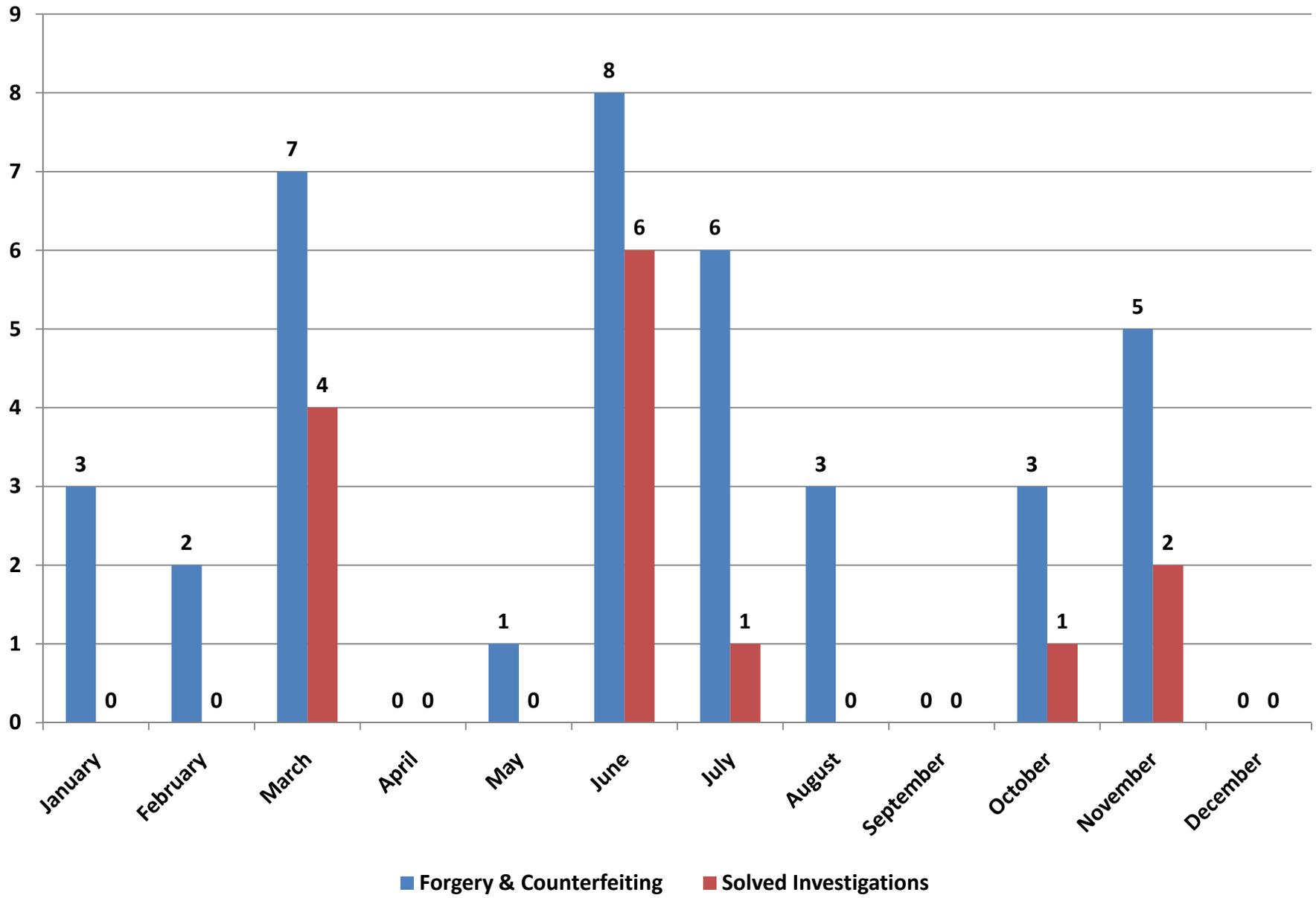
Larceny Loss by Category



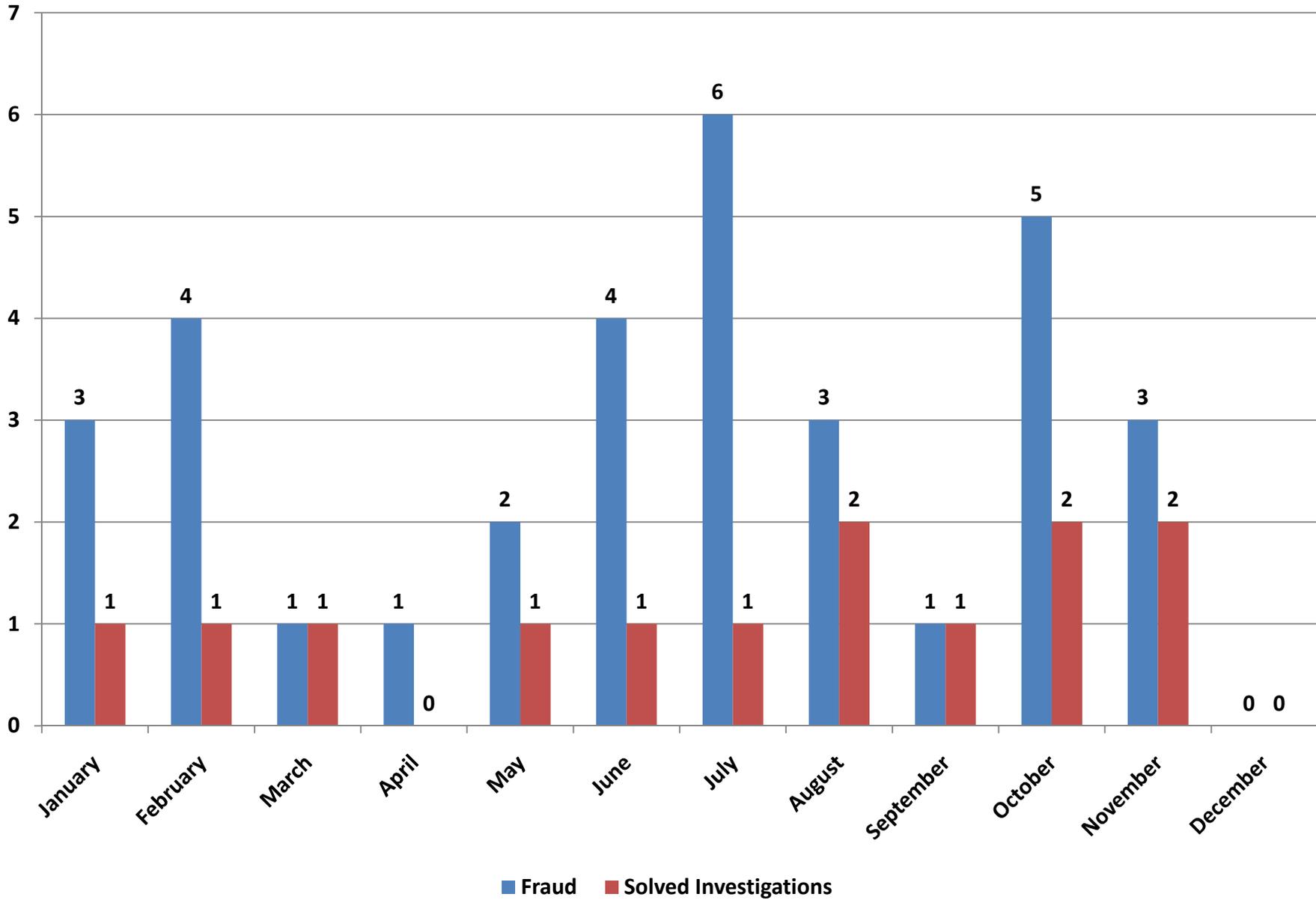
Monetary Value by Category of Property Loss



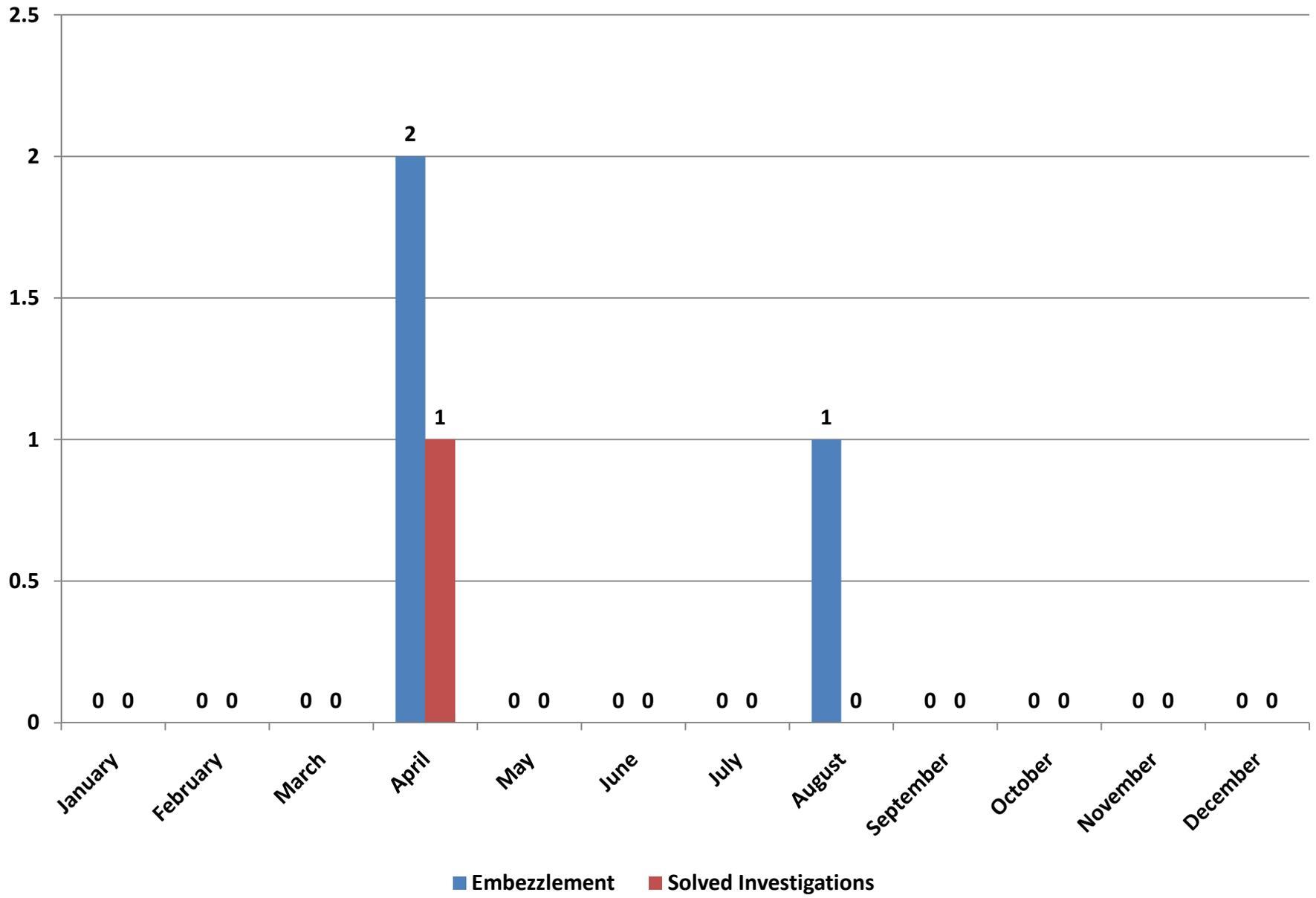
Forgery Investigations



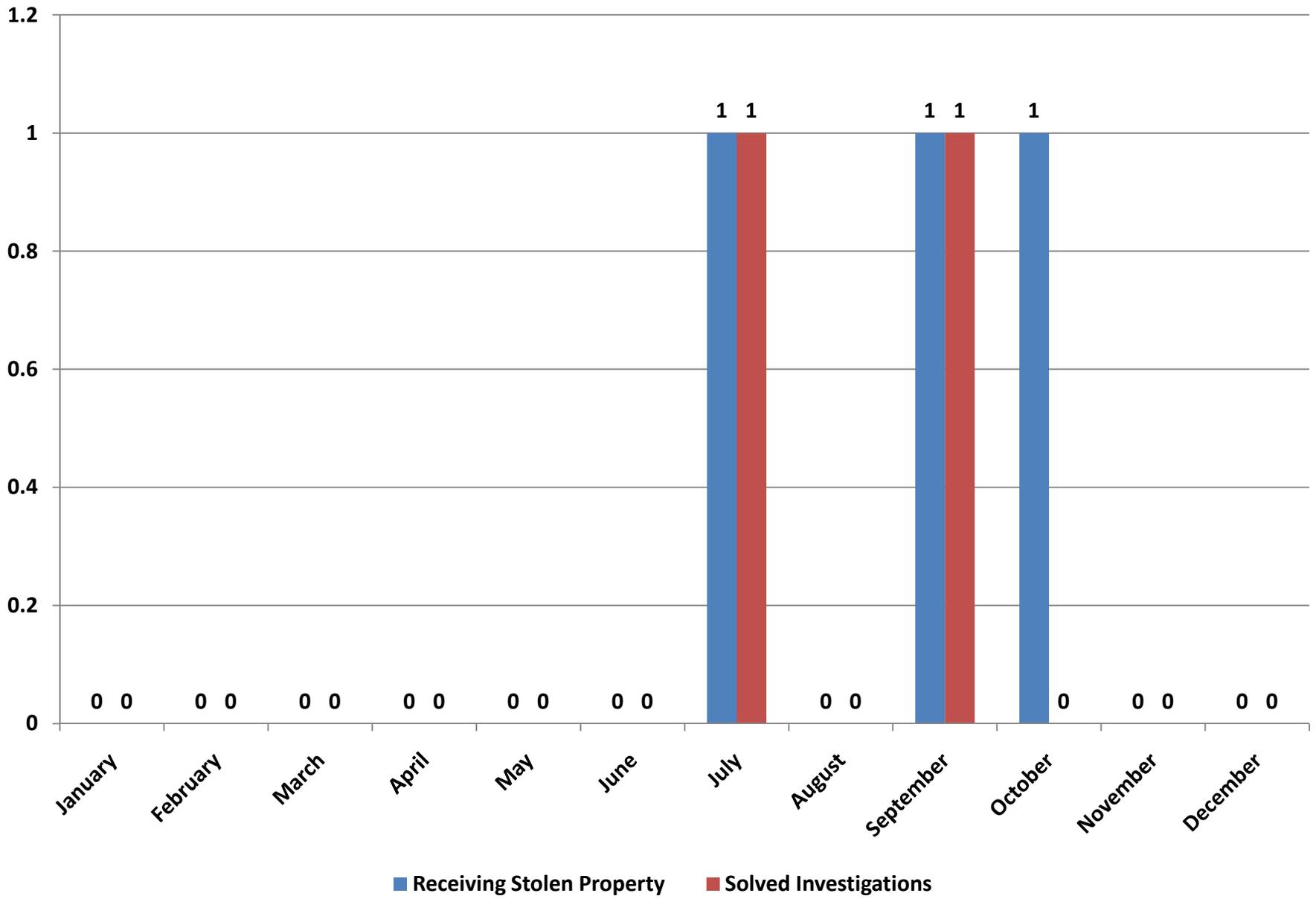
Fraud Investigations



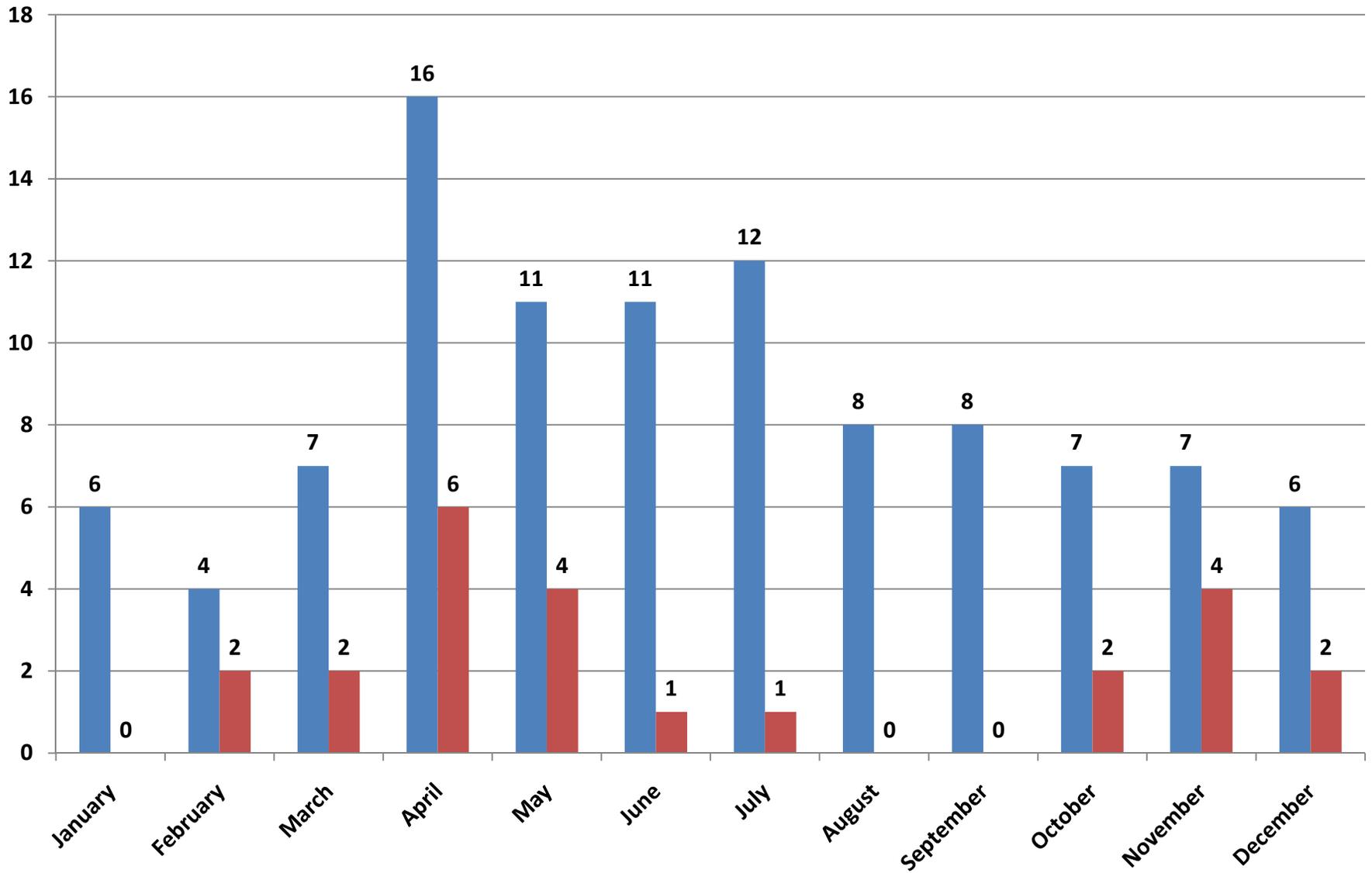
Embezzlement Investigations



Receiving Stolen Property Investigations

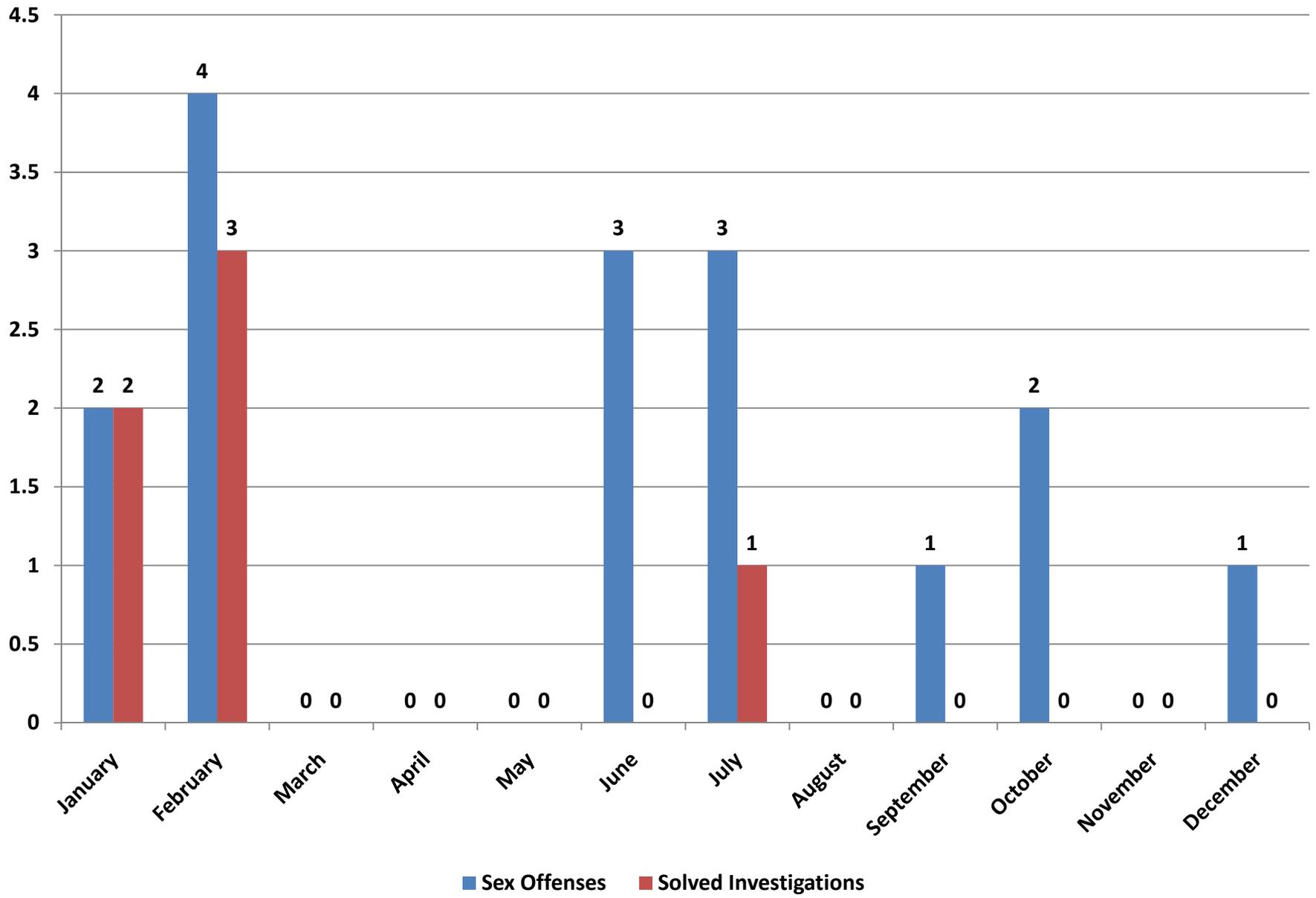


Property Damage Investigations

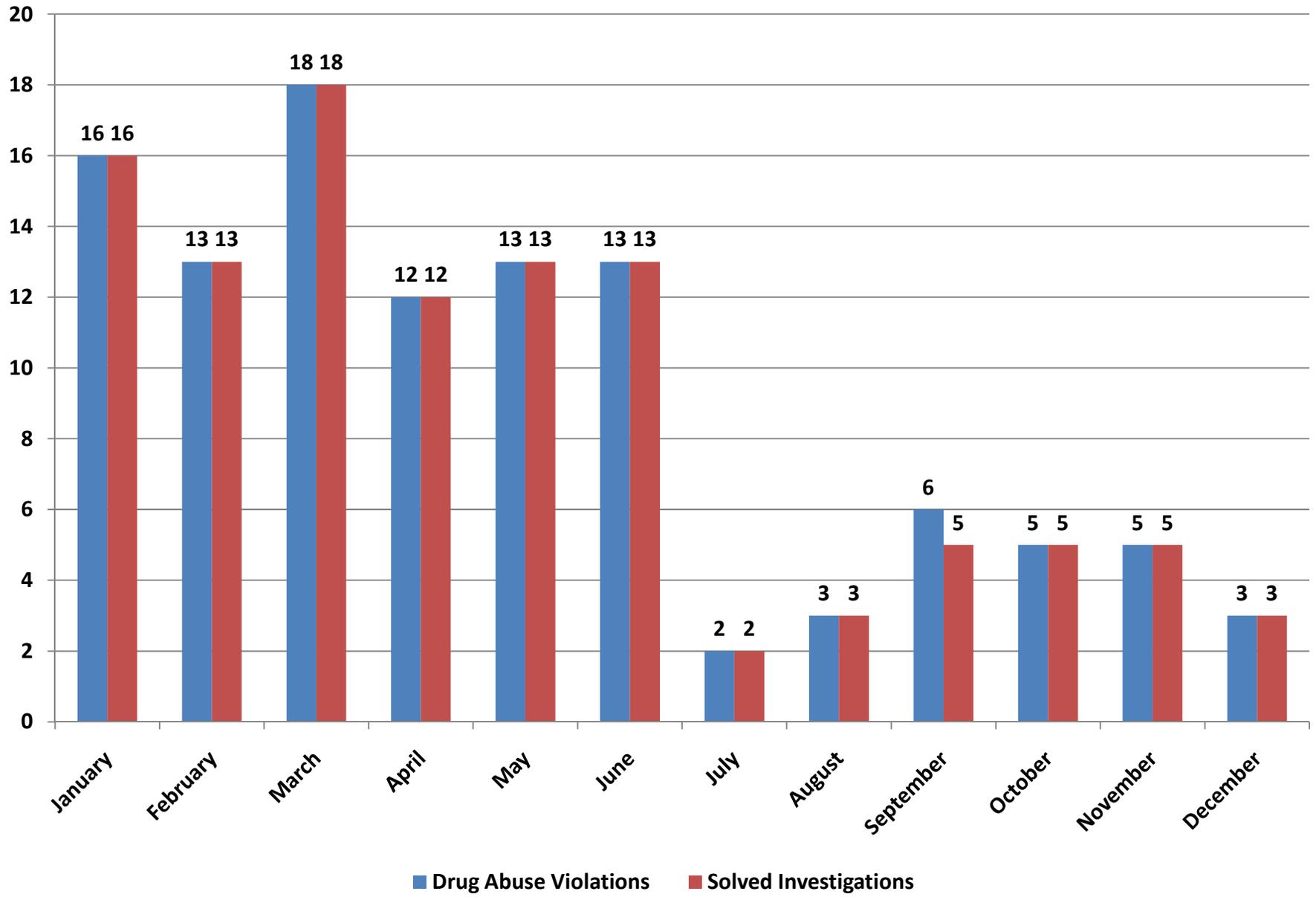


■ Property Damage Investigations ■ Solved Investigations

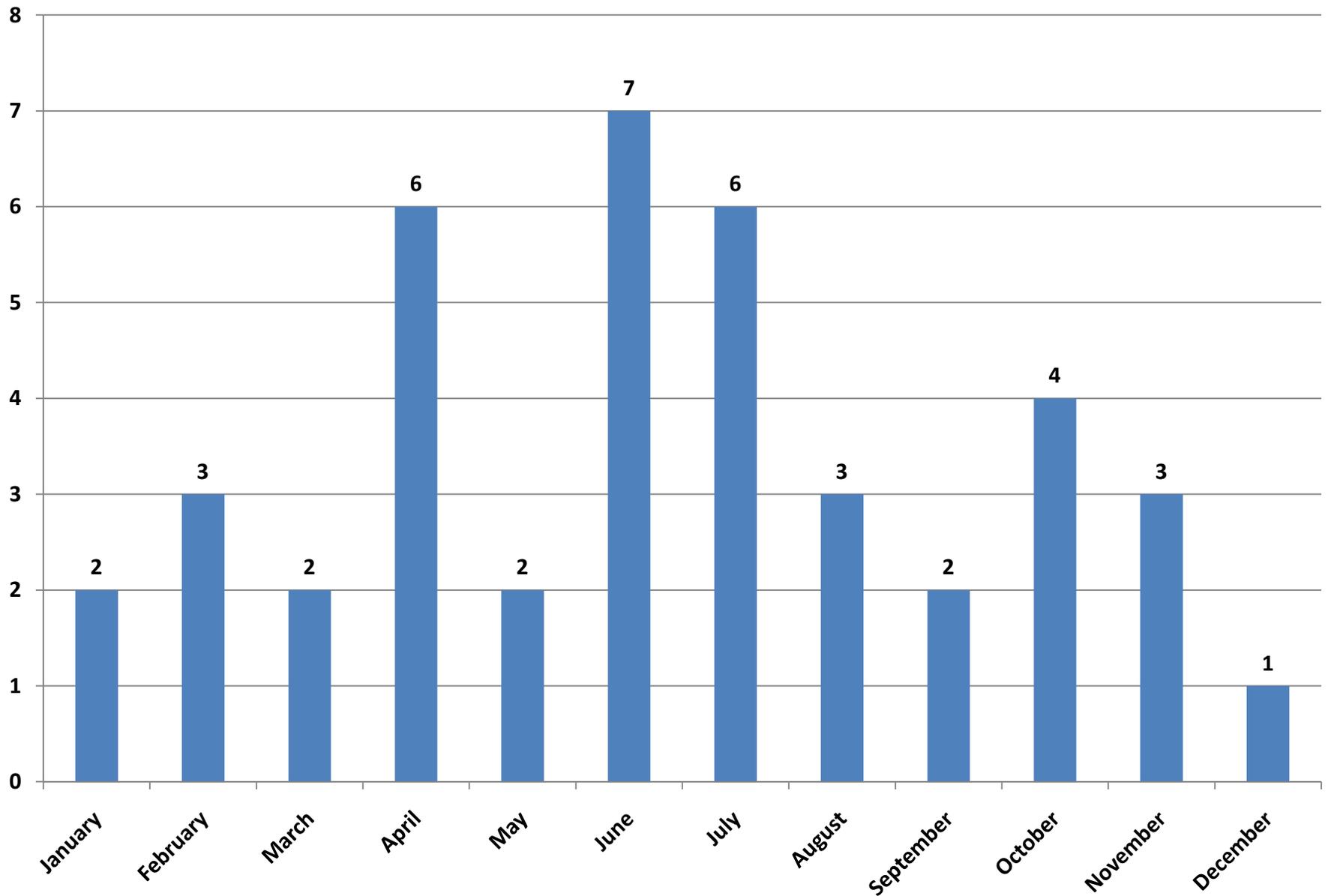
Sex Abuse Investigations



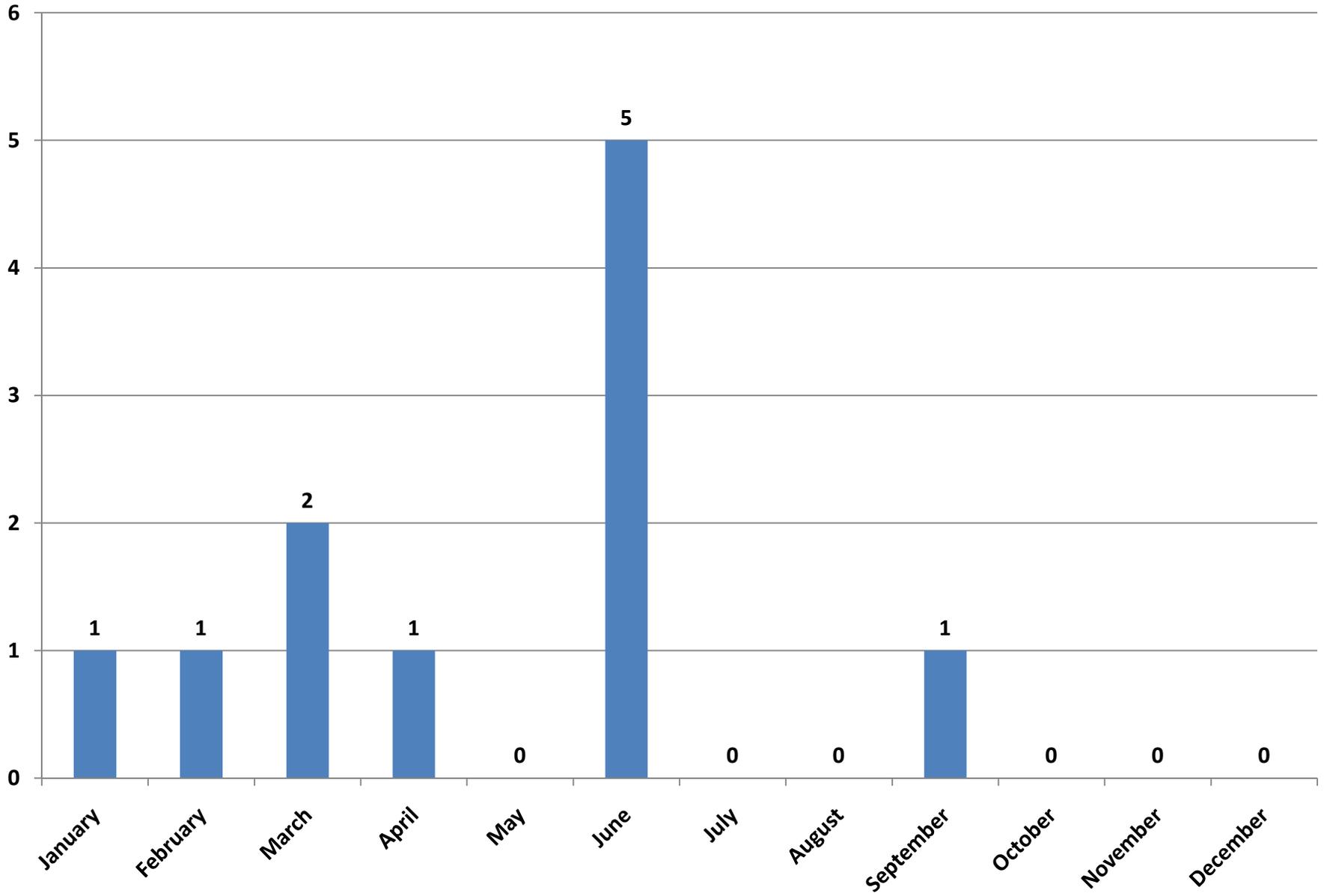
Drug Abuse Violations Investigations



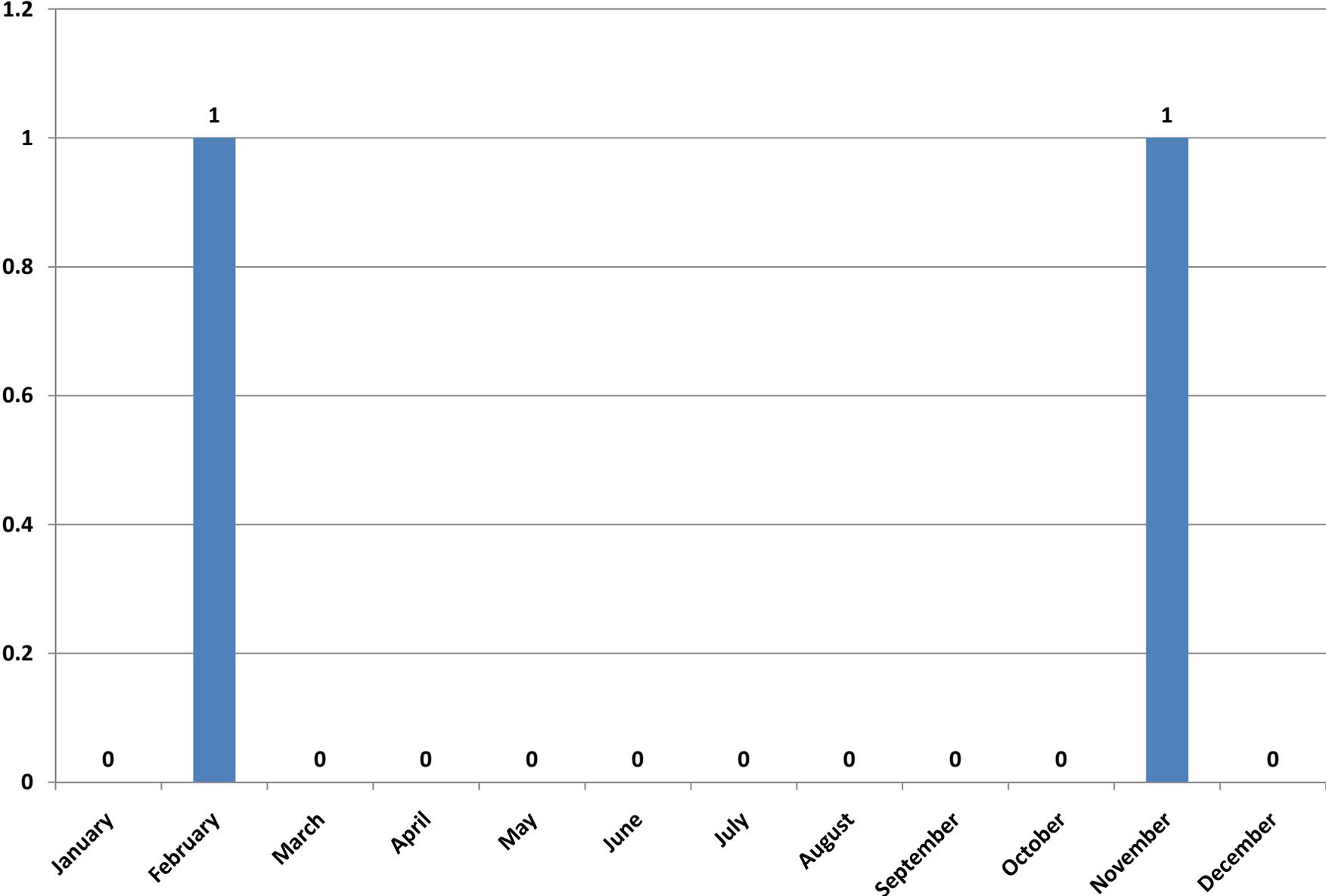
Total Methamphetamine Related Cases



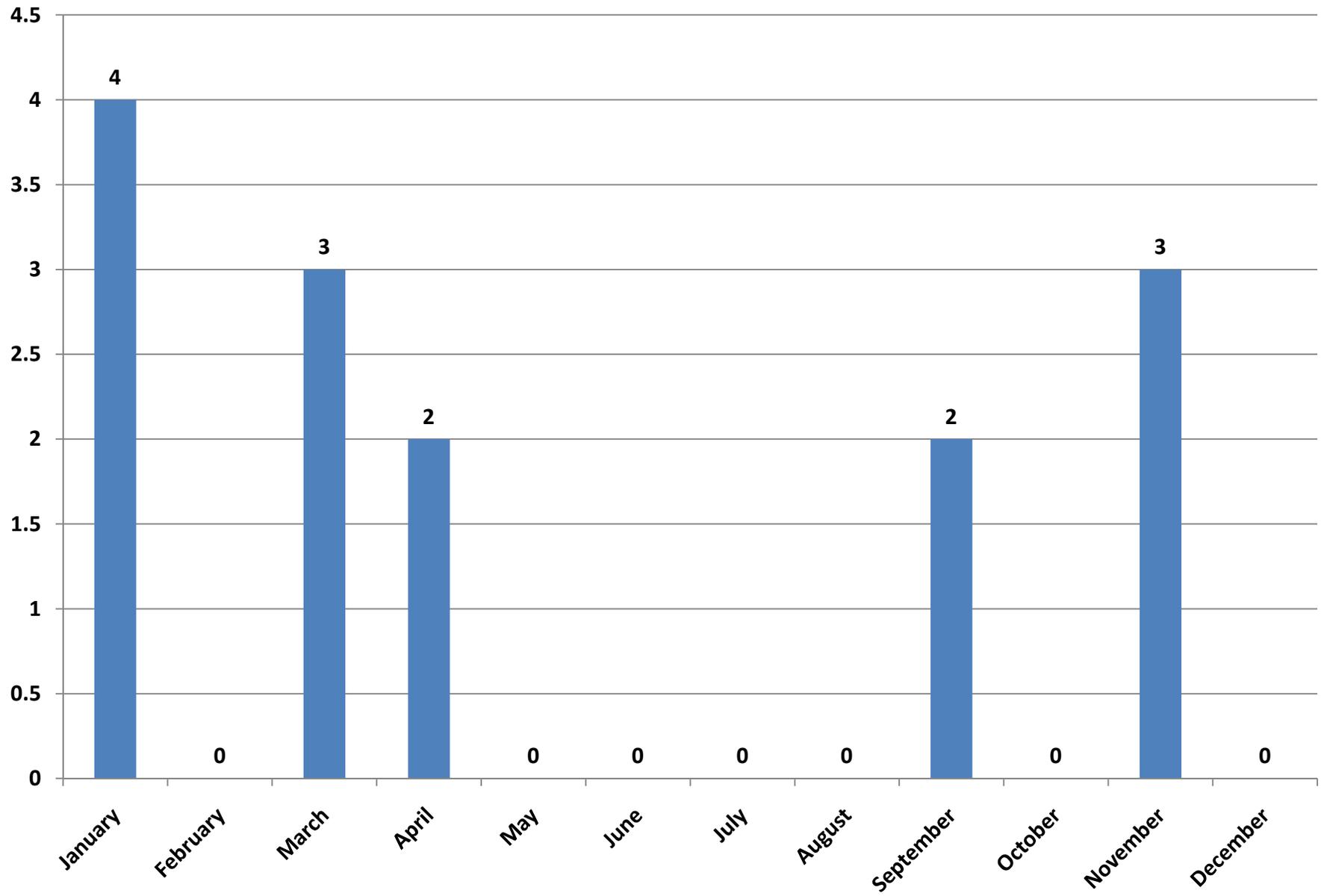
Search Warrants Served



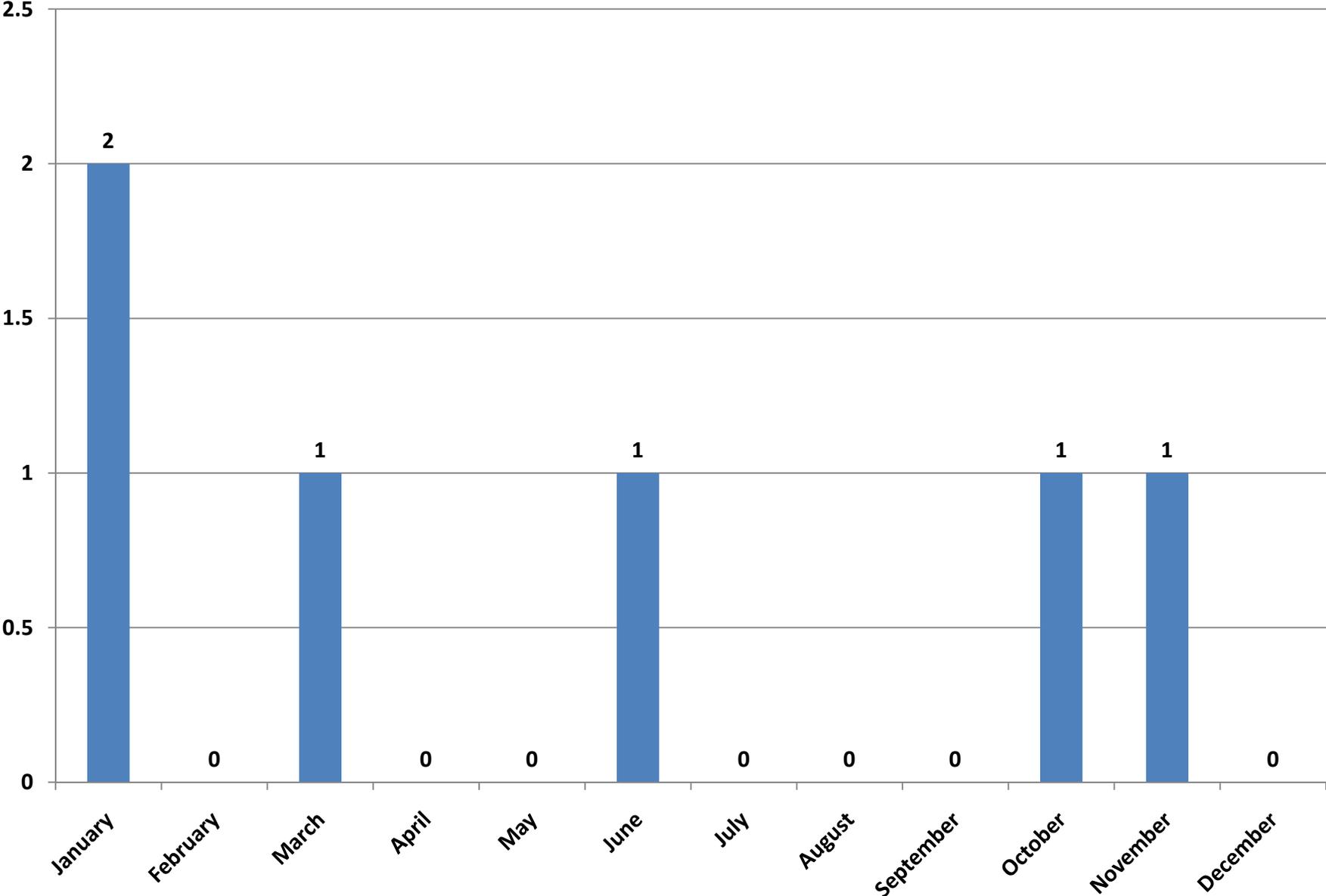
Manufacture Controlled Substance Investigations



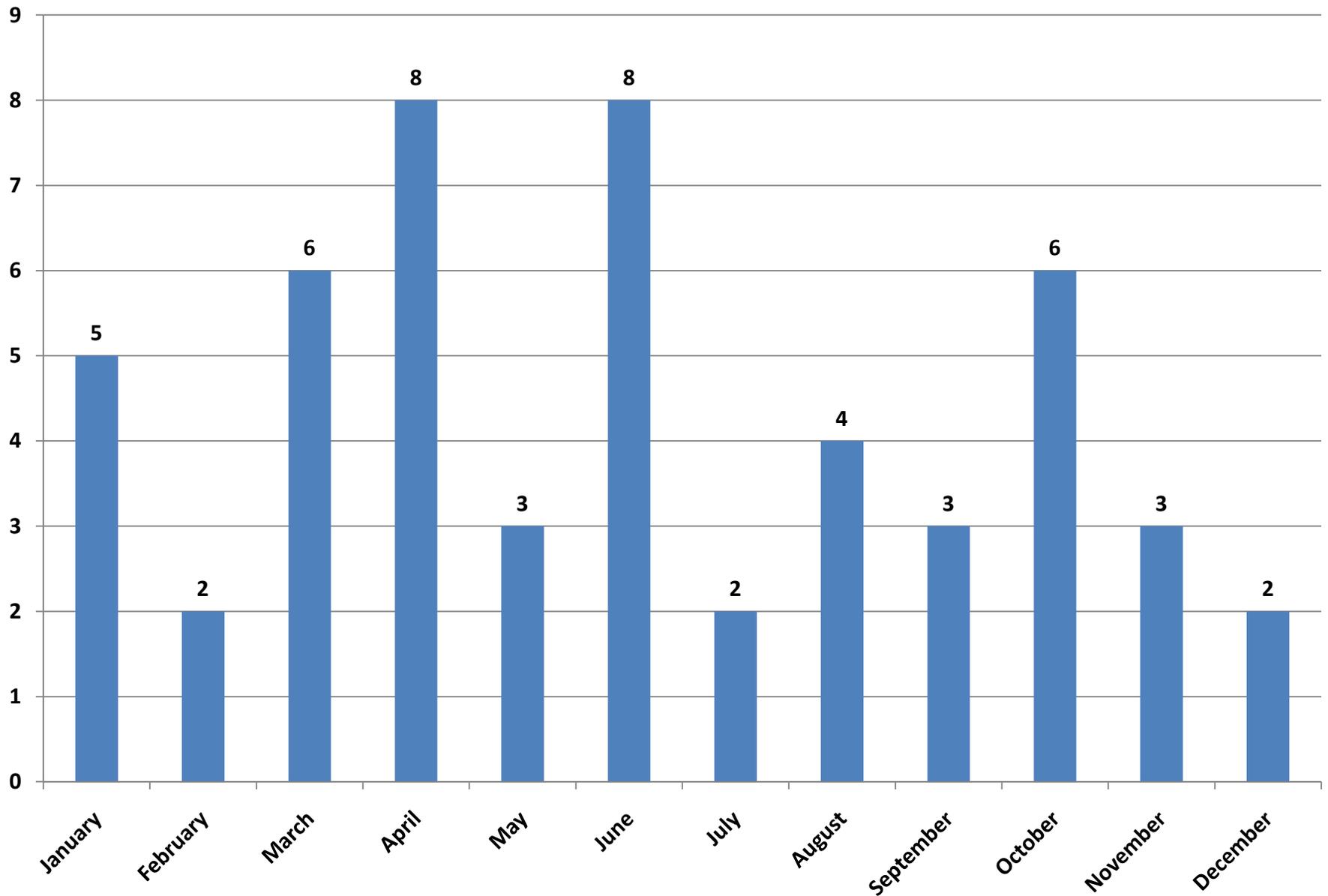
Distribution Controlled Substance



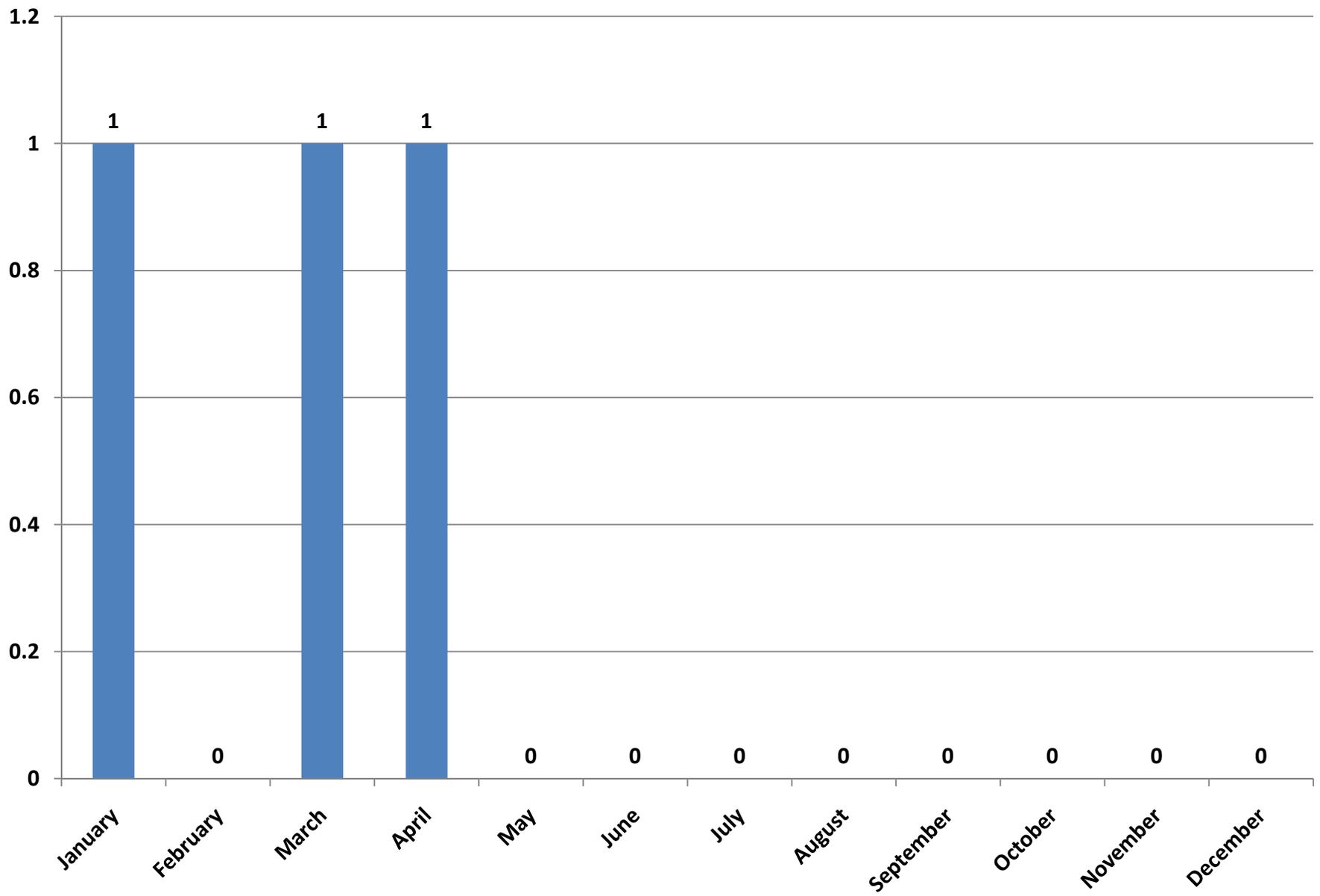
Possession Controlled Substance (Felony)



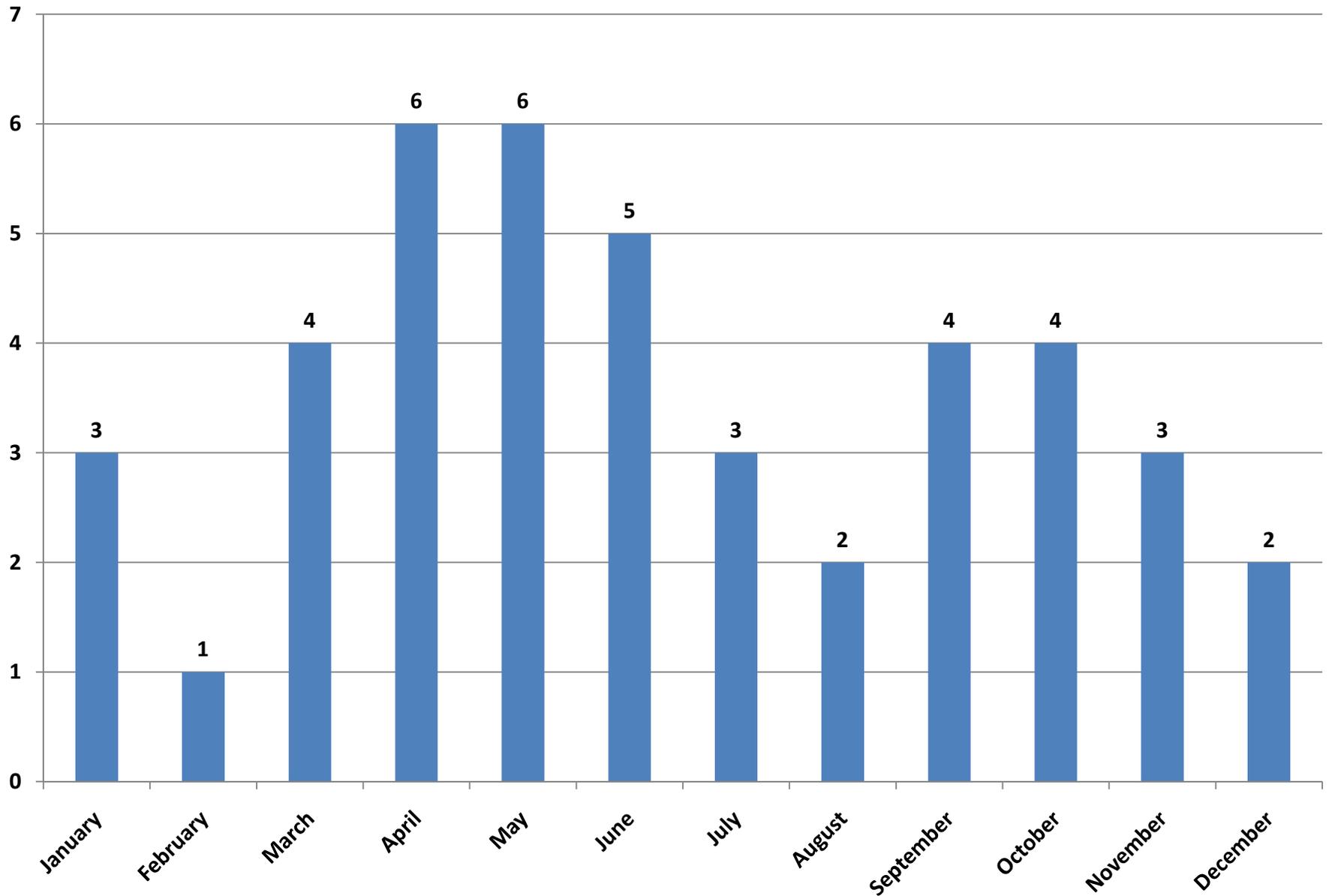
Possession Controlled Substance (Misd)



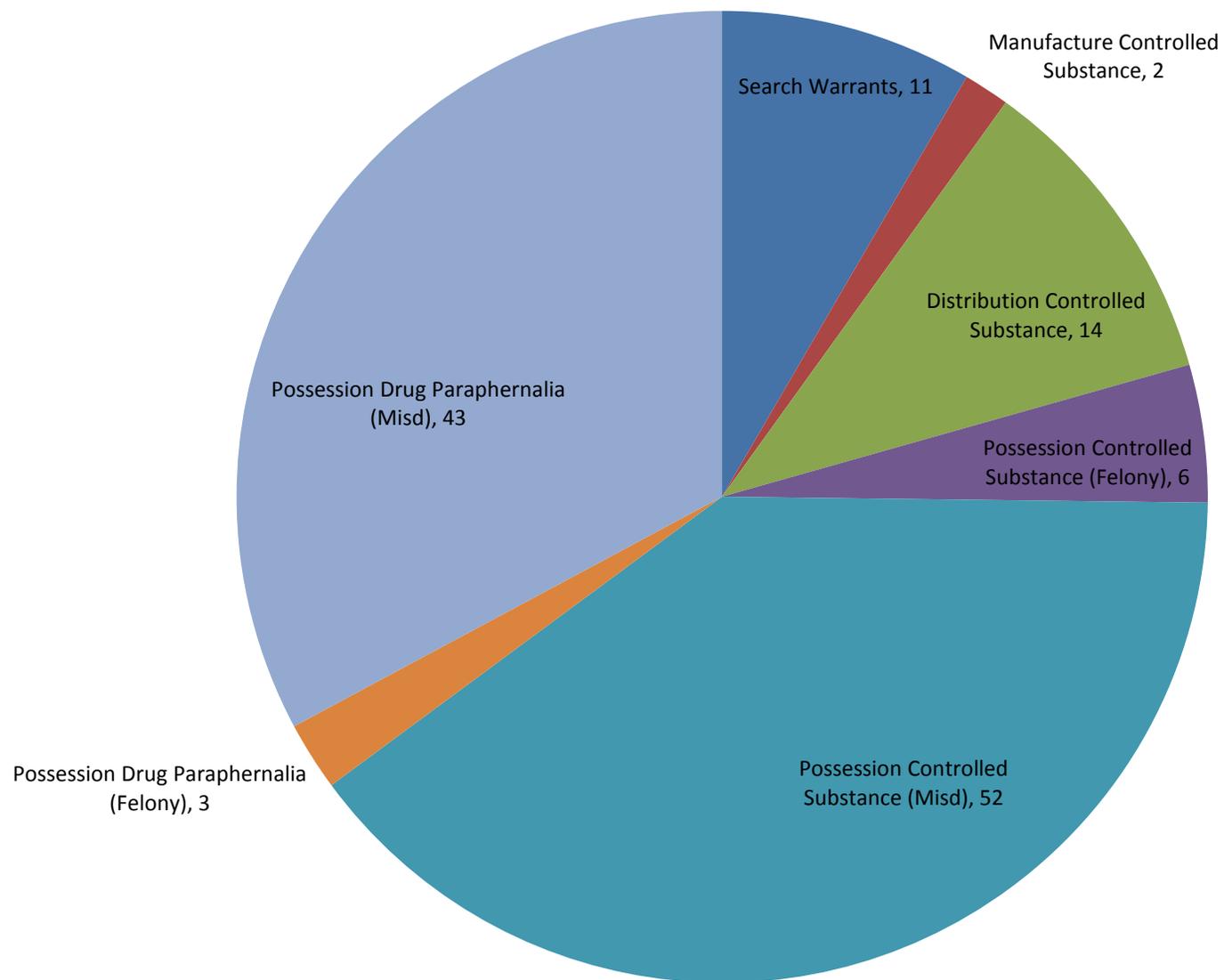
Possession Drug Paraphernalia (Felony)



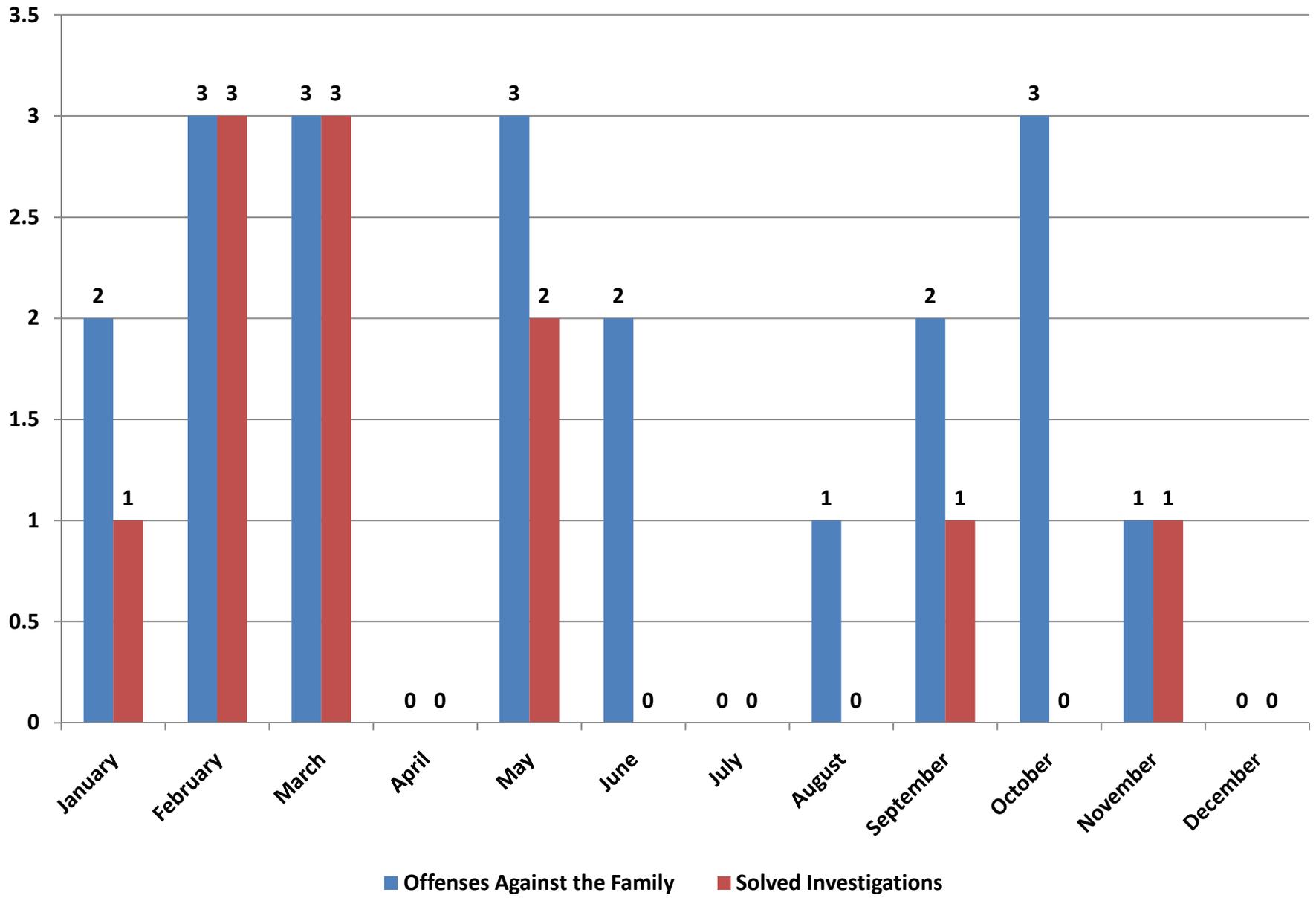
Possession Drug Paraphernalia (Misd)



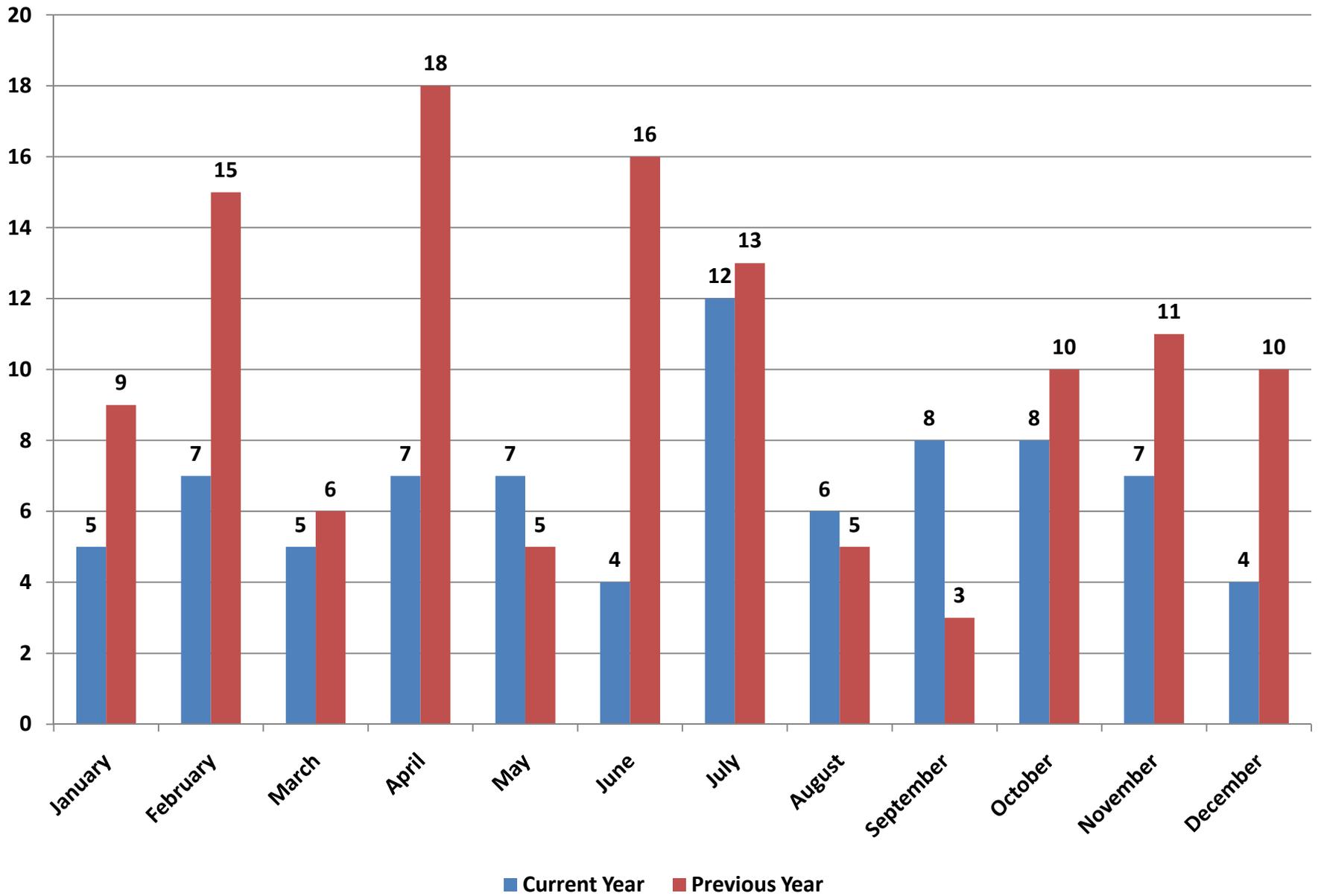
Total Drug Cases by Category



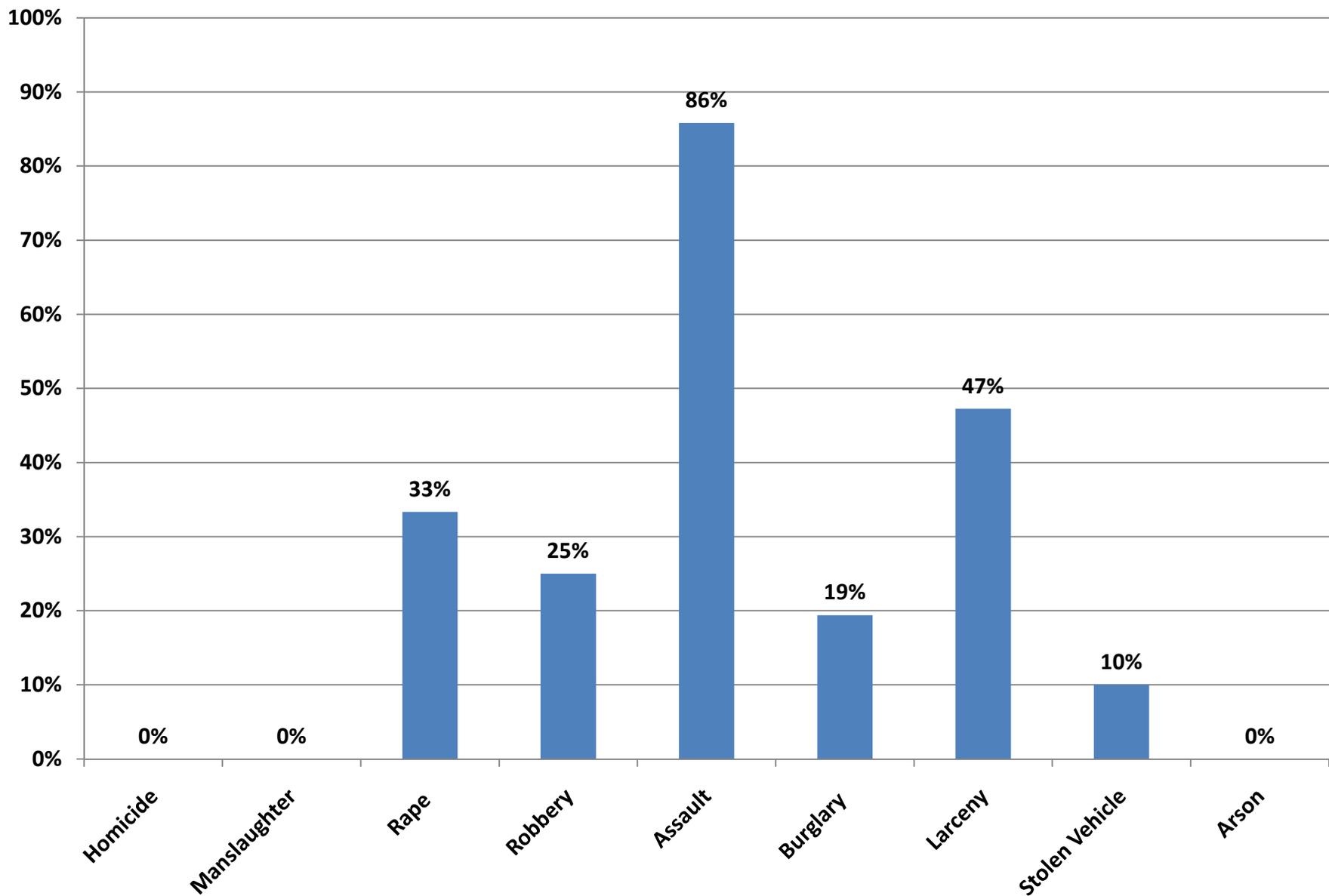
Offenses Against the Family Investigations



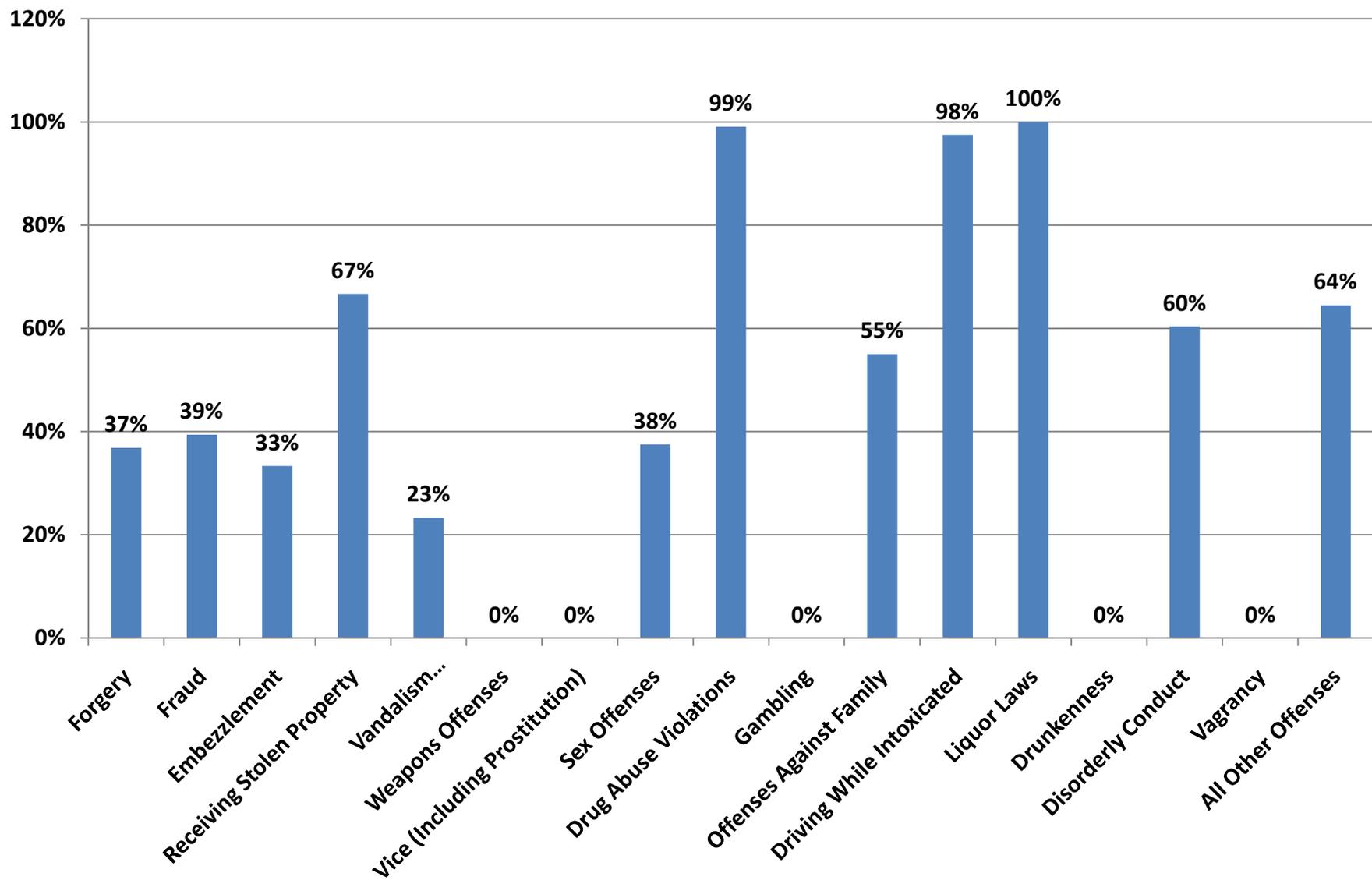
Driving While Intoxicated Investigations



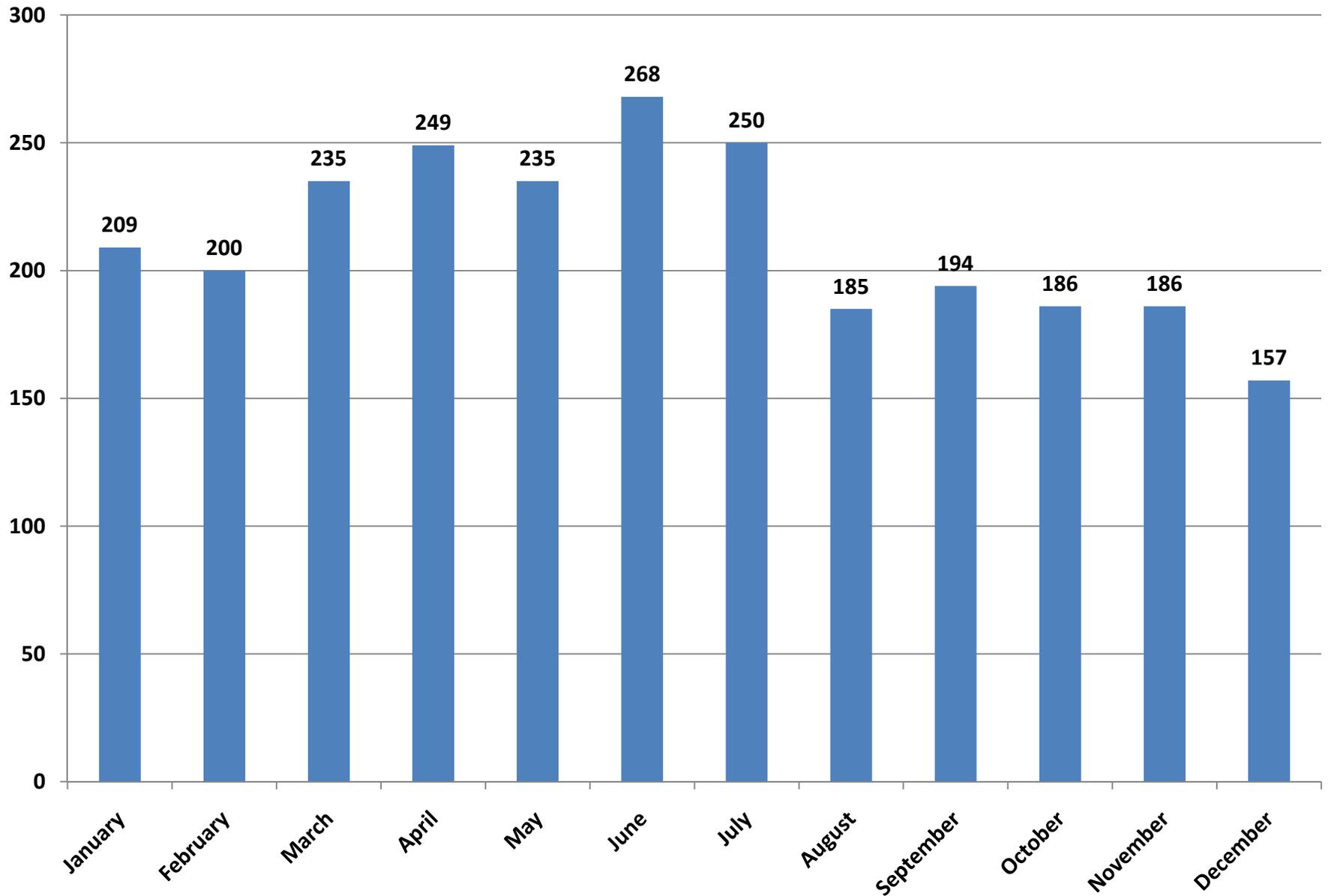
Case Solved Percentage by Category Part 1 Crime



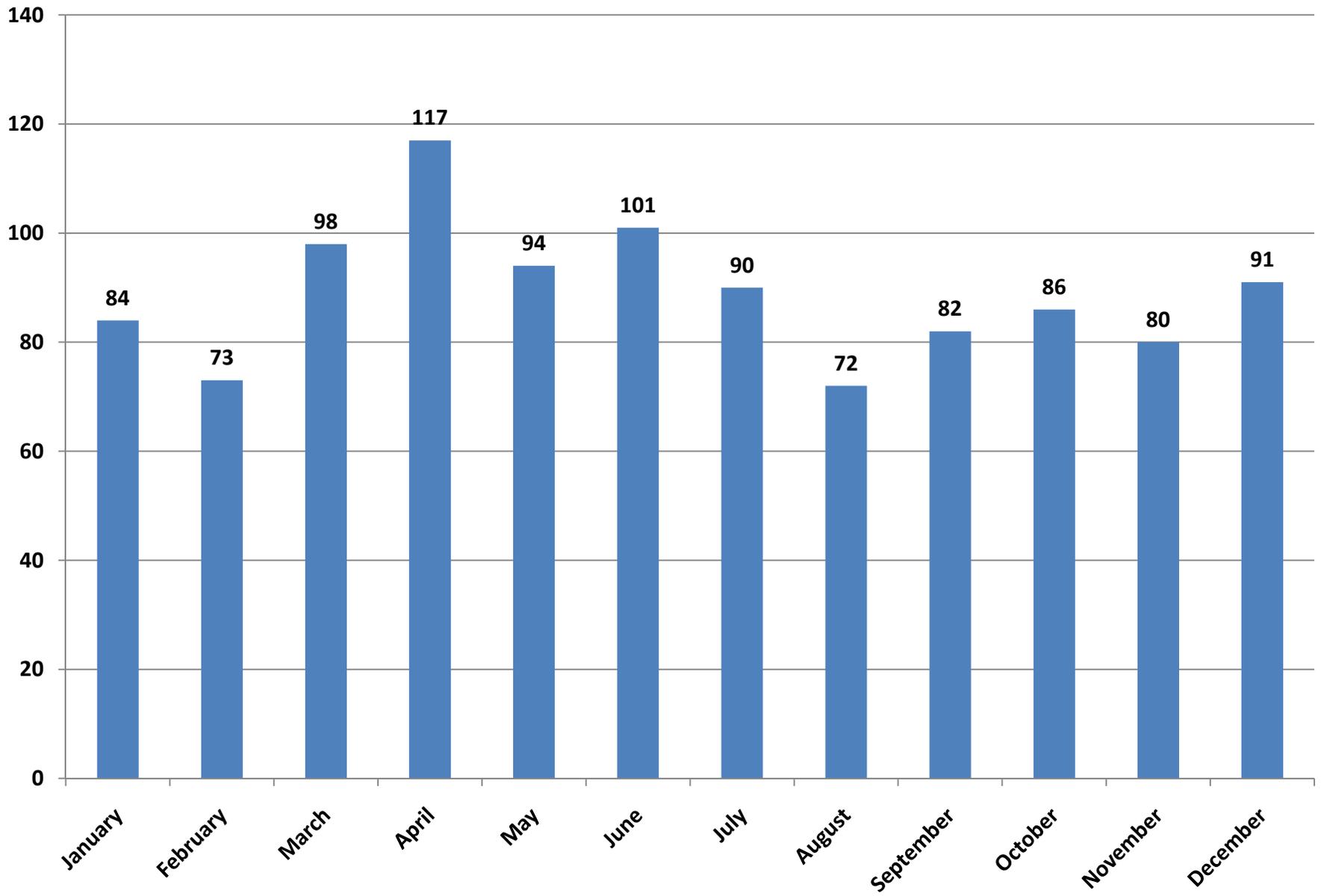
Case Solved Percentage by Category Part 2 Crime



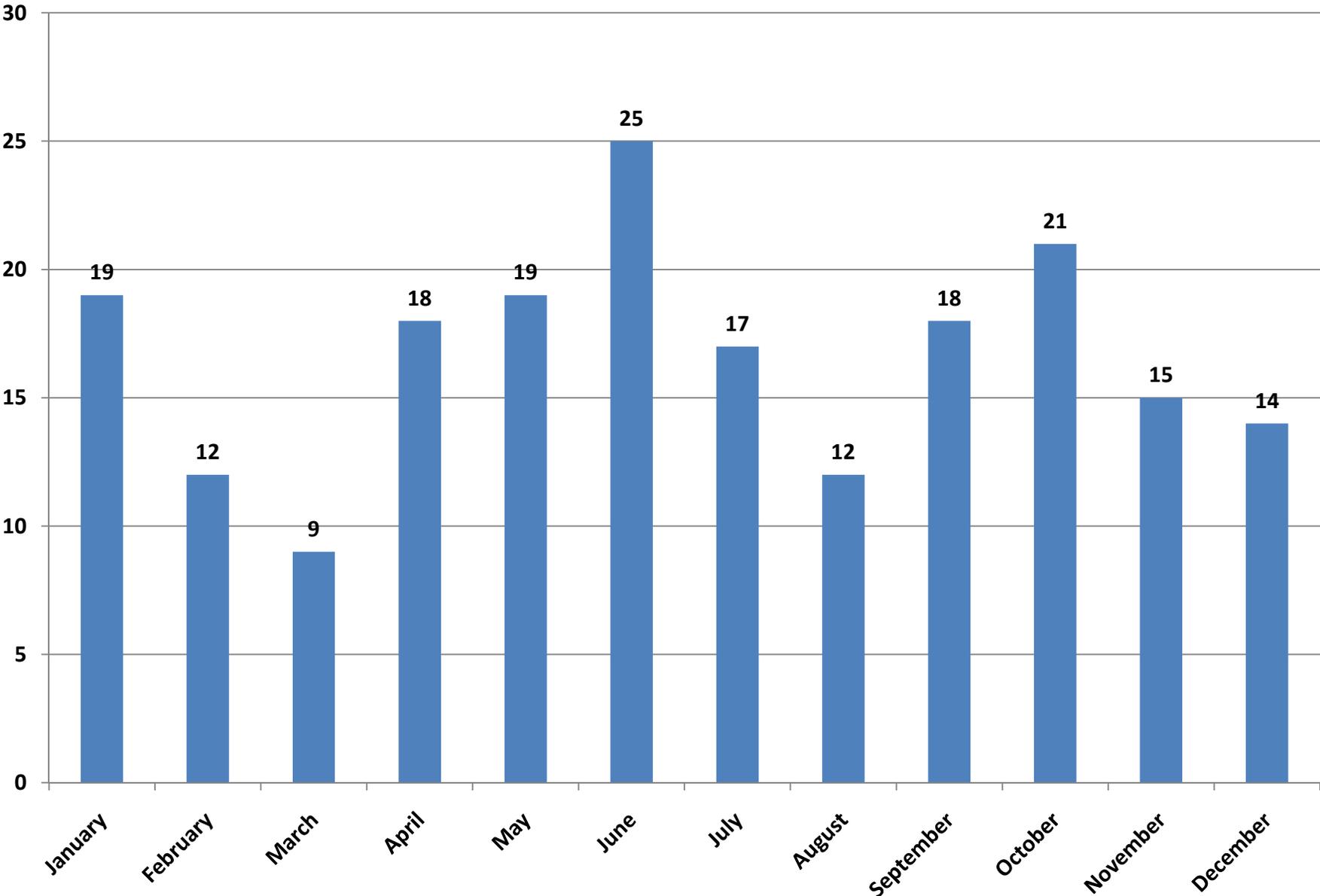
Reports taken by Month



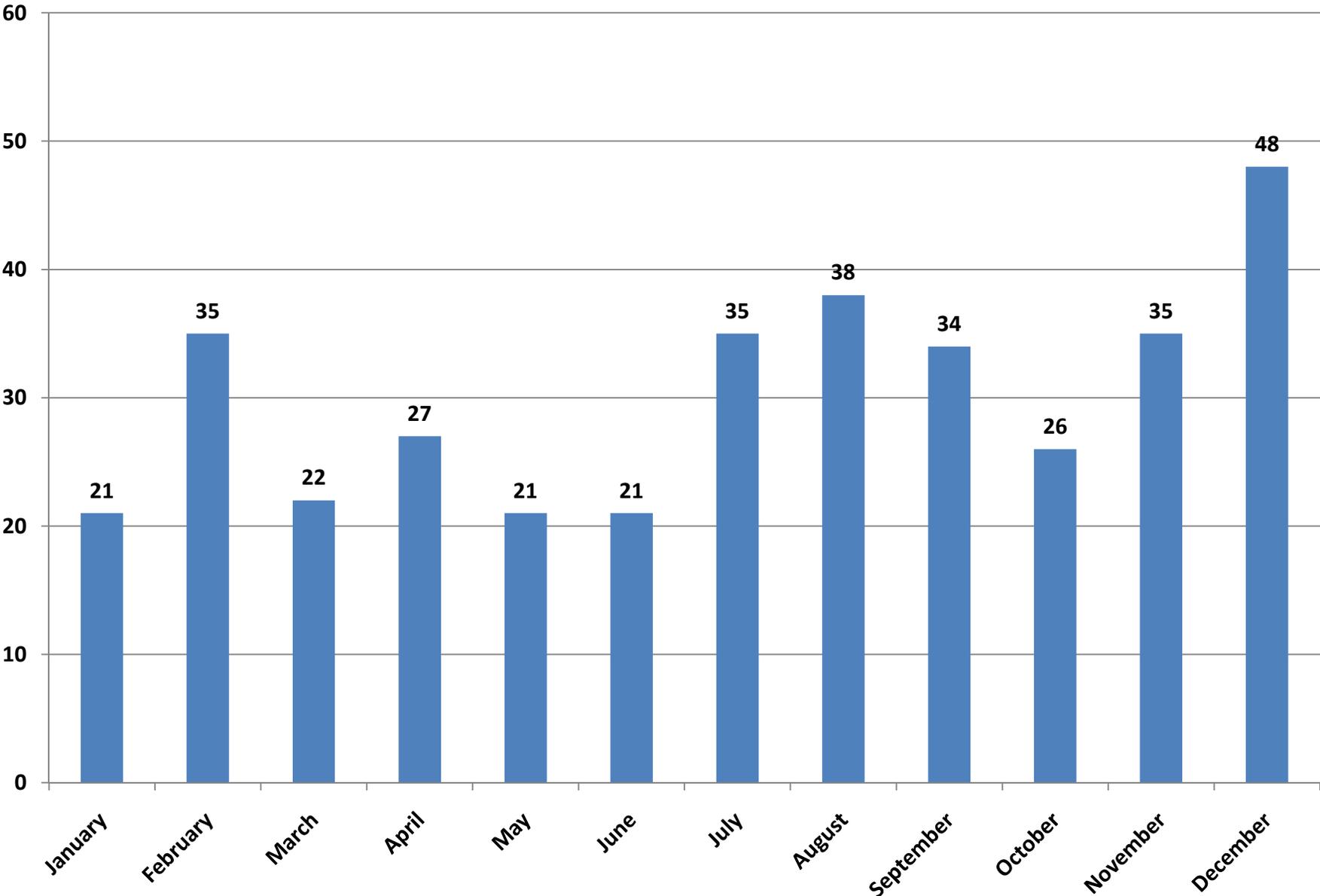
Adult Arrests by Month



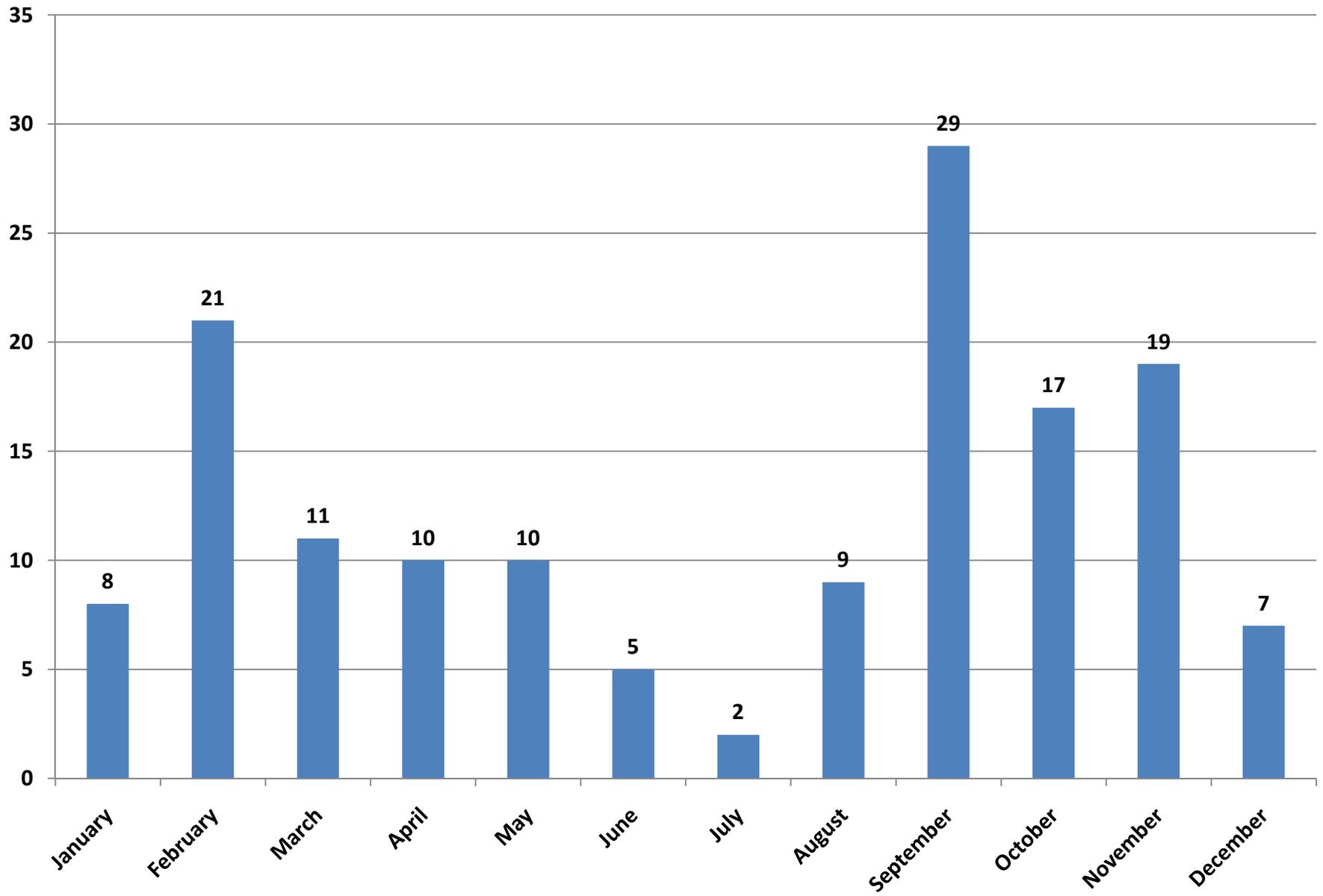
City Served Arrest Warrants



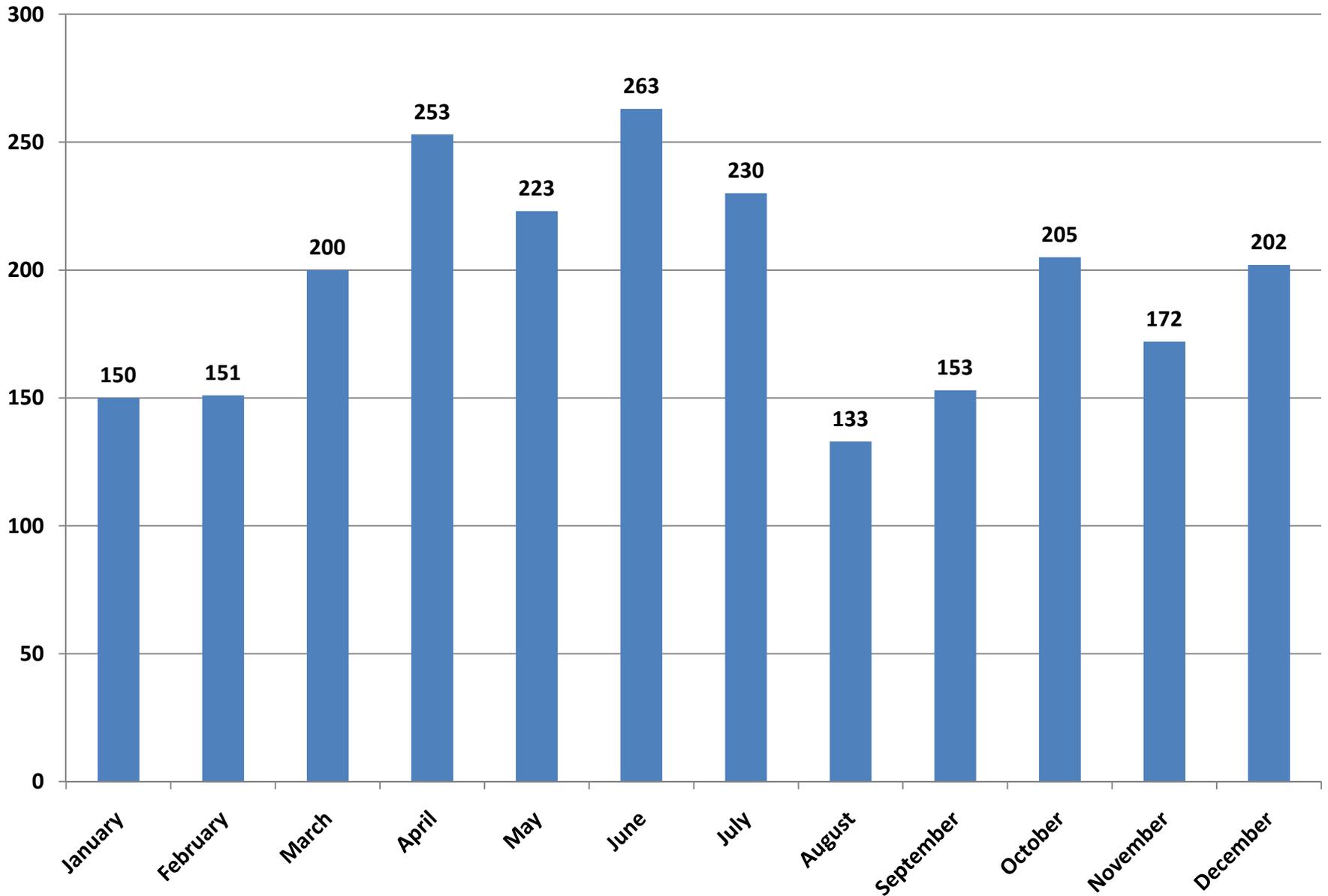
Outside Arrest Warrants Served in City



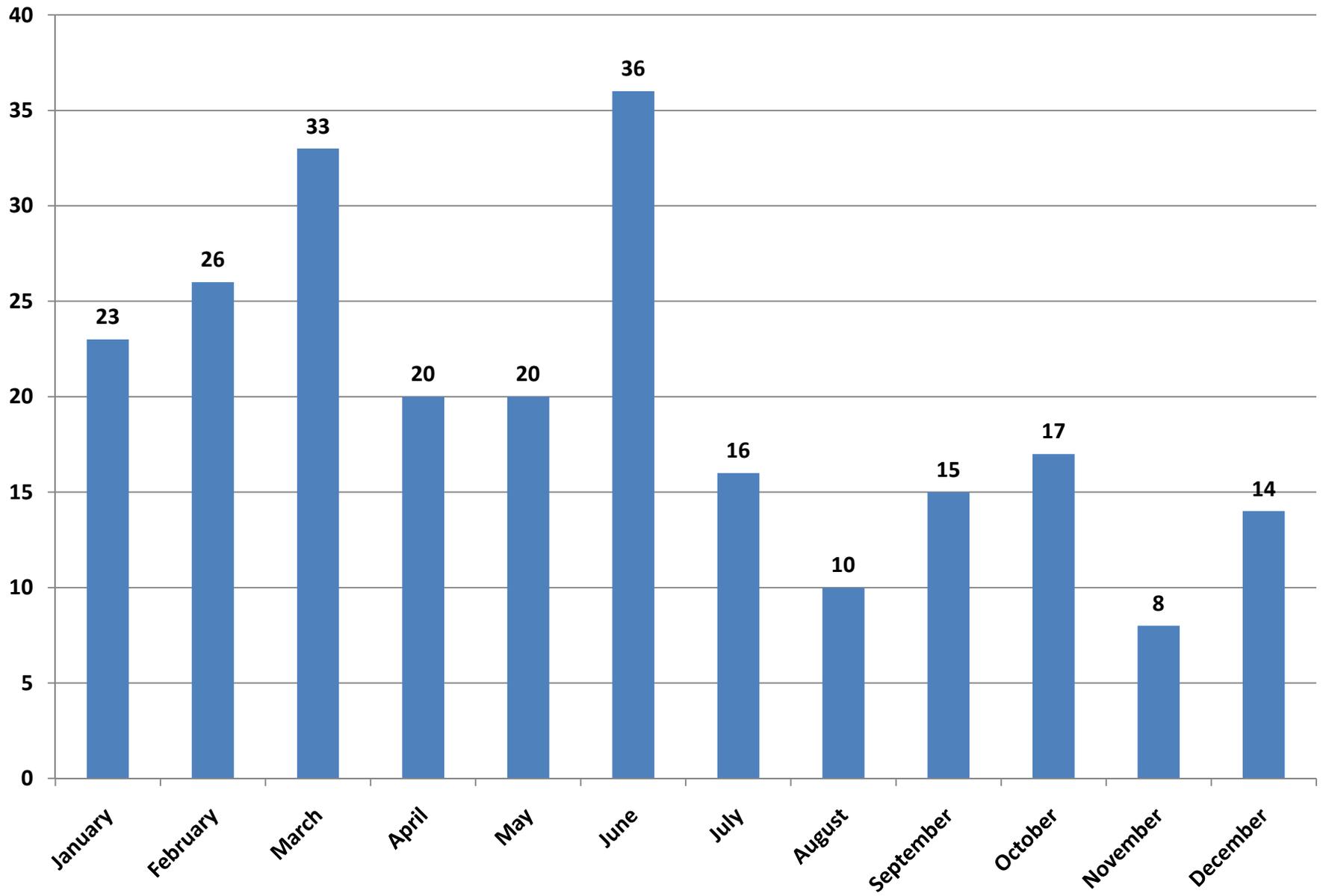
Juvenile Referrals (Arrests)



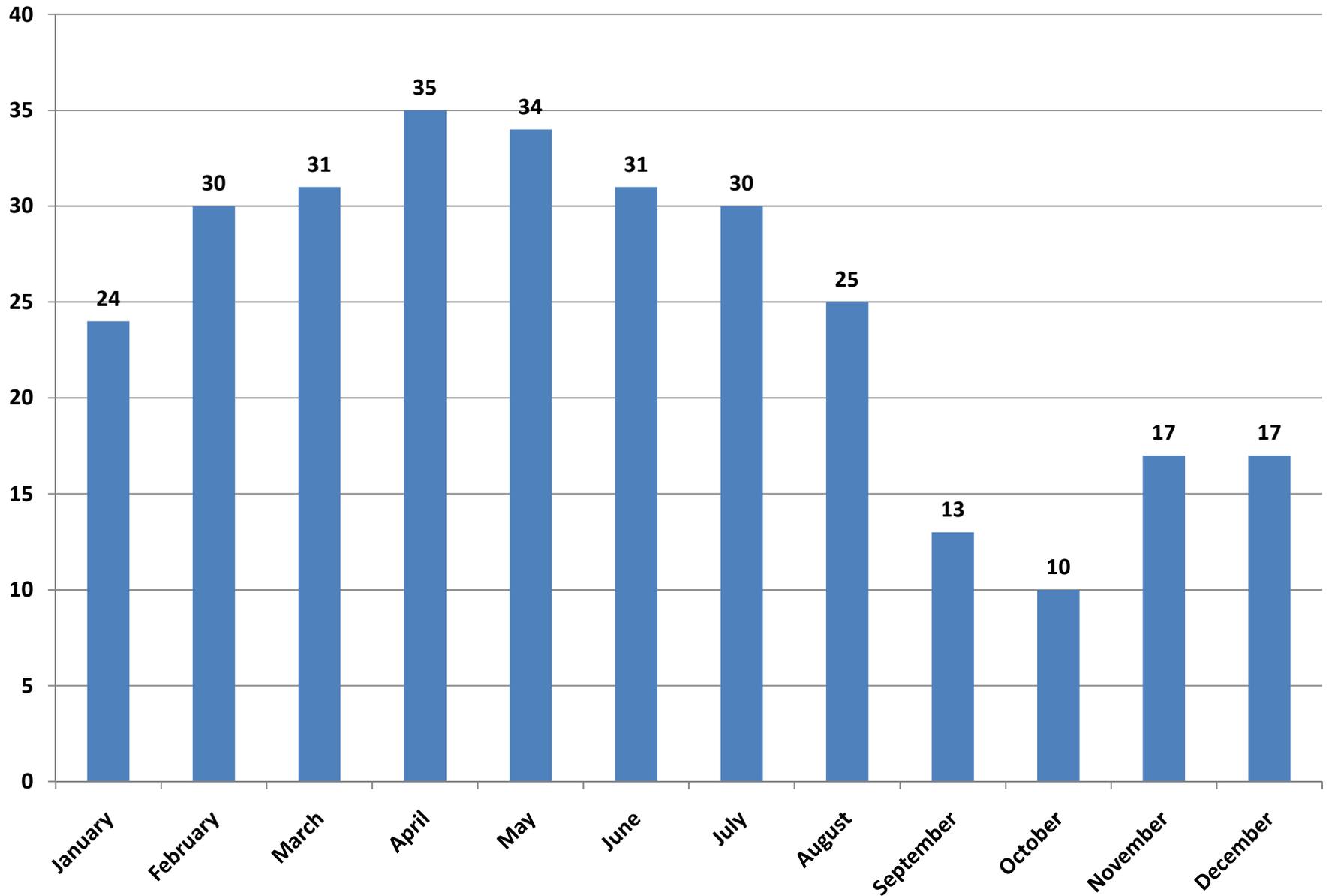
Cases to City Court



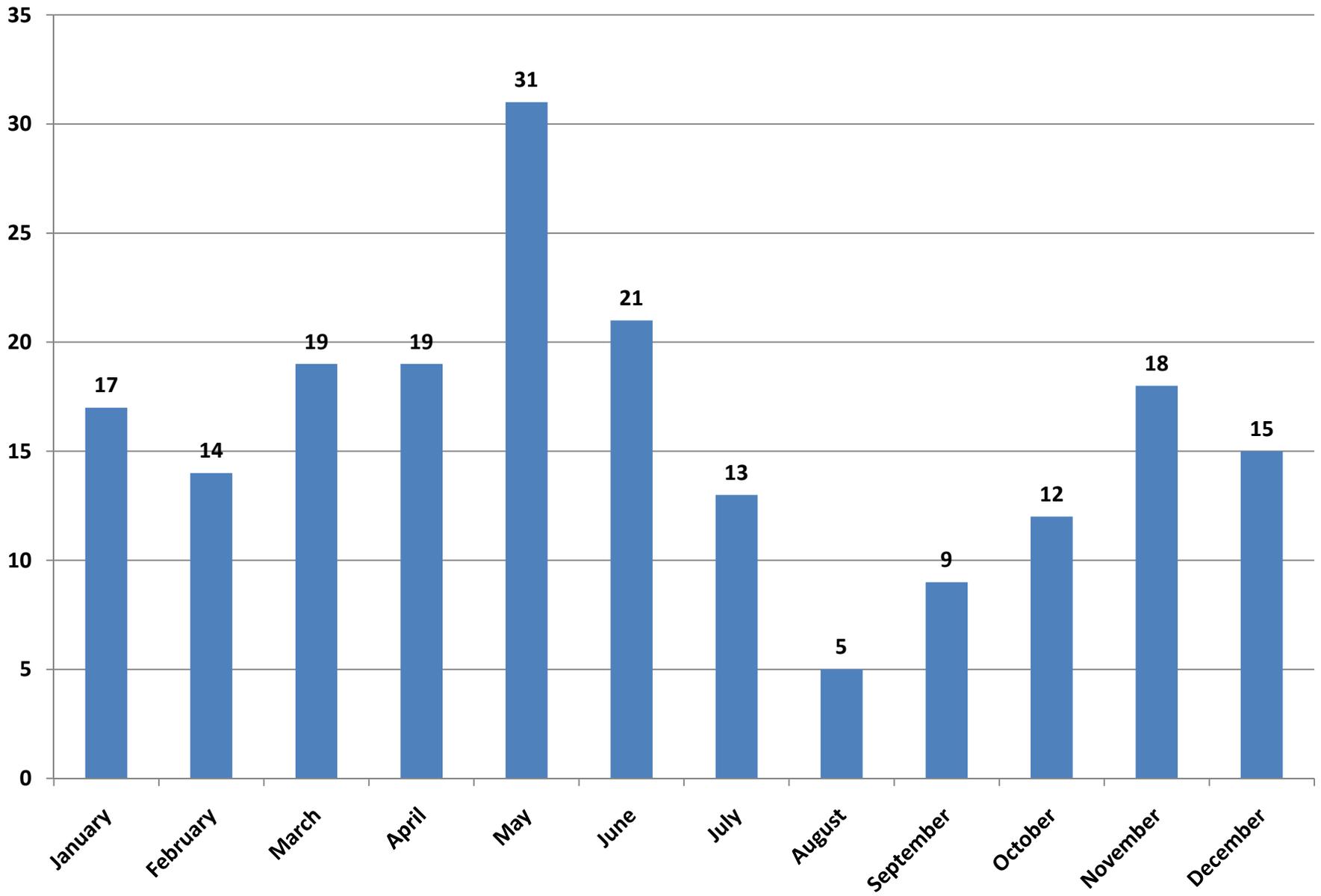
Cases to County PA



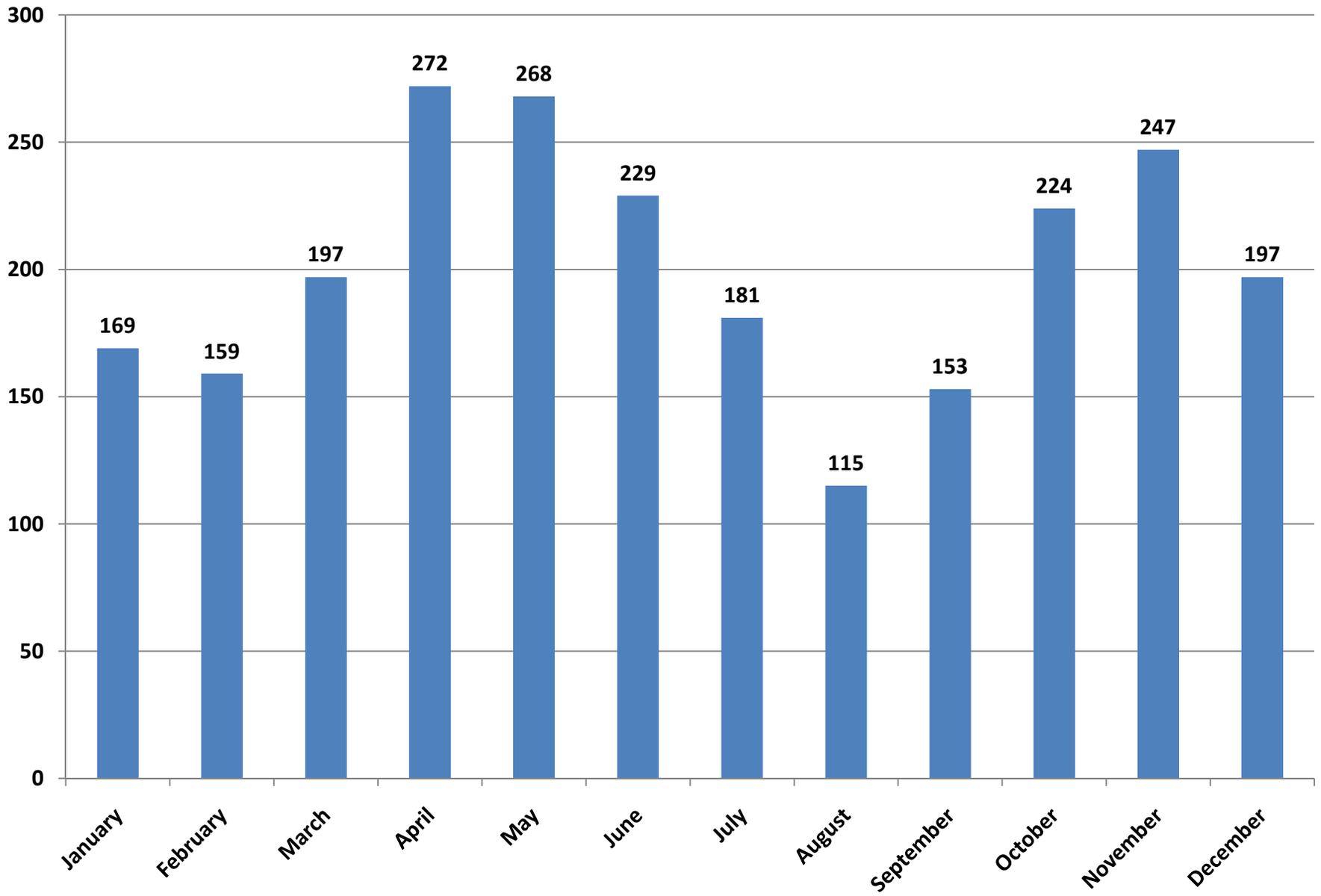
Accidents



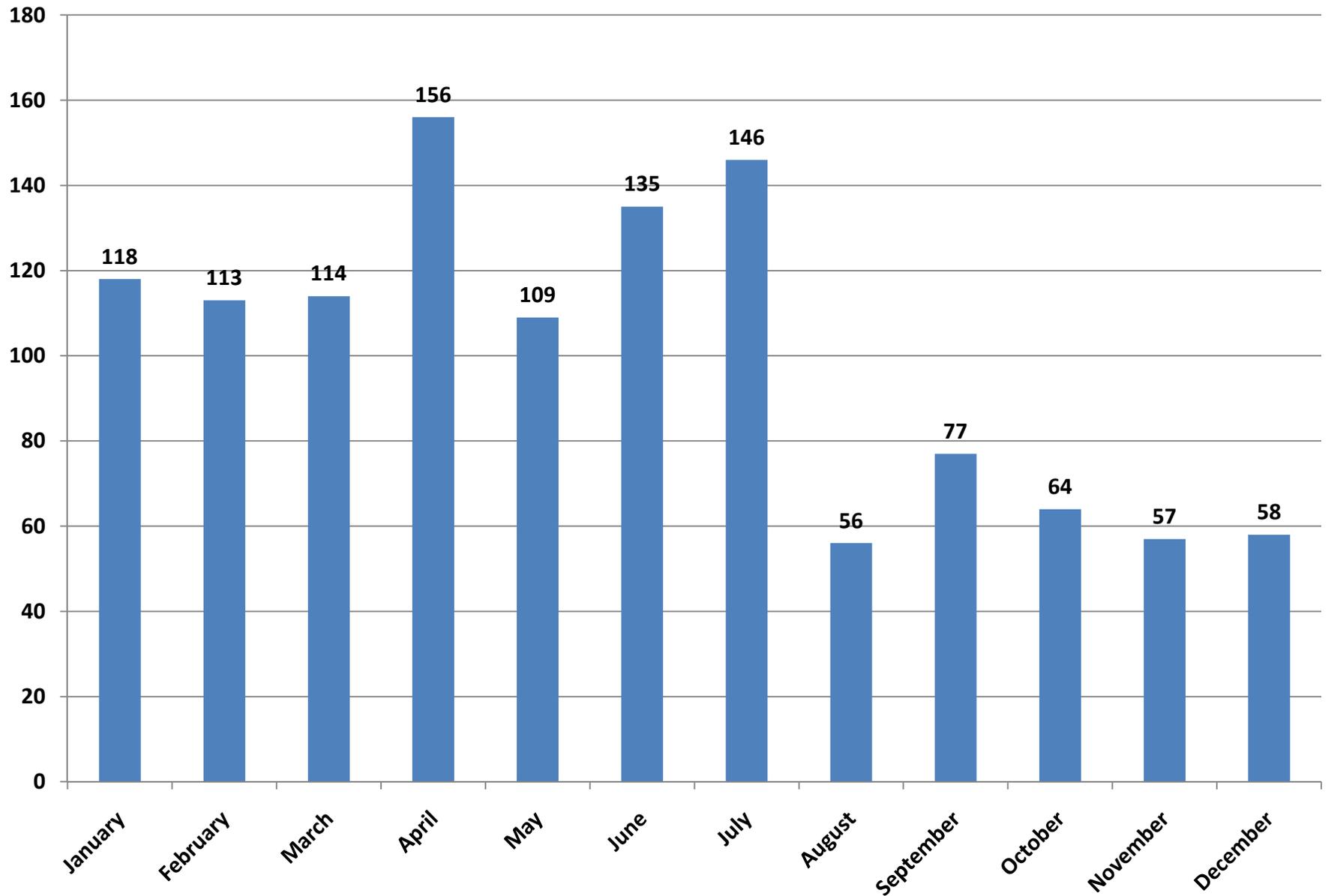
Driving While Revoked or Suspended



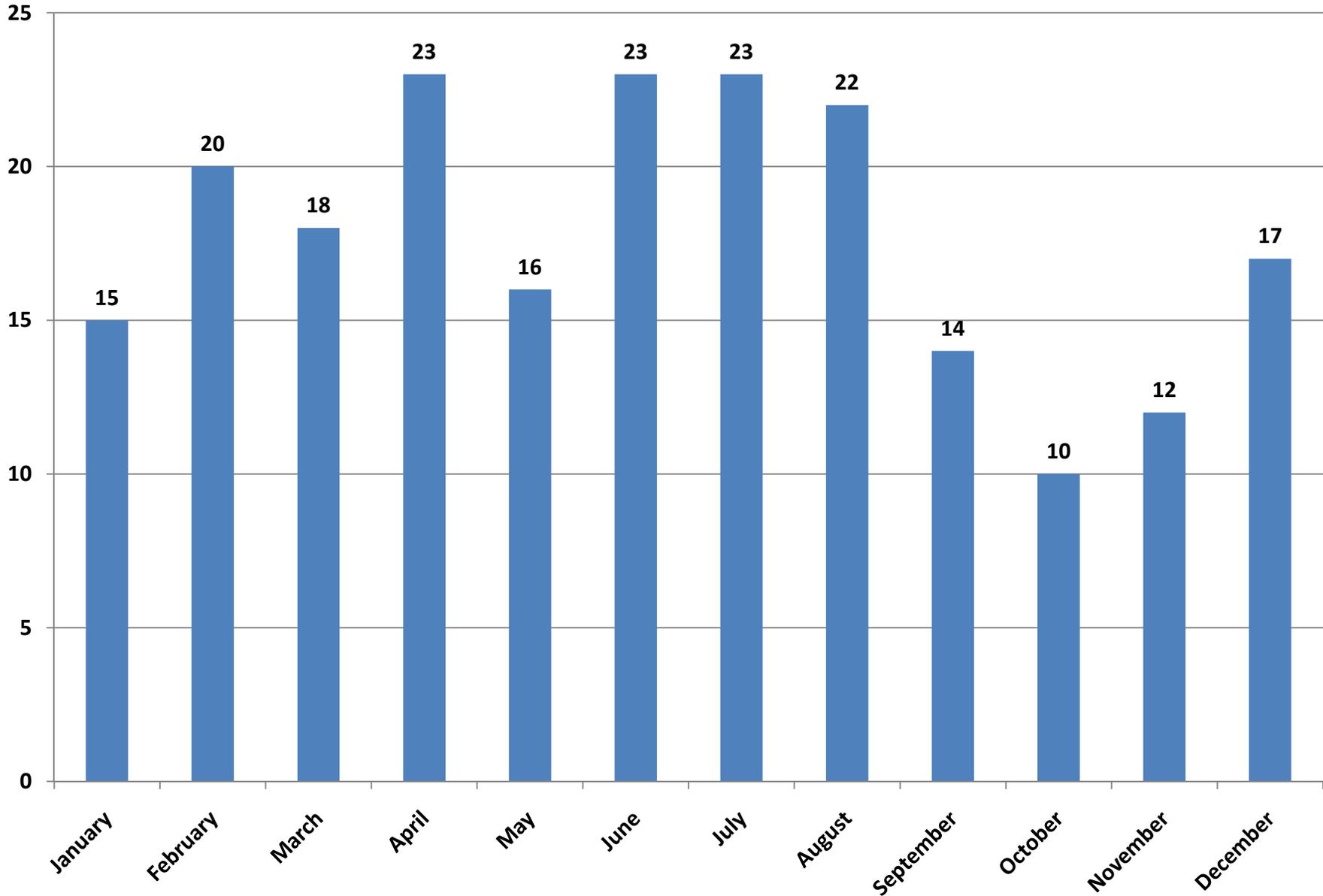
Citations Issued by Month



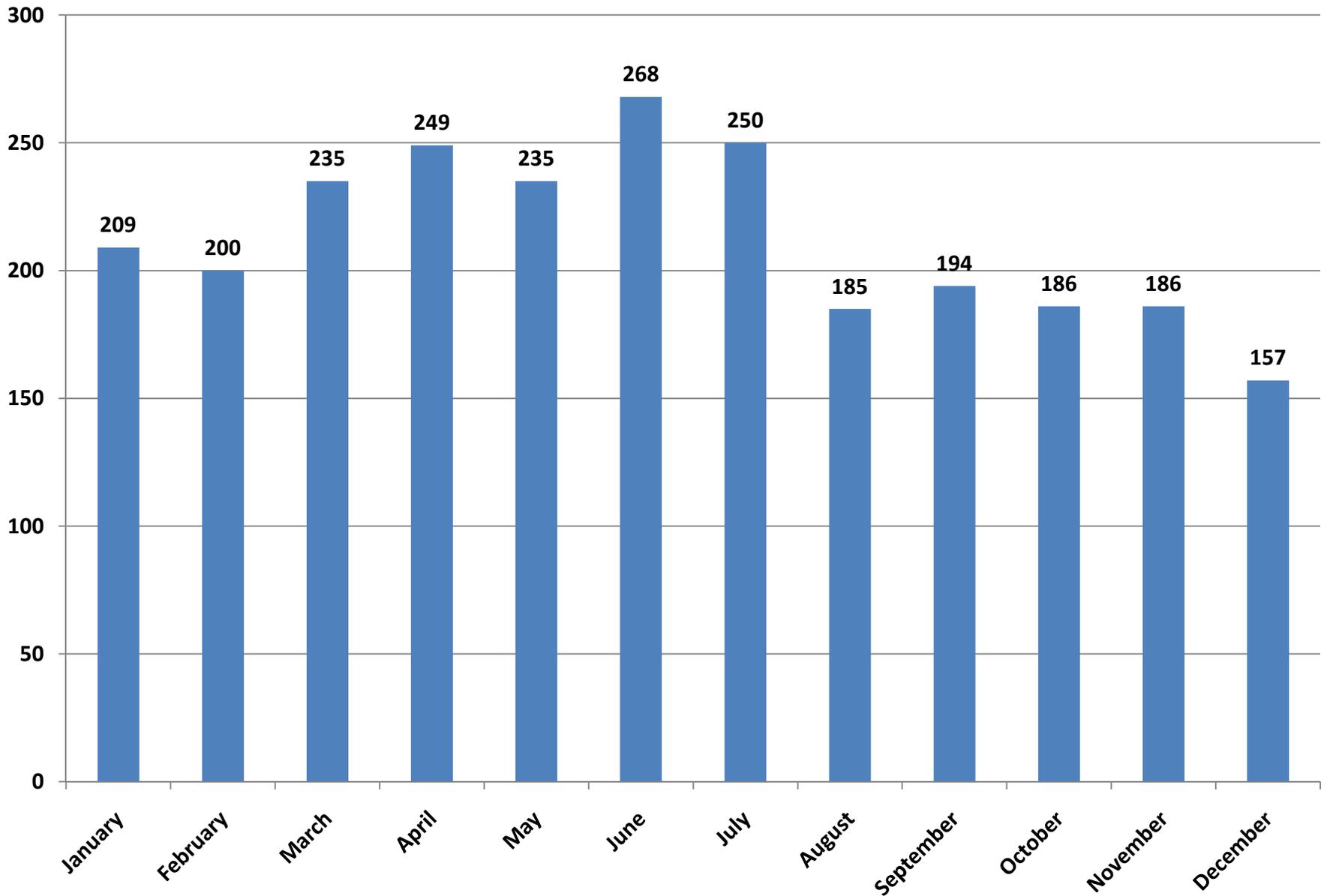
Warnings Issued by Month



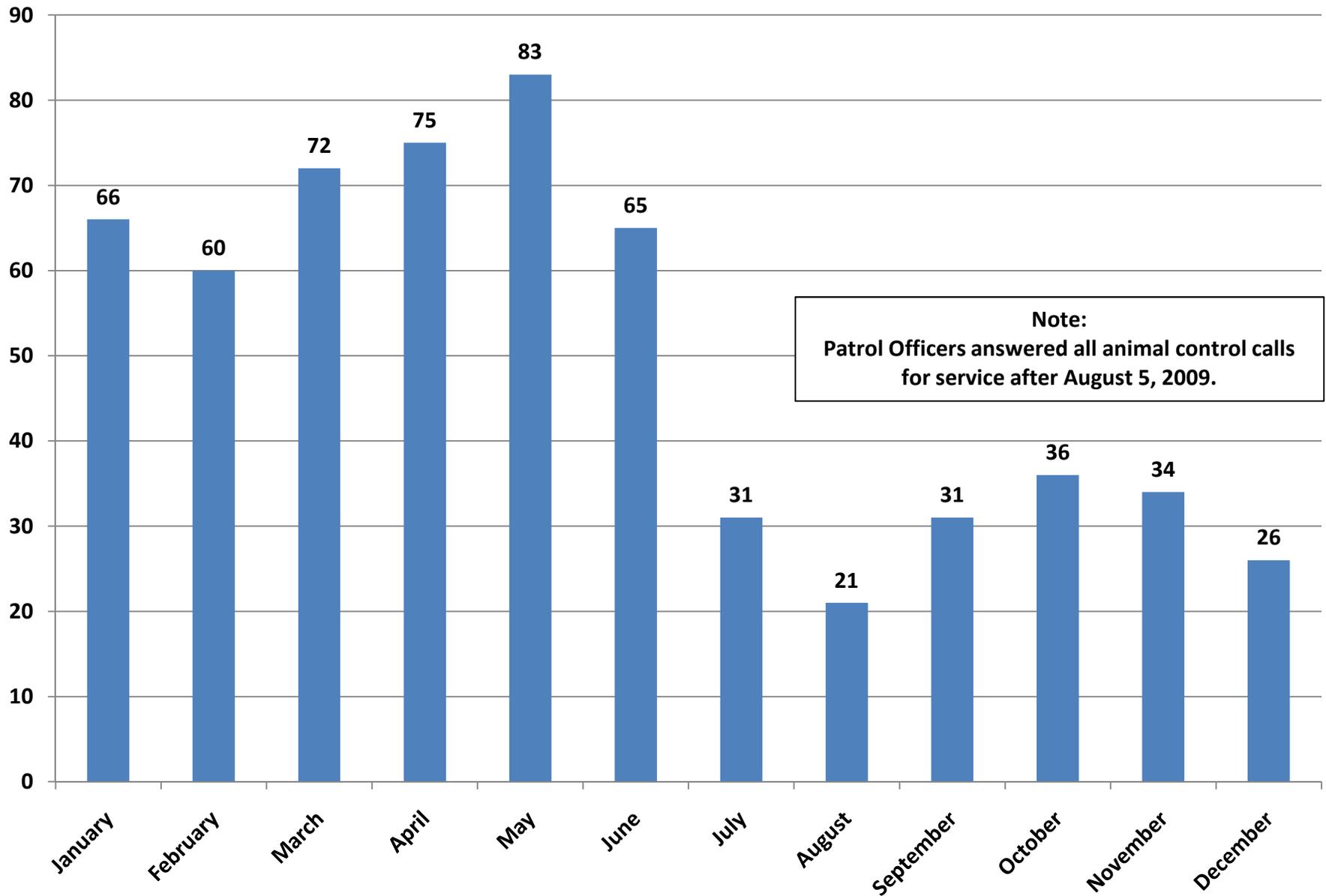
Domestic Violence Investigations



Calls For Service by Month



ACO Calls For Service



2010 SUSPECT AGGRESSION / LEVELS OF RESISTENCE REPORT

GENERAL

In 2010, the Neosho Police Department responded to **15302** calls for service. Of those calls, responding officers had 44 incidents of suspect aggression / levels of resistance where the officer had to use force to protect themselves or victims, and/or complete custodial arrests. The incident rate of suspect aggression / levels of resistance were **0.294%** of the total call volume for the department. The Bureau of Justice Statistics reported just under **1%** of all calls for service required police officers to respond to aggressive or resistant suspects¹.

There were no use of force complaints made for the calendar year. According to the Bureau of Justice Statistics, an agency will experience **6.6** complaints per every **100** officers per year². For most of the calendar year, our agency had **26** sworn personnel. Based on the Bureau of Justice Statistics our agency should have experienced **1.72** complaints every year while maintaining pre-layoff police staffing. During the past four years our agency has not had a single use of force complaint filed with our or any other agency.

DISCHARGE OF FIREARMS / LESS-LETHAL MUNITIONS

There were only four incidents of officers discharging their firearms. In each of these incidents the firearms were used to humanely end the suffering of a severely injured or diseased animal.

There were only four incidents of officers discharging their Tasers. One incident was an accidental discharge, one incident was the threat of the use of a Taser because a suspect was threatening to assault officers, and two actual Taser deployments on suspects who were acting aggressively toward officers or offering substantial resistance. In none of the reported Taser usage were any suspects injured as a result of the deployment of the Taser. Our incidence of Taser usage is a result of our agency's policy toward the use of force continuum and aggressive stance on talking down aggressive persons first before taking action. There was no other reported use of less-lethal munitions by our agency.

USE OF FORCE STATISTICS

During the past year, persons have resisted or acted aggressively towards officers by: eight attempts at using hands, eight attempts with feet, two incidents of officers bitten by a

¹ This statistic was supplied by the International Police Chief's Association in a study conducted in 1990-2000

² Hickman, M.J., 2006. Citizen complaints about police use of force: Organizational, administrative, and environmental correlates. Paper presented at the annual meeting of the American Society of Criminology, Los Angeles, CA, November 1, 2006.

suspect, and two incidents of an officer spit upon by a suspect. These attempts by persons are actually down from a high two years ago and about the same as last year. During those arrests, suspects were also in possession of, or attempted to use these weapons to assault or evade officers: one incident of a handgun, two incidents of a vehicle, one incident of a knife. In response to the aggressive acts our officers used the threat of a firearm, rifle, and the actual use of a flashlight to defend themselves.

Injuries most often sustained by officers were equally distributed through the body with two head injuries, two hand injuries, and two leg injuries. There were no reported incidents of time off by officers as a result of injuries they sustained. Oppositely, suspects sustained injuries to their head (eight occurrences) and arm (one occurrence). All suspects were medically examined and no reports of significant injuries were reported.

USE OF FORCE INDEX

Our agency utilizes a use of force index which is similar to the crime reporting index. See the cover sheet for the Use of Force Yearend Report for its design. This formula allows our agency to compare our use of force to previous years by using a standardized ratio of the number of officers and use of force incidents compared to the total number of arrests for that year. Our use of force index was at the highest level in the past 10 years. **PLEASE USE CAUTION** when looking at this number because it is using the new layoff staffing numbers which impact the overall rating. We are using this rating to determine the likelihood of a typical officers being exposed to an aggressive or resistant suspect. This number would have been similar to last year's number had we been able to maintain our staffing numbers, and it is impossible to conclusively tell the safety impact in terms of the Use of Force index on the reduction of police personnel within our agency. This number only tells us the how many times a typical officer based on the current staffing levels and arrest levels may possibly be confronted with an aggressive or resisting individual during the calendar year.

CONCLUSION

Overall, our agency is meeting its goal in limiting the liability and injury to both officers and suspects through training and accountable management practices, and mandated officer reporting. There are no unusual occurrences or trends to indicate that our officers are not following standard procedure, and proper application of force when confronted with an aggressive or resistant suspect.

NEOSHO POLICE DEPARTMENT

USE OF FORCE YEAREND REPORT

TITLE: 2010 Use of Force Yearend Report DATE: 3/1/2011
 PREPARED BY: Peter D. Russell TITLE: Sergeant

USE OF FORCE INDEX

No. OF SWORN OFFICERS: 14 TOTAL NUMBER OF ARRESTS: 1068

CURRENT YEAR USE OF FORCE MAJOR INDEXES REPORTED

RESISTING ARREST	ASSAULT OF LAW ENFORCEMENT	PURSUITS	ARRESTS REQUIRING FORCE	USE OF FORCE INDEX
8	4	14	19	3.21

PREVIOUS YEAR USE OF FORCE MAJOR INDEXES REPORTED

No. OF SWORN OFFICERS: 24 TOTAL NUMBER OF ARRESTS: 1422

RESISTING ARREST	ASSAULT OF LAW ENFORCEMENT	PURSUITS	ARRESTS REQUIRING FORCE	USE OF FORCE INDEX
5	5	8	18	1.50

SUMMARY

Overall Use of Force Index for this year was: 3.21
 Overall Use of Force Index for the previous year was: 1.50

The Use of Force index was 53% higher when compared to the previous year.

USE OF FORCE INDEX USE AND INTERPRETATION

**The Use of Force Index creates a standardized statistical formula in which to compare all years together. The formula is based on the number of arrests made by the department divided by the number of officers within the department. The number of arrests is then divided by the number of occurrences where officers used force in the face of aggression or resisting arrest individuals. A final ratio is then calculated based on the two figures.*

***This information should be used as a guide. The higher the Use of Force Index, the more likely a typical Neosho Police Officer will be exposed to hazardous situations preceding to, during, and after an arrest has been made. The ratio is number of times an officer used force to subdue a aggressive or resisting subject during the calendar year. It is not a predictor of intensity and quantity of violent arrests, nor is it a predictor of how many injuries will be reported by the officer or suspect.*

CERTIFICATION

David L. McCracken	Chief of Police
Print Name	Title
	3/1/2011
Signature	Date

USE OF FORCE DETAILED ANALYSIS

FIREARM / PROJECTILE FIRED BY OFFICER REPORT

DISCHARGE OF FIREARMS	TASER DEPLOYMENTS	IMPACT WEAPONS	OTHER	TOTAL
4	4	0	0	8

USE OF FORCE JUSTIFICATION

PREVENT ESCAPE	PREVENT MISDEMEANOR	PREVENT FELONY	TOTAL
7	5	7	19

METHOD USED BY SUSPECT TO RESIST / ASSAULT OFFICERS

HANDS	FEET	TEETH	SPIT	OTHER	TOTAL
8	8	2	2	0	20

(SUSPECT) WEAPONS USED BY / IN POSSESSION OF WHEN FORCE WAS USED TO MAKE ARREST

HANDGUN	RIFLE	SHOTGUN	RIFLE	AUTO-MATIC RIFLE	VEHICLE	KNIFE	CLUB	OFFICER'S WEAPON	OTHER	TOTAL DEADLY WEAPONS
1	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	4

METHOD OFFICER USED TO SUBDUE SUSPECT

HANDS	FEET	WRESTLE	TOTAL
25	4	12	41

USE OF FORCE USED BY OFFICER TO EFFECT ARREST

STRAIGHT BATON	MACE	TEARGAS	DUTY FIREARM	OFF-DUTY FIREARM	SHOTGUN	RIFLE	FLASHLIGHT	AUTO FIREARM	OTHER	TASER
0	0	0	9	0	0	1	1	0	1	3

INJURIES SUSTAINED BY SUSPECT

HEAD	TRUNK	ARM	HAND	LEG	OTHER	TOTAL
5	0	1	0	0	0	6

INJURIES SUSTAINED BY POLICE OFFICER

HEAD	TRUNK	ARM	HAND	LEG	OTHER	TOTAL
2	0	0	2	2	0	6

HISTORICAL USE OF FORCE BY PRIMARY INDEXES AND YEAR

YEAR	No. SWORN	No. ARRESTS	RESISTING ARREST	ASSAULT OFFICER	PURSUIITS	ARRESTS REQUIRING FORCE	USE OF FORCE INDEX
2001	25	1059	2	2	8	9	0.84
2002	24	995	1	0	7	14	0.92
2003	25	1087	2	5	6	15	1.12
2004	26	1184	1	2	7	13	0.88
2005	25	1298	9	0	10	12	1.24
2006	26	1098	24	12	12	22	2.69
2007	26	1162	18	12	13	19	2.38
2008	26	1279	18	8	12	28	2.54
2009	24	1422	5	5	8	18	1.50
2010	14	1068	8	4	14	19	3.21

HISTORICAL STATISTICS

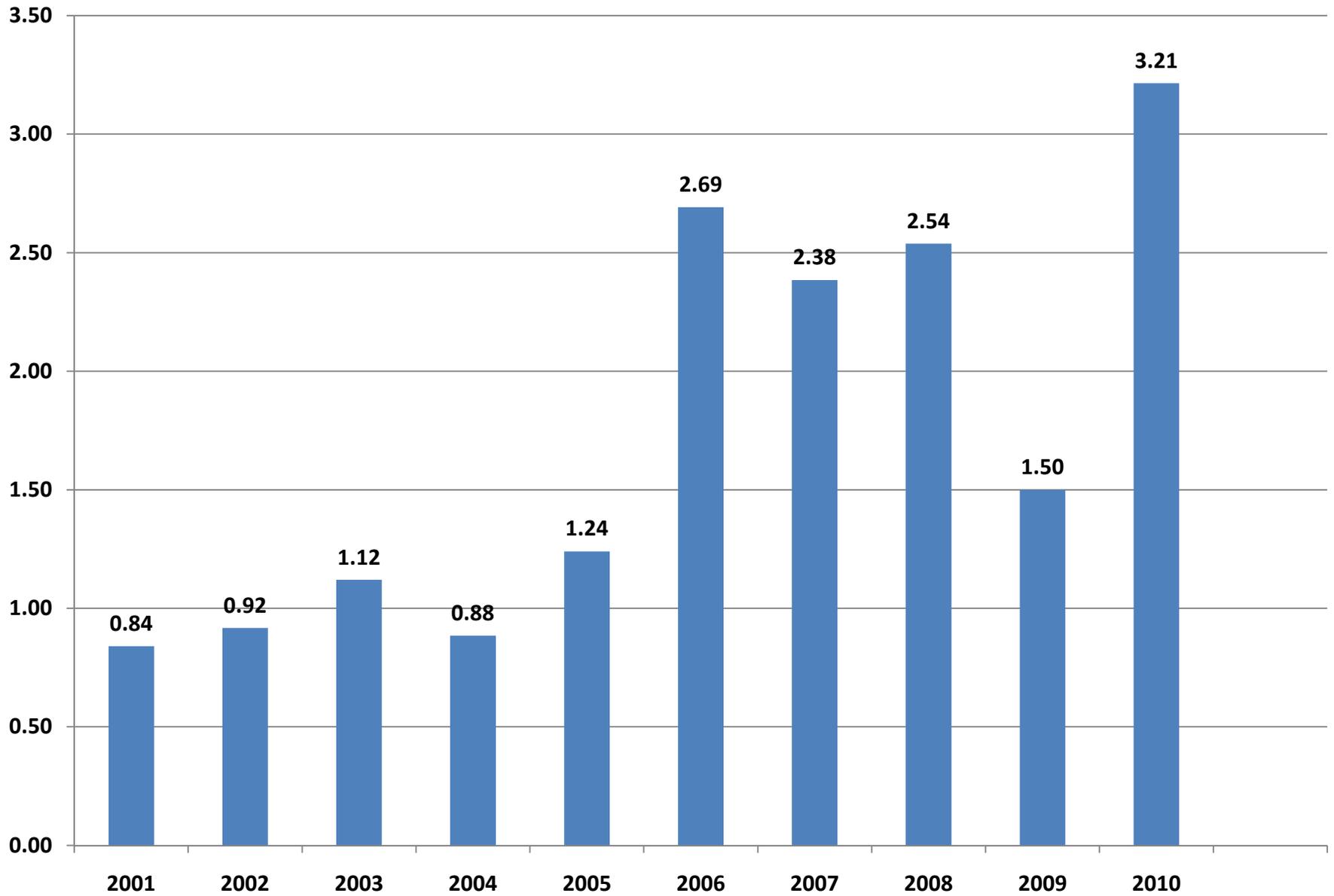
DATA COMPARISONS

CRITERIA	No. ARRESTS	RESISTING ARREST	ASSAULT OFFICER	PURSUIITS	ARRESTS REQUIRING FORCE	USE OF FORCE INDEX
AVERAGE OF ALL YEARS	1165.2	8.8	5	9.7	16.9	1.73
CURRENT YEAR	1068	8	4	14	19	3.21
% DIFFERENCE	-9%	-10%	-25%	31%	11%	46%

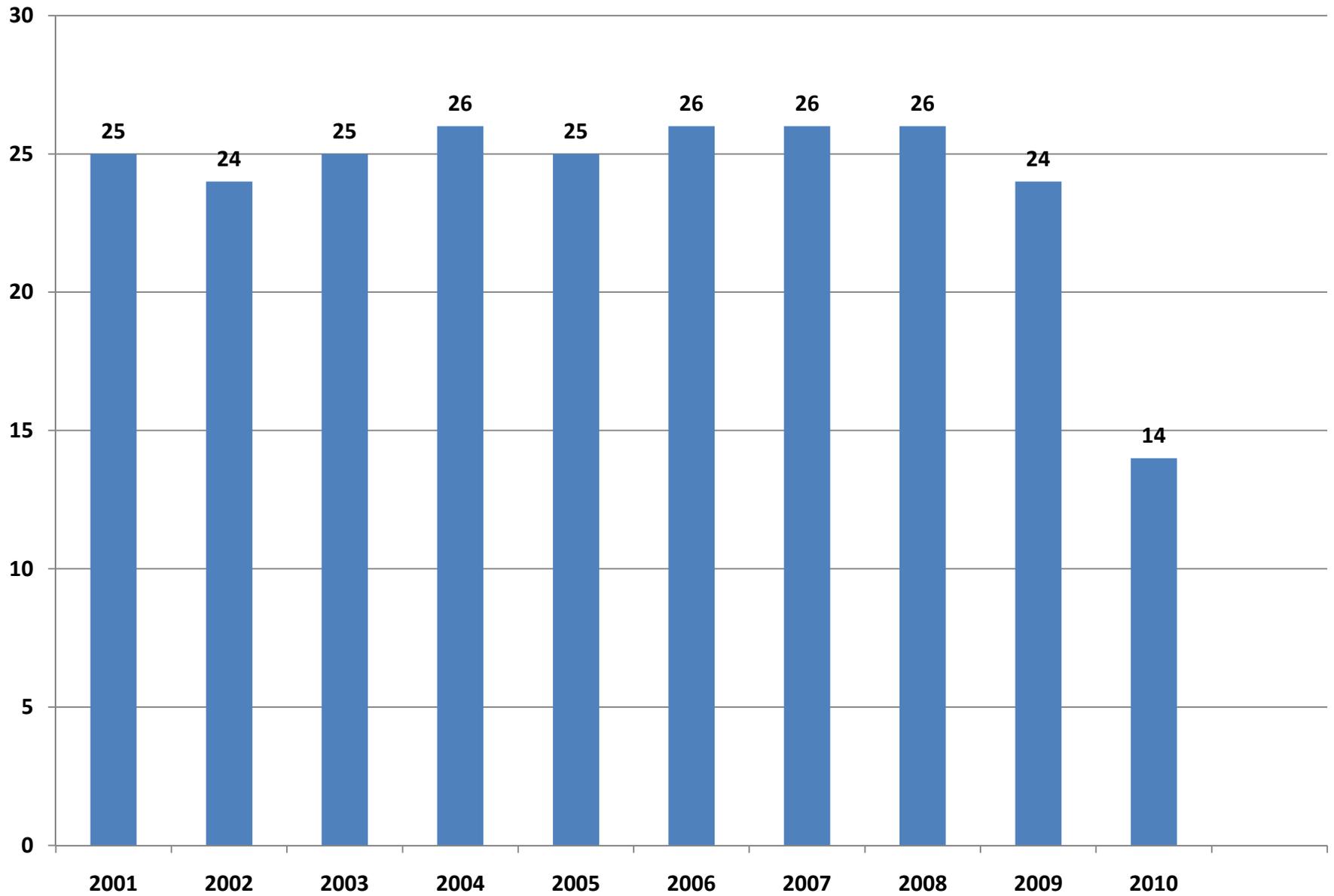
USE OF FORCE FREQUENCY

YEAR	CALLS FOR SERVICE	INCIDENTS	FREQUENCY	USE OF FORCE COMPLAINTS	VALIDATED COMPLAINTS
2001	20356	21	0.103%	0	0
2002	20407	22	0.108%	1	0
2003	21583	28	0.130%	1	0
2004	21160	23	0.109%	1	0
2005	20919	31	0.148%	0	0
2006	20779	70	0.337%	0	0
2007	22597	62	0.274%	0	0
2008	21215	66	0.311%	0	0
2009	19783	36	0.182%	0	0
2010	15302	45	0.294%	0	0

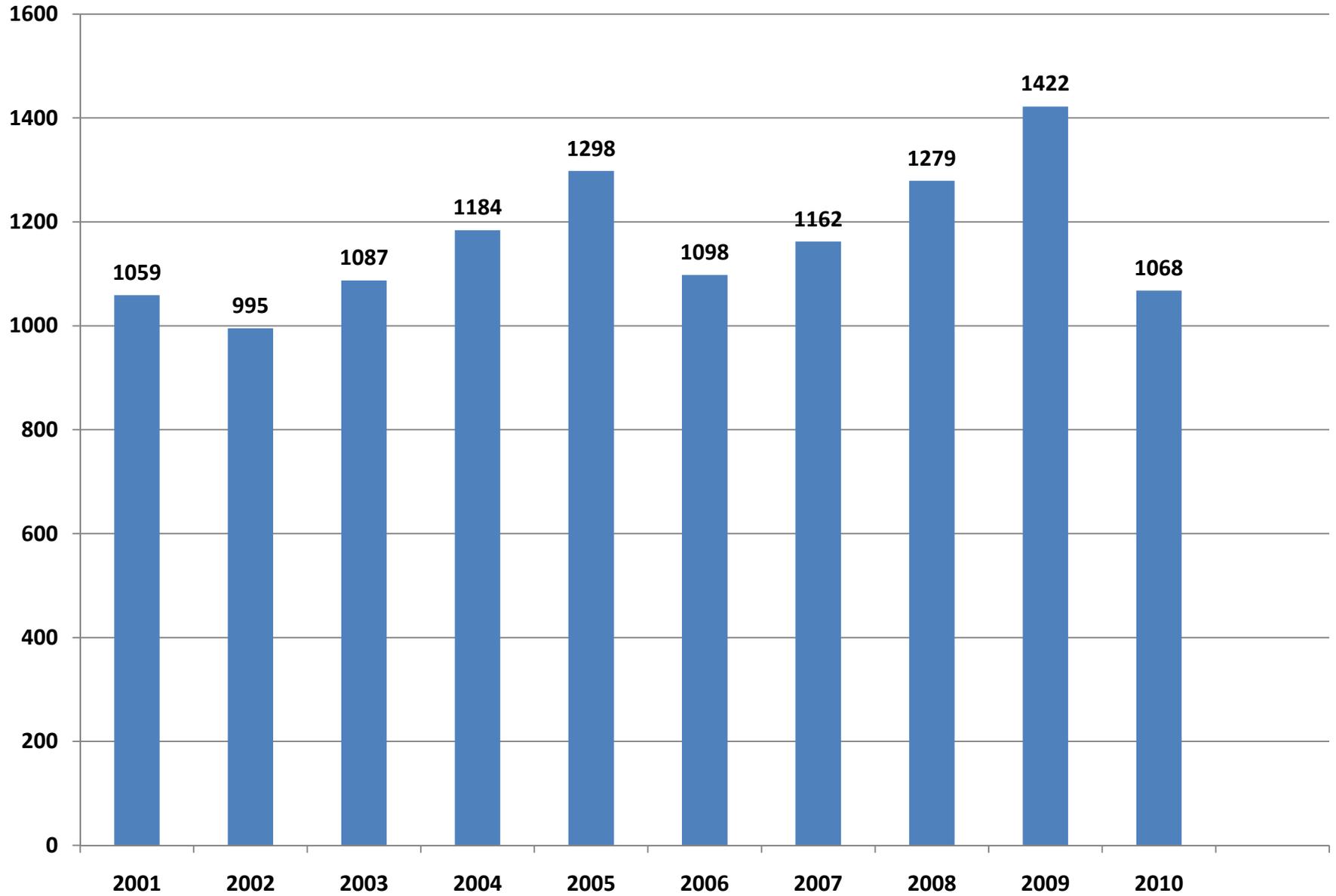
Use of Force Index Comparison by Year



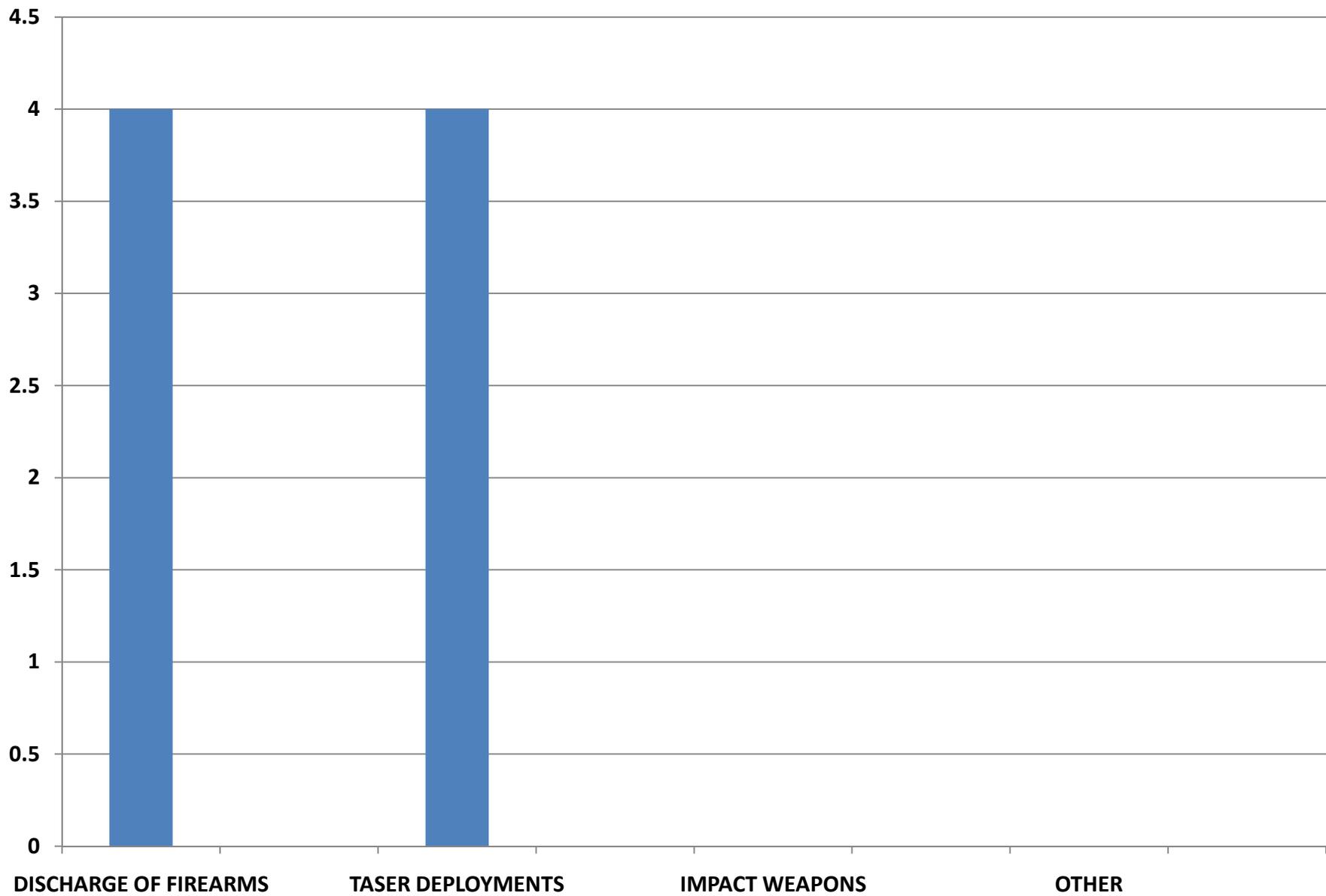
Number of Sworn Officers by Year



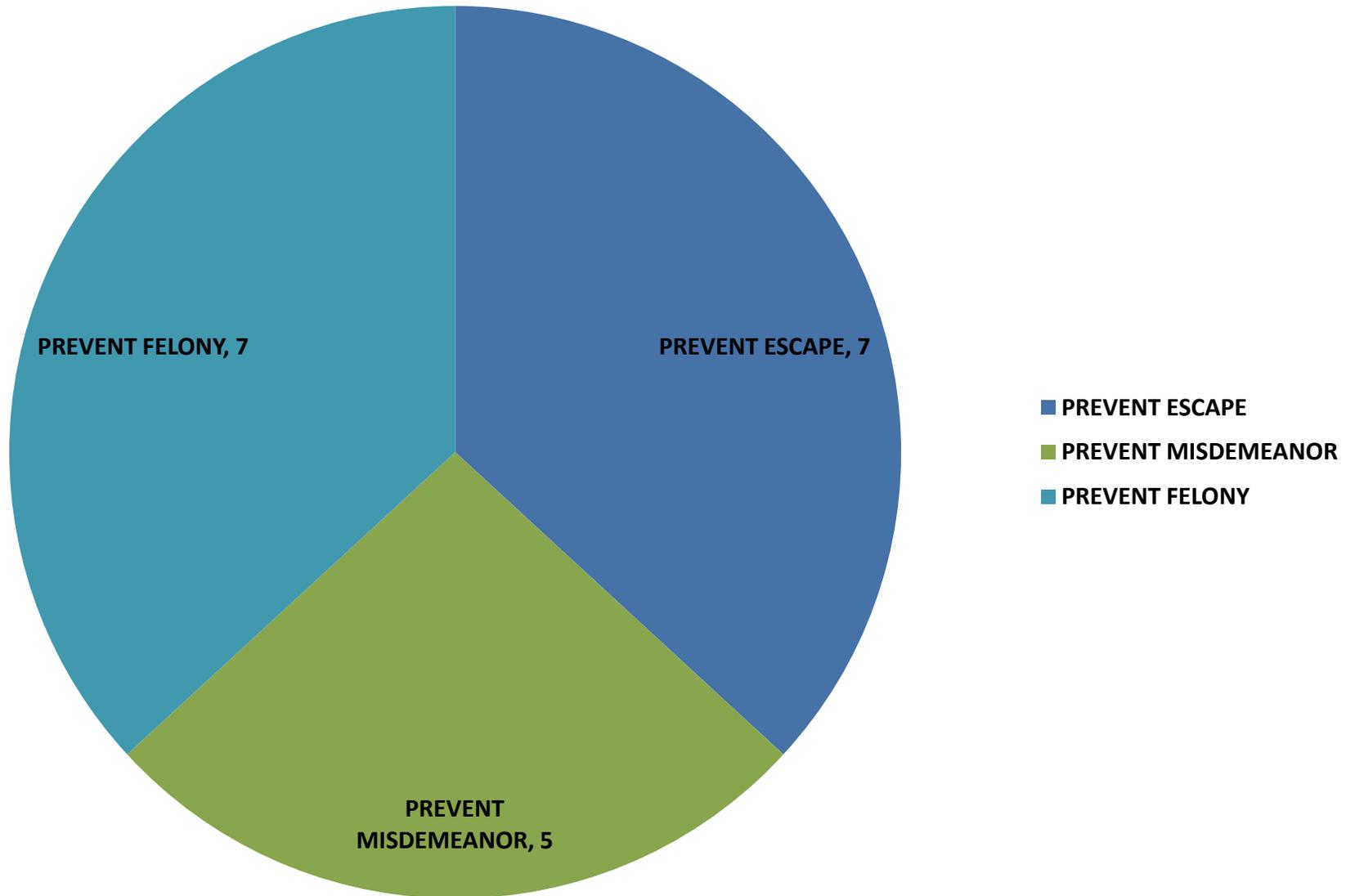
Arrests by Year



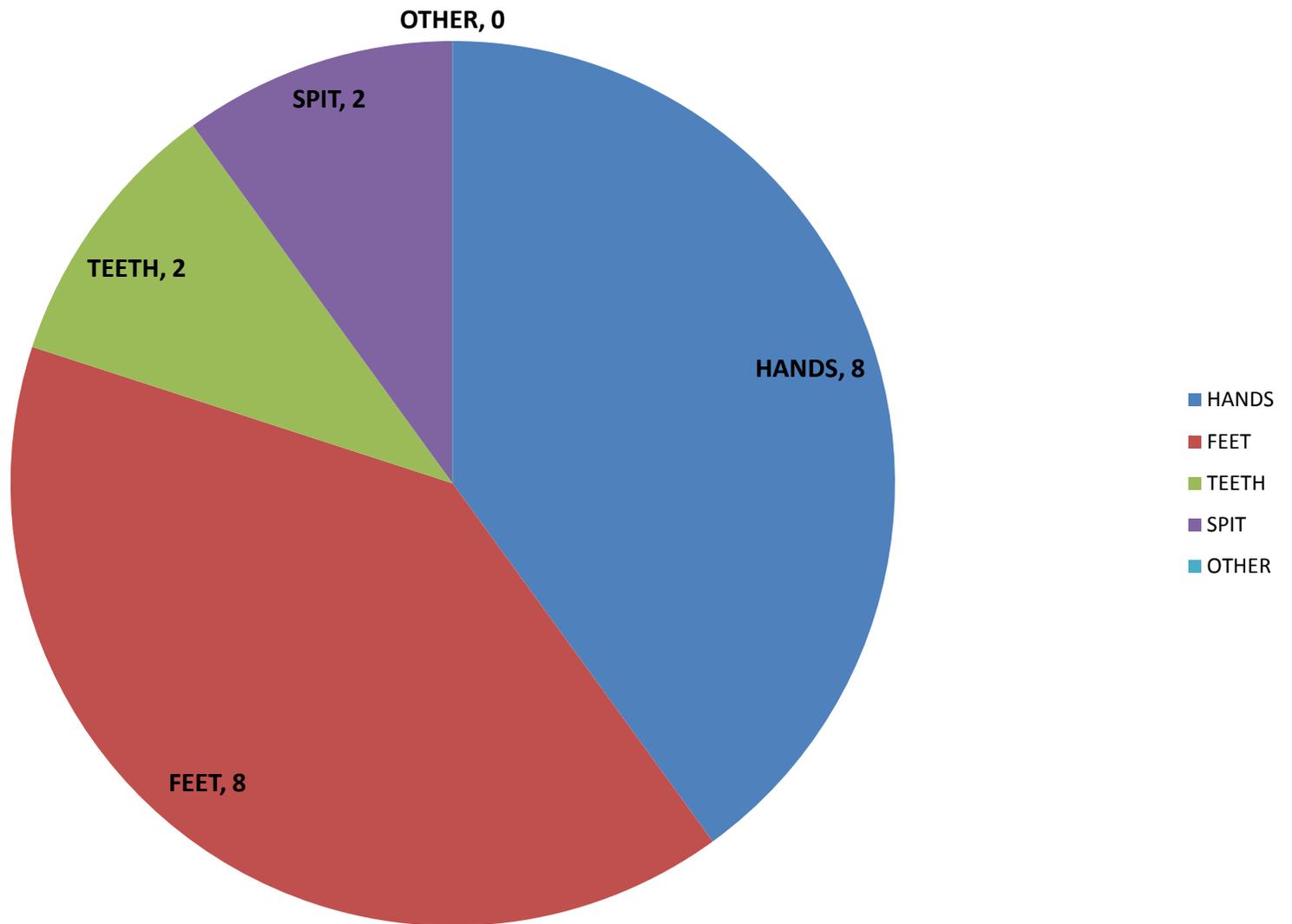
Firearm / Projectile Fired by Officer



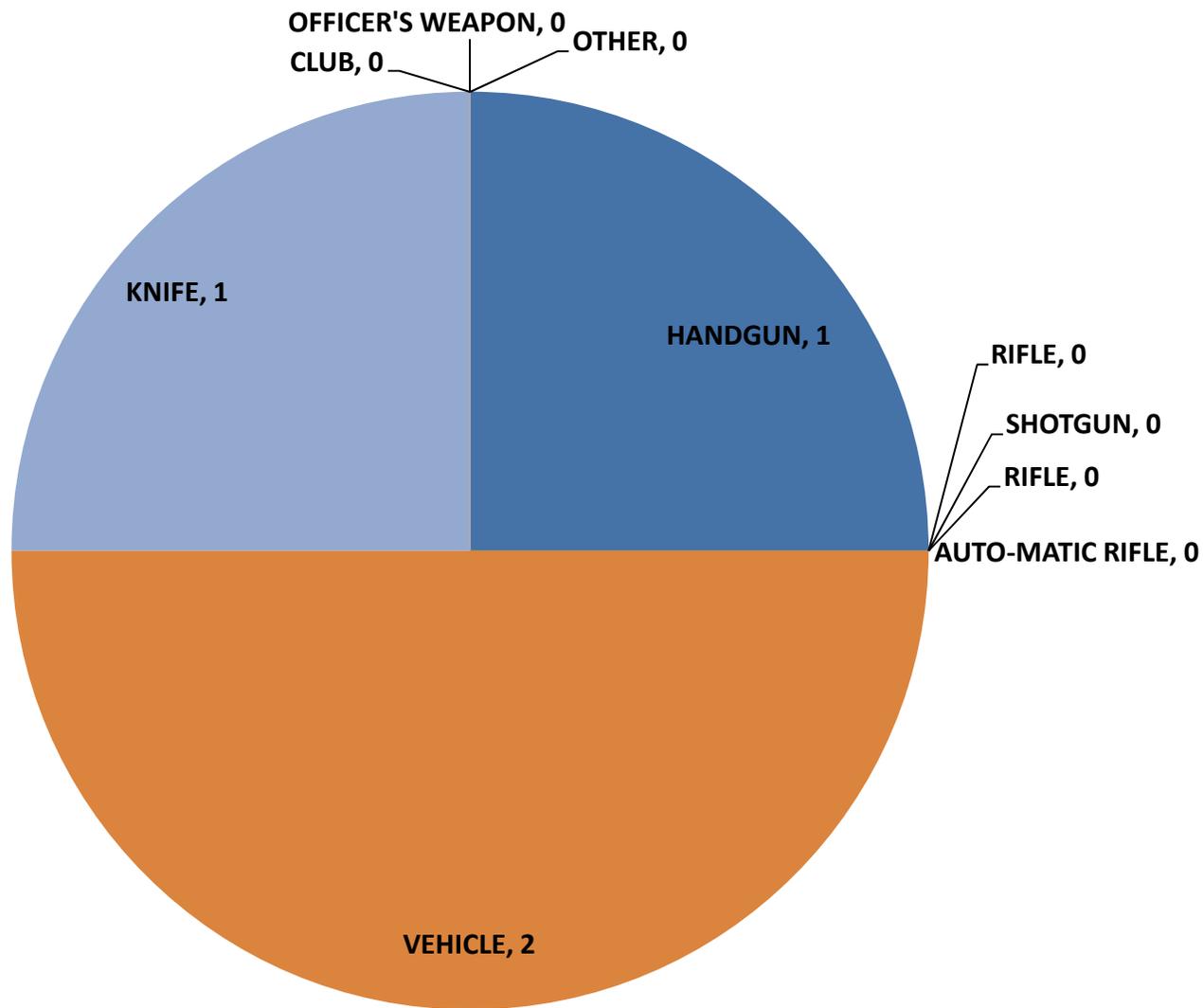
Use of Force Justification



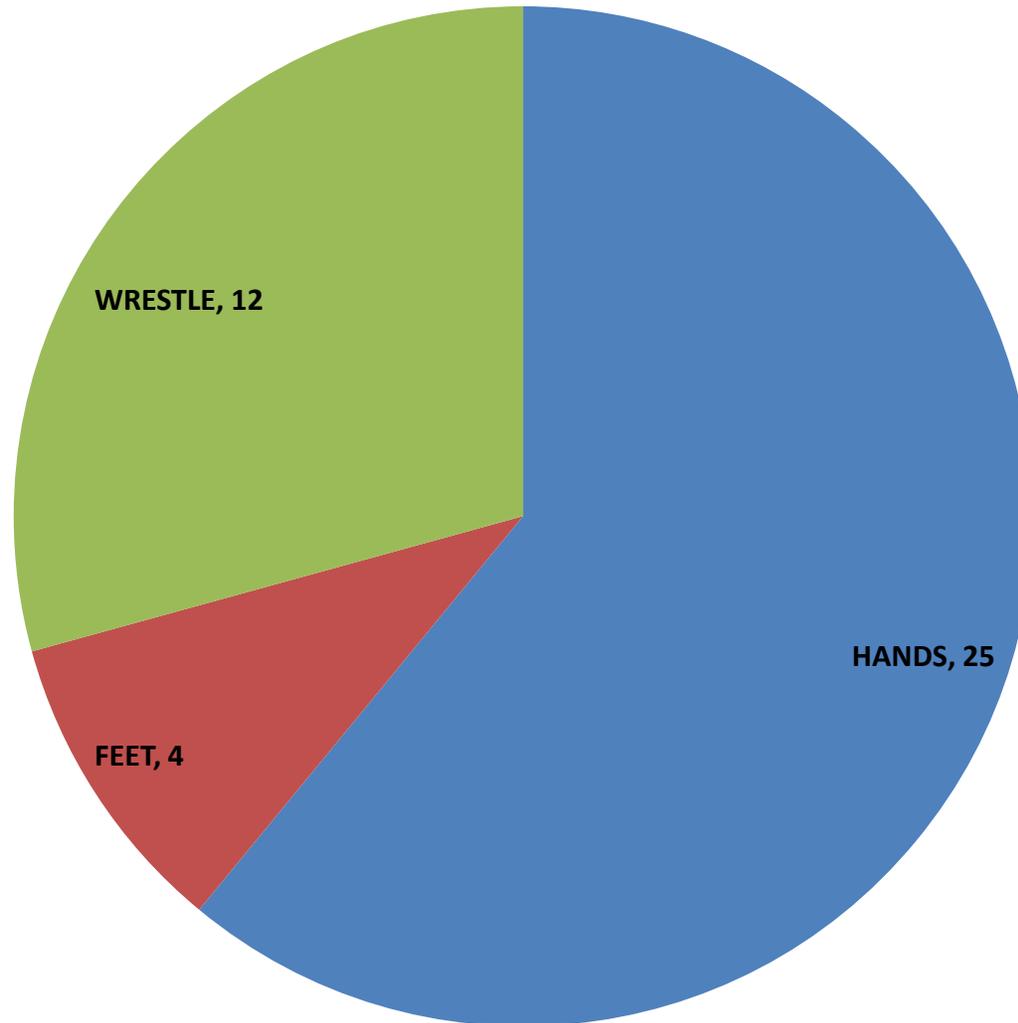
METHOD USED BY SUSPECT TO RESIST / ASSAULT OFFICERS



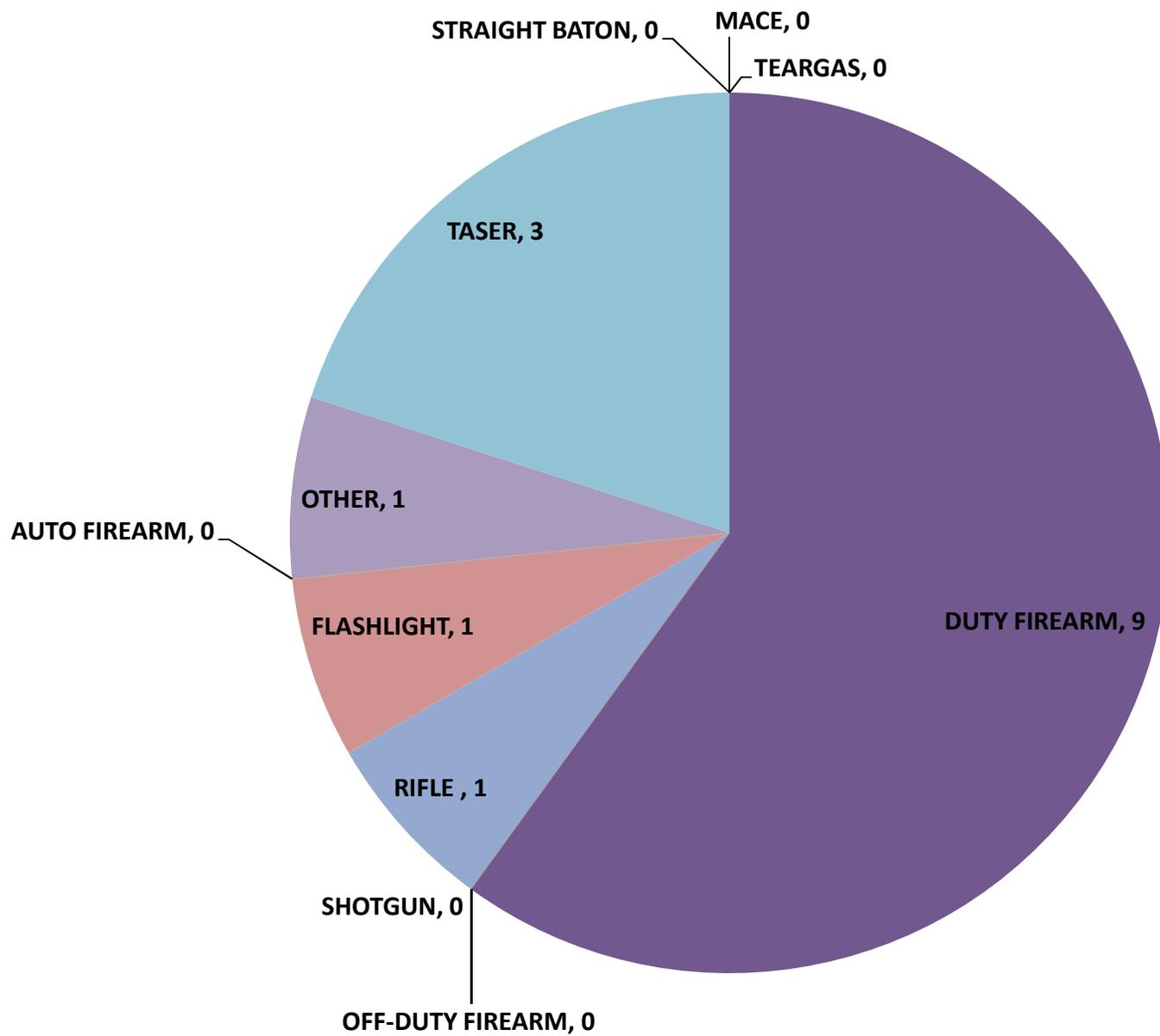
WEAPONS USED BY / IN POSSESSION OF WHEN FORCE WAS USED TO MAKE ARREST



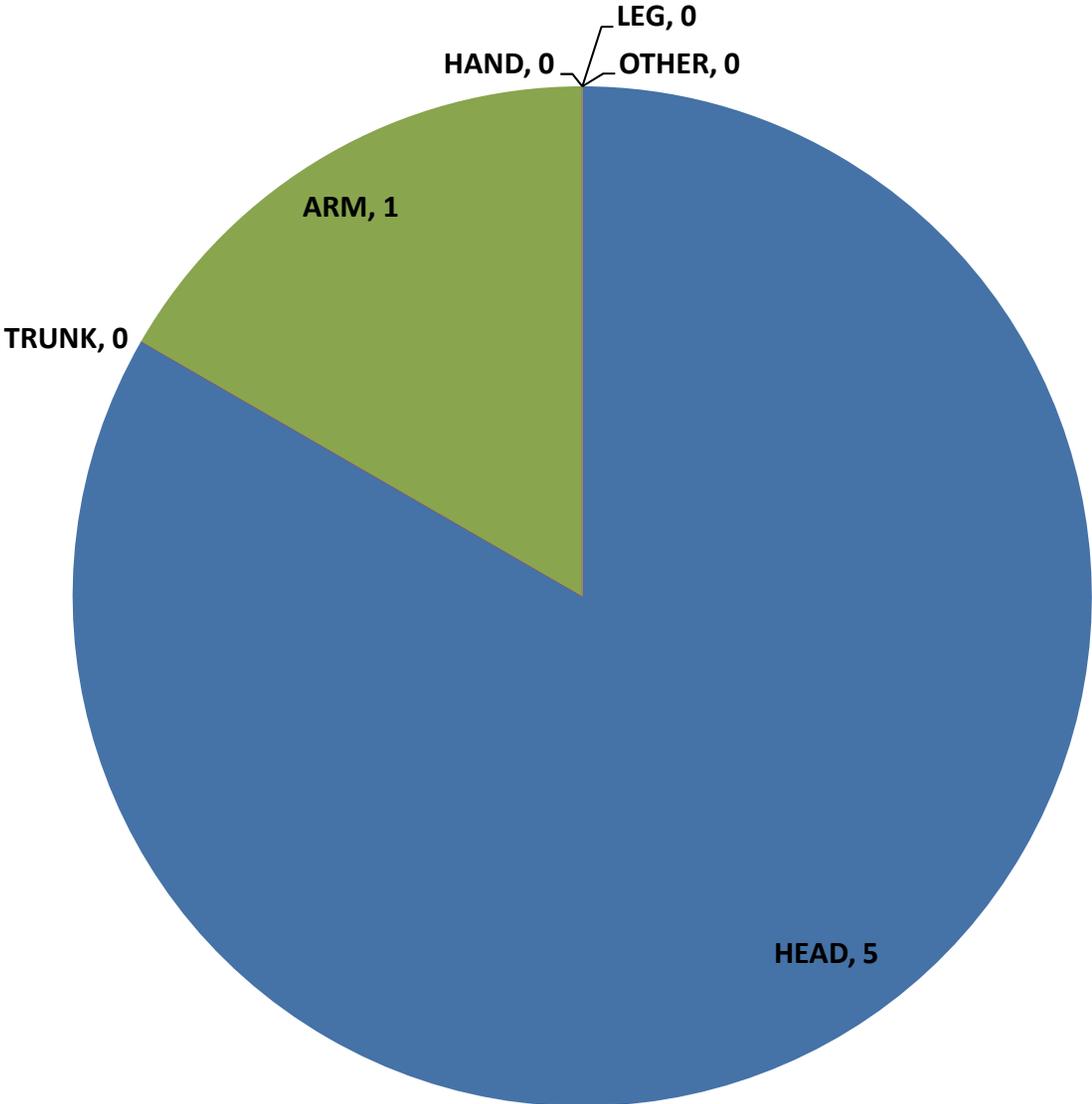
METHOD OFFICER USED TO SUBDUE SUSPECT



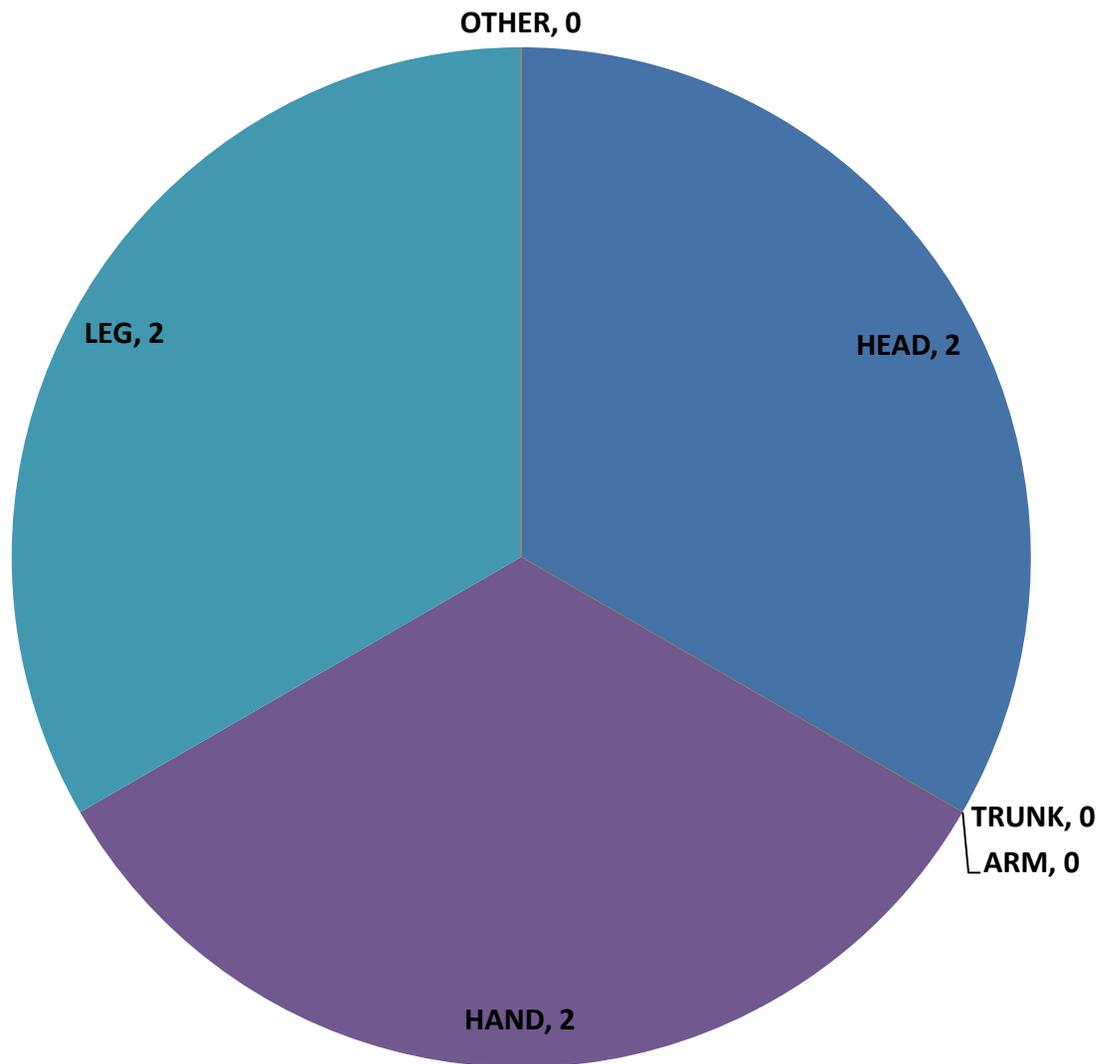
USE OF FORCE USED BY OFFICER TO EFFECT ARREST



INJURIES SUSTAINED BY SUSPECT



INJURIES SUSTAINED BY POLICE OFFICER



2009 RACIAL PROFILING REPORT

GENERAL

The Neosho Police Department reports to the state our vehicle stops, searches, arrests, and ethnic makeup of those stopped. These contacts are usually performed through traffic stops for traffic violations or investigatory stops. The Neosho Police Department has complied with the Racial Profiling law since its inception in 2000. The Missouri Attorney General's Office is required by statute to have the Racial Profiling Data release every year on **March 1st**. The department's report lags by one year because the previous year is not available from the Attorney General's Office to coincide with our yearly report to the City. In accordance with state law, all sworn police officers attend yearly training on racial profiling.

COMPARISONS

The overall report for both the Neosho Police Department and the statewide summary are attached to this report. Figure 1 shows a comparison of the disparity index and the search rates.

Statewide Summary vs. Neosho Racial Profiling Data							
Key Indicators	Total	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	Am. Indian	Other
State Disparity Index	N/A	.95	1.62	.81	.55	.17	.54
Neosho Disparity Index	N/A	1.03	.70	.96	.95	.12	.93
Difference	N/A	-0.08	0.92	-0.15	-0.4	0.05	-0.39
State Search Rate	6.75%	5.87%	10.30%	12.80%	2.69%	7.88%	4.21%
Neosho Search Rate	5.30%	4.59%	8.51%	15.74%	8.77%	0%	2.86%
Difference	1.45%	1.28%	1.79%	-2.94%	-6.08%	7.88%	1.35%

Figure 1

The above criteria are used by the state in its final analysis of racial profiling data.

CONCLUSION

The disparity index is the number of stops divided by the number of population in a specific ethnicity. Great than 1 indicates an over representation of an ethnic group stopped, equal to 1 is equal representation, and lower than one is an under representation. Our department's goal is not to have any disparity in the proportion of stops versus the proportion of an ethnic group. None of the major indexes show the Neosho Police Department with a disparity index greater than 1 with the exception of the majority ethnicity. In one notable area we are far superior to the state average, which was the number of traffic or investigatory stops

of the African American community. This continues our 5 year trend of reducing the disparity and the past two years we have been either at 1 or lower than 1 in our disparity index.

The search rate is the number of searches divided by the number of stops. Ideally, we would like to have all search rates equal the search rate of the majority culture. Comparatively, we are searching fewer cars than the statewide summary; however, we are searching more African American, Hispanic, and Asian ethnic groups at a greater rate than the majority culture. Our search rate for both the African American and Asian groups have been declining during the past five years. The exception to this has been the Hispanic ethnic group. This search rate has been steady during the same time period.

There are a couple of possibilities for the lack of reduction in the search rate for Hispanics. First, state law requires officers to verify all arrests and criminal investigations of persons believed to have migrated to the country illegally. Second, officers have difficulty with many of the Hispanic stops because of a language barrier. When an officer makes an arrest, he or she is often times unable to make contact with another person to remove the vehicle. In such incidents, the vehicle is towed and an inventory search in accordance to case law is performed by the officer.

Overall, the department is achieving its goal toward the reduction of the disparity rate and search rates for reported ethnic groups to equal the rates for the majority culture. We will continue our training in racial profiling, reporting our statistics to the state of Missouri, and monitoring of officer's activities during routine operations.

KEY INDICATORS	Total	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	Am. Indian	Other
Stops	3789	3354	47	197	114	7	70
Searches	201	154	4	31	10	0	2
Arrests	194	139	5	35	11	0	4
Statewide population %	N/A	83.54	10.71	2.50	1.51	0.51	1.23
Local population %	N/A	86.13	1.77	5.40	3.17	1.55	1.98
Disparity index	N/A	1.03	0.70	0.96	0.95	0.12	0.93
Search rate	5.30	4.59	8.51	15.74	8.77	0.00	2.86
Contraband hit rate	23.38	22.73	25.00	22.58	30.00	#Error	50.00
Arrest rate	5.12	4.14	10.64	17.77	9.65	0.00	5.71

Notes: Population figures are 2009 Census estimates for persons 16 years of age and older who designated a single race. Hispanics may be of any race. Other includes persons of mixed race and unknown race.

Disparity index = (proportion of stops / proportion of population). A value of 1 represents no disparity; values greater than 1 indicate over-representation, values less than 1 indicate under-representation.

Search rate = (searches / stops) X 100.

Contraband hit rate = (searches with contraband found / total searches) X 100.

Arrest rate = (arrests / stops) X 100.

#Error indicates zero denominator.

VEHICLE STOP STATS		Total	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	Am. Indian	Other
Reason for stop	Moving	2072	1829	25	122	56	4	36
	Equipment	738	662	10	24	25	1	16
	License	965	853	12	50	30	2	18
	Investigative	14	10	0	1	3	0	0
Stop outcome	Citation	1716	1452	20	133	70	3	38
	Warning	2543	2292	33	108	74	4	32
	No action	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Location of stop	Interstate hwy	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	US hwy	366	320	2	26	8	0	10
	State hwy	1703	1522	19	93	47	2	20
	County road	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
	City street	1709	1504	26	77	57	5	40
	Other	10	7	0	1	2	0	0
Driver gender	Male	2224	1918	32	143	80	5	46
	Female	1565	1436	15	54	34	2	24
Driver age	17 and under	299	239	2	15	13	0	30
	18-29	1451	1261	18	109	43	3	17
	30-39	718	615	12	48	31	1	11
	40 and over	1321	1239	15	25	27	3	12

Neosho Police Dept.: page 2

SEARCH STATS		Total	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	Am. Indian	Other
Probable cause/ authority to search	Consent	30	27	3	0	0	0	0
	Inventory	6	4	1	1	0	0	0
	Drug/alcohol odor	22	19	1	2	0	0	0
	Incident to arrest	175	126	3	30	12	0	4
	Plain view contraband	6	4	0	1	1	0	0
	Reasonable suspicion-weapon	3	3	0	0	0	0	0
	Drug-dog alert	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Other	3	2	0	1	0	0	0
What searched	Driver	58	46	1	6	4	0	1
	Car/property	24	19	1	3	1	0	0
	Driver & Property	119	89	2	22	5	0	1
Search duration	0-15 minutes	194	149	2	31	10	0	2
	16-30 minutes	7	5	2	0	0	0	0
	31+ minutes	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Contra- band found	Drugs/alcohol	44	32	1	7	3	0	1
	Currency	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Weapon	3	3	0	0	0	0	0
	Stolen property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Other	2	2	0	0	0	0	0
Arrest charge	Outstanding warrant	59	44	3	3	6	0	3
	Drug violation	11	10	1	0	0	0	0
	Resist arrest	3	3	0	0	0	0	0
	Off. against person	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
	Traffic Violation	65	48	2	15	0	0	0
	DWI/BAC	105	77	0	21	6	0	1
	Property offense	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Other	20	11	0	9	0	0	0

Agency response

RACIAL PROFILING DATA/2009
STATEWIDE SUMMARY OF ALL STOPS

Table 1. 2009 statewide summary of results

Key Indicators	Total	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	Am. Indian	Other
Population	4,696,178	3,922,991	503,165	117,483	70,913	23,884	57,742
Stops	1,715,792	1,356,039	297,828	34,766	14,342	1,522	11,295
Searches	115,777	79,655	30,690	4,450	386	120	476
Arrests	84,309	58,073	22,494	3,087	253	88	314
Statewide population %	100%	83.54%	10.71%	2.50%	1.51%	.51%	1.23%
Disparity index	- - -	.95	1.62	.81	.55	.17	.54
Search rate	6.75%	5.87%	10.30%	12.80%	2.69%	7.88%	4.21%
Contraband hit rate	20.75%	22.56%	17.22%	13.42%	14.25%	22.50%	18.28%
Arrest rate	4.91%	4.28%	7.55%	8.88%	1.76%	5.78%	2.78%

Notes: Population figures are 2009 census estimates for persons 16 and older who designated a single race. Hispanics may be of any race. Other includes persons of mixed race and unknown race.

Disparity index = (proportion of stops / proportion of population). A value of 1 represents no disparity; values greater than 1 indicate over-representation, values less than 1 indicate under-representation.

Search rate = (searches / stops) X 100.

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Arrest rate = (arrests / stops) X 100.